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Support to the implementation of the Strategic Research Agenda (SRA) of the Joint Programming Initiative on Cultural Heritage and Global Change (JPI CH)

Instrument: Coordination and Support Action

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Updated mapping on national research programmes

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 Coordination and Support Action within Horizon 2020 (2014-2020)

 Dissemination Level

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Preface

Cultural Heritage is a unique and irreplaceable European asset reflecting our identity, inspiring people and acting as a powerful economic driver. To support Cultural Heritage researchers, owners, users and practitioners, a joint effort is needed to foster creative networks and disseminate research-based knowledge to promote the sustainable use and management of Cultural Heritage and thereby meet societal challenges. The Joint Programming Initiative on Cultural Heritage (JPICH) is enabling this shared effort.

In the context of the Strategic Research Agenda (SRA), an important focus of the JPICH is to contribute to the coordination, structuring and prioritization of science policies related to Cultural Heritage and thus foster the alignment process at European, national and regional levels. For that, the mapping of national and regional research programmes and activities relevant to Cultural Heritage, contributes to identifying governance, organization, policy initiatives and instruments.

1. Scope and aims of Work package 1 task 1.1.

Task 1.1 is a part of WP1 - Alignment of national research programmes and activities with JPI cultural heritage of CSA-JHEP2 (2016-2019), for which the Spanish Ministry of Economy and Competitiveness (MINECO) is the WP leader.

Aim of WP 1 is to promote the implementation of alignment of national and regional research programmes and activities on Cultural Heritage among Participants, through the SRA. A mapping of the key national strategies and research programmes applied to the protection of *tangible* cultural heritage and an assessment of synergies between the national programmes of participants in terms of engagement, financial issues and evaluation procedures were achieved in the ERA-NET Net-Heritage¹ in 2010. Since then, the landscape has evolved, the scope of JPICH has broadened including tangible, intangible and digital heritage, new countries have joined and common actions have been implemented, amongst which the Pilot call (2013) and in 2014 the Heritage Plus call, the last being an ERA-NET plus action funded by the EC under FP7.

In this WP conclusions will be drawn on the state of play concerning alignment of programmes and activities and recommendations for future actions will be setup to the management group.

The DOA of the GA states that :

Task 1.1. Overview on policies and instruments

On the basis of the JPICH SRA and Action Programme, each Participant will produce a schema summarizing the state of art of national programmes on Cultural Heritage in terms of national research organization, research topics and instruments. It will cover the entire landscape of relevant programmes and hosting/funding institutions. All this input will be based on a template that is previously prepared and distributed to all by the Task Leader. The TL will then prepare a mapping of national research programmes (Deliverable 1.1). The impact of the JPICH activities on the evolution of alignment of national programmes since Net-Heritage will be evaluated.

The information obtained within Task 1.1 will serve as input for Task 1.2 Best practices for which Research Council of Norway (RCN) is the task leader.

The questionnaire constructed in WP1 of *Net-Heritage* aimed at collecting information on the strategies governing the cultural heritage sector, on the strategies governing the scientific sector AND the link between the two sectors. They wanted specifically to see how both strategies could influence the exist ence and the

¹ EUROPEAN NETWORK ON RESEARCH PROGRAMME APPLIED TO THE PROTECTION OF TANGIBLE CULTURAL HERITAGE, Project no. SPI-CT-2008-219301-NET-HERITAGE

structure of research programmes on Tangible Cultural Heritage (TCH).

Within WP1 of *JHEP2*, the information system constructed in the form of the on-line questionnaire, commonly setup with BELSPO, RCN and MINECO, on the state-of-the art of regional and national research strategies, programmes and projects applied to Cultural Heritage aims:

1. to get an overview on the current research strategies, policies, programmes and projects applied to Cultural Heritage in all its forms

2. to collect information on the management structures, financing mechanisms, selection and evaluation procedures of research programmes

3. to collect information about alignment

It was chosen to construct the questionnaire relevant to obtain an overview on policies and instruments (task 1.1, points 1 and 2) as well as on the aspects related to the state of the art, the progress, bottlenecks and potentialities of alignment (task 1.2, point 3). The content of the questionnaire was based on that constructed within Net-Heritage, the information available at ERALEARN2020 and common discussions with RCN and MINECO. Prior to diffusing the questionnaire, a test phase was launched at which BELSPO, RCN, MINECO and Swedish Research Council participated enabling a refinement of its content and structure.

The electronic questionnaire was circulated within participants of JHEP2, JPI CH partners and observers. The information collected through the questionnaire and systematically stored in the information system serves as input to identify best practices, relevant to Task 1.2, and was handed over to the task leader of Task 1.2.

It is worth noting that all countries participating to the questionnaire returned outstanding and extensive material. The leaders of task 1.1, task 1.2 and work package 1 hereby wish to warmly thank them for their outstanding effort.

2. Questionnaire on the state of the art of regional and national research strategies, programmes and projects applied to Cultural Heritage.

2.1 Identifying strategies and implementation bodies

2.1.1 Inventory of strategies applied to CH

Cultural heritage is without any doubt an important aspect for everyone as it captures the memory of the past. Preserving the past is therefore an important element for governments developing strategies to ensure priorities and conditions for preserving this heritage.

Regional and national scientific communities were asked to bring their scientific knowledge related to the preservation, valorization and management of cultural heritage, materialized in the form of research programmes (either specific or thematic embedded in larger research programmes) specifically aimed at cultural heritage.

Cultural heritage exists in tangible, intangible and digital forms. Following definitions were added at the beginning of the questionnaire:

Tangible heritage includes artefacts (for example, objects, paintings, archaeological finds etc), buildings, structures, landscapes, cities, and towns including industrial, underwater and archaeological sites. It includes their location, relationship to the natural environ ment and the materials from which all these are made, from prehistoric rock to cutting edge plastics and electronic products.

Intangible heritage includes the practices, representations, expressions, memories, knowledge and skills that communities, groups and individuals construct, use and transmit from generation to generation.

Digital heritage includes texts, databases, still and moving images, audio, graphics, software and web pages. Some of this digital heritage is created from the scanning or converting of physical objects that already exist and some is created digitally, or 'born digital'.

As the questionnaire constructed within *Net-Heritage* only addressed the Tangible Cultural Heritage, the results of both questionnaires might differ. Another point to be raised here is related to the participating countries: not all countries participating in Net-Heritage are participating within JHEP2/JPI CH and vice versa.

The questionnaire was launched on the 1st of May 2016 and remained open to participants receiving a specific url till 9 September 2016. The results of the entire questionnaire on the state of the art of regional and

national research strategies, programmes and projects applied to Cultural Heritage (CH) (WP1 of JHEP2) are added as ANNEX I to this deliverable.

2.1.2 Research strategies in the field of CH - Net-Heritage vs JHEP2

Table 1 of ANNEX II gives an overview on the inventory of strategies and implementation bodies obtained within Net-Heritage and JHEP2.

A concise comparison related to the research strategy dedicated to CH between 2009 (Net-Heritage) and 2016 is quite challenging, even impossible, for reasons of differences in countries participating at both questionnaires, their different aim and a different scope of CH addressed. However, some trends can be formulated: in 2016 all 14 countries (Cyprus, Czech Republic, France, Italy, Lithuania, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, The Netherlands and United Kingdom) replied having a research strategy that also applies to CH. Some of them have specific programmes dedicated to CH (e.g. Italy and Spain) while in other countries CH is imbedded in a broader scope ("Science, Technology and Innovation (Portugal², Spain); SMART research strategy (Slovakia); Programmes focused on Research, Development and/or Innovation (Lithuania, Romania, Poland)). While in 2009 some countries mentioned not having a research strategy in the field of TCH (Germany, Iceland and UK), this was not the case for the countries participating in the questionnaire in 2016 dedicated to tangible, intangible and digital heritage. A remarkable shift is noticed for 2 countries out of 6 that participated at the mapping exercise of both Net-Heritage and JHEP2, United Kingdom and Spain. United Kingdom has since Net-Heritage moved towards a research strategy dedicated to CH and Spain is now having a National Plan for Research in Conservation of CH (PNIC), while in 2009 TCH was embedded in one of the ten key sectors falling under "Construction, planning and CH".

Structures/institutions in charge of the implementation of the research strategy are <u>public bodies or agencies</u>: ministries (Italy, Lithuania, Norway, Poland); national and ministerial Grant agencies (Czech Republic and Slovakia); a group of scientists appointed by the ministry (France); National Heritage Board (Sweden); Research Council (United Kingdom) and National bodies for R&I (Romania).

Similarly, owners of research programmes are <u>public bodies or agencies</u>: a ministry (of Culture; of Science and Higher Education; of Education, Culture and Science; of Education, Science, Research and Sports; ...), a National Research Council, Arts and Humanities Research Council, National Authority for Scientific Research and Innovation, National Heritage Board, National Agency for Research, National Research Promotion Foundation for Science and Technology... who are generally also responsible for their management.

² Although Portugal replied in the questionnaire not having a research strategy which also applies to CH, the comment mentions "FCT strategy points to the support of science, technology and innovation, in all scientific and technological domains; this strategy also applies to CH".

2.1.3 CH priorities of the research strategies

The CH-priorities vary from 'no real priority', to global aspects (environmental threats) to very focused items (e.g. built environment). More specifically:

<u>France</u> and <u>Portugal</u> have no specific CH priorities. This also applies to <u>Poland</u> that is supporting research to Polish CH.

The <u>Spanish</u> strategy on Science, Technology and Innovation 2013-2020 is rather general, having an overall goal to promote scientific, technological and business leadership and to increase the capacities for innovation of Spanish society and economy, recognizing 4 general objectives which are as such aligned to the H2020 strategy:

- 1) Recognition and promotion of talent in RDI and its employ ability
- 2) Promotion of scientific and technical research of excellence
- 3) Promotion of business leadership in RDI; and,
- 4) Promotion of RDI activities addressing global societal challenges.

The National Plan for Research in Conservation of CH (PNIC) is a strategic plan put forward as management tool related to the conservation of CH, aiming at creating knowledge applied to (preventive) conservation through interdisciplinary programmes and projects.

Also <u>Italy</u> integrates Horizon 2020 priorities within PNR (NRP - National Research Programme) and adapts them to national and regional priorities. The aim is to increase its societal and industrial impact. Within PON (NOP - National Operative Programme), the priority is to enhance R&D infrastructures and excellence.

<u>Cyprus</u>' priorities are object related on one hand, 'Built Environment - Construction Industry' which includes 'Cultural Heritage Buildings' and more global on the other hand 'Sustainable Growth including Cultural Heritage'.

Some East European countries have priorities defined as research areas/topics that in a certain way are aligned to each other, such as "Active protection of the cultural heritage and Reception of cultural heritage as a tool of national self-awareness and state representation" of <u>Czech republic</u>; the last priority is also included in the "National Progress Strategy '<u>Lithuania</u> 2030' which is focused on the need "to develop cultural and political awareness in Lithuania". Besides that, Lithuania's "Programme Digital Cultural Heritage Actualization and Preservation 2015–2020" focusses on digitalization of heritage and preservation of digital heritage. <u>Romania</u> and <u>Slovakia</u> their focus is also quite aligned to each other, respectively "Heritage and cultural

identity" and "Perception, value and identity with CH"

This thematic alignment with respect to the topic related on "values and identity of cultural heritage" also applies to <u>United Kingdom</u> who describes the focus of the strategy in terms of 8 research areas:

- 1) Values and cultural heritage;
- 2) Community engagement with heritage;
- 3) Sustainable management of cultural heritage;
- 4) Innovative use and re-use of heritage;
- 5) Intangible, emerging, hidden and contested heritages;
- 6) Changing Heritage Economies;
- 7) Heritage and conflict;
- 8) Global heritages and international development.

UK's Programme Heritage2020 has five key themes:

- 1) discovery, identification and understanding;
- 2) constructive conservation and sustainable management;
- 3) public engagement;
- 4) capacity building; and
- 5) advocacy.

Sweden's programme has four main themes, of which the first is also focused on sustainable management:

- 1) Sustainable management including conservation
- 2) Cultural heritage and sustainable development;
- 3) Cooperation and dialogue; and,
- 4) Conditions for cultural heritage work.

The Netherlands' research priorities are:

- 1) conservation science and arts;
- 2) digital heritage;
- 3) smart culture; and,

4) changing environments

Hence in alignment to the research areas defined within WP2 "Implementation of other joint activities including joint calls", of JHEP2, more specific task 2.1" Joint calls".

<u>The research programme of Norway</u> is focused on a better comprehension of the interplay between climate change and other environmental impact factors, and new knowledge about how different environmental and climate measures can support each other.

2.1.4 Money spent in total on CH research

Those countries that could reply the question 'How much (official) money is spent in total on cultural heritage research on regional/national level in mill euros?', mention that this varies from 1 M€ (Slovakia), 1.7 M€ (Spain), 5.4-5.6 M€ (Norway and Sweden) to 8.5 M€ (UK) and 20 M€ (Poland). However, this data are incomplete due to lack of answer from some countries, and comparison is not possible due to different funding schemes used by the different countries (see section 3.1 below)

2.2 Research programmes and/or other relevant funding mechanisms for Cultural Heritage research characteristics and key funding instruments

2.2.1 General

This section is about research programmes or part of programmes or other research funding mechanisms with calls dedicated to research in the field of CH.

Research programmes and/or other relevant research funding mechanisms are instruments which have plans for research, organize calls, process applications and manage projects.

Such programmes and/or other research funding mechanisms are open for all eligible institutions within a country and have definite rules for the submission, handling and scientific assessment of proposals and the management of projects.

In what follows, the term 'programmes' covers both research programmes and other relevant funding mechanisms for Cultural Heritage research.

2.2.2 Inventory of key funding mechanisms

As stated before, owners of research programmes are public bodies or agencies, such as a ministry (of Culture; of Science and Higher Education; of Education, Culture and Science; of Education, Science, Research and Sports...), a National Research Council, Arts and Humanities Research Council, National Authority for Scientific Research and Innovation, National Heritage Board, National Agency for Research, National Research Promotion Foundation, Foundation for Science and Technology ... who are generally also responsible for their management.

The questionnaire contains extensive information on schemes aimed at funding research on CH. *Table 2 of ANNEX II* gives an overview of these mechanisms.

As shown in the table below, we can identify for the 14 participating countries 46 research programmes in which the thematic of CH is present, either as the main focus (D, in 32 cases) or as part of a larger research programme (in the remaining 14 cases). It is worth noticing that within Net-Heritage, involving 14 countries, 12 research programmes in which the thematic of Tangible CH is present were identified of which 3 (25%) as the main focus. Again, although a clear comparison is impossible as stated earlier, this is an encouraging outcome and it shows clearly that cultural heritage research receives much attention in the participating countries of JHEP2/JPICH.

Number of regional/national research programmes	country
1	France Lithuania Poland Portugal Romania
2	Slovakia Cyprus Czech Republic
4	Norway Spain Sweden
7	United Kingdom
8	Italy
9	The Netherlands

A further extending positive outcome is related to the results on the question 'Is the programme aligned to or influenced by other national or international programmes or initiatives within CH? H2020, JPICH, please give comments'. The number of programmes that is aligned to H2020 on one hand and JPICH, potentially via the SRA, on the other hand is remarkable. <u>7 of the 14 participating countries (50%) mention an alignment to JPICH in at least one of their research programmes while 9 countries mention an alignment to H2020, further illustrating the global European context of them.</u>

Related to the question 'Describe the time frame of the call', an outstanding result is obtained for Cyprus stating "one call per year per JPI/ERANET", which as such proves an alignment with Joint programming initiatives. The remaining results are variable from "continuous call" to "annual" or related to a specific period (e.g. 2014-2023).

In terms of budget, more specific answers related to the question 'what is the annual budget for CH research in the programme?' it is difficult at this stage to have an accurate amount. The information is either not given or pertains to the overall research programme instead of the thematic of CH. Anyway, related to the available information of budget allocated yearly to CH in a research programme, varying from less than 0.1 to 14 M€ (figure 1), we can notice that Czech republic, Poland and Italy are major players in that respect while for the remaining countries the budget is more modest.

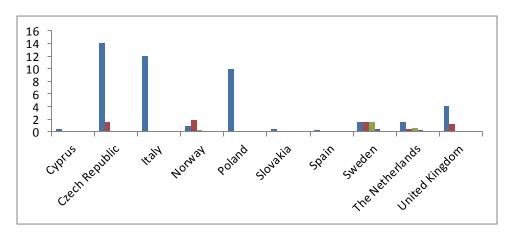


Figure 1: annual budget for CH in research programmes (M€).

Programmes, generally published on the website of programme owners, are available in English in Cyprus, France, Norway, Portugal, Slovakia and United Kingdom; partly available in English (Sweden, 1 out of 4; The Netherlands, 4 out of 9); or not available in English (Lithuania, Spain, Italy (7 out of 8) and Poland).

3. Analysis of the management of research programmes applied to Cultural Heritage

3.1 Commissioning of projects.

Once the programme is defined, projects can be commissioned. *Table 3 of ANNEX II* gives an insight of the way projects are commissioned within each of the programmes.

Recognized research institutions or organisations, universities, SME's and public bodies are eligible to respond to a call, for which 17 out of 46 research programmes have a fixed timing. 90% of the procedure of application is of a "one step" type.

Amongst the 46 research programmes, a cooperation with a stakeholder is not requested for 20 of them, while for the remaining 26 this is requested or even required. This confirms a more focused orientation towards "problem solving" of potential research projects enabling to maximally meet societal challenges as requested by the EC through H2020.

Only 6.5 % of the research programmes do not have a formal structure for application in the form of an application form. Related to the language, in 16 out of 46 research programmes proposals cannot be submitted in English while some countries oblige a proposal submission in English (Cyprus, Norway, partly The Netherlands and of course United Kingdom).

International cooperation is for 30 out of the 46 research programmes not requested nor required while in the remaining 16 it is considered as an added value or among the evaluation criteria. In 18 out of 46 research programmes, international partners can be funded, sometimes despite that an international collaboration is not required nor requested, and this according to regional or national rules.

The cost per research project varies from 50 to 1200 k€ (figure 2), the last applies for Norwegian research projects dedicated to CH.

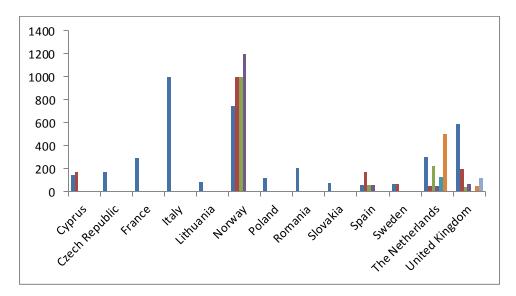


Figure 2: average budget per research project (k€).

Generally full costs are covered while for some countries marginal costs (UK (6 out of 7); Spain (3 out of 4); France and The Netherlands (1 out of 9)).

3.2 Evaluation of projects

In this section, we will describe the way projects are evaluated: ex-ante and during their course. *Table 4 of ANNEX II* gives an insight of the way projects are evaluated within each of the programmes. Except for Spain , Lithuania, Poland, Slovakia and Italy, full proposals are in general evaluated by external national and international experts of which the majority is from universities, research institutions and the government. Again, Cyprus seems a good pupil in terms of alignment with procedures of international projects/initiatives as they mention "according to JPI/ERANET/Art185".

In the questionnaire 10 evaluation criteria were listed:

- Scientific excellence
- Scientific expertise of the research group
- Complementarity research group
- Multidisciplinary approach of the project
- Project management
- Resource management
- Societal value/expected impact
- International cooperation
- Dissemination and communication plan
- Relevance to the call

Although not all these criteria are applied by the programme managers of the countries participating to the questionnaire, an attempt is done towards an average weight of them per country (*table 5 of ANNEX II* and figure 3).

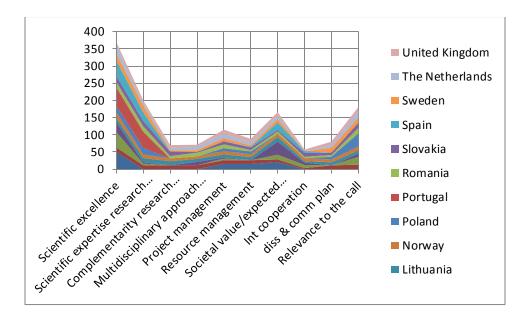


Figure 3: average cumulative weight per country of ex-ante evaluation criteria.

On average, "scientific excellence" exerts the highest impact on the evaluation process of research proposals followed by "scientific expertise of the research group". However, "International cooperation" has the lowest weight in the ranking process of research proposals.

Regarding the question whether "the payments are subject to the approval of mid-term reports", 38 out of 46 research programmes mention "yes", the remaining 8 are related to research programmes from UK (5), NL (2) and Italy (1). Progress reports are generally evaluated by internal experts.

4. Conclusions

This deliverable presents the results of the questionnaire related to mapping of regional and national research programmes within the field of CH for which JHEP2/JPI CH partners and observers have delivered rich information. The material presented in these pages, extracted from the on-line questionnaire, is precious in the sense that in a certain way it gives an update of existing research programmes in the field of tangible, intangible and digital heritage.

The results have shown that remarkable progresses are achieved the last 6 years related to the research strategy dedicated to Cultural Heritage as well as alignment with JPICH and/or H2020.

While in 2009 some countries mentioned not having a research strategy in the field of TCH (Germany, Iceland and UK), this was not the case for the countries participating in the questionnaire in 2016. A remarkable shift is noticed for United Kingdom which has moved towards a research strategy dedicated to CH and Spain having a National Plan for Research in Conservation of CH (PNIC), while in 2009 TCH was embedded in one of the ten key sectors falling under "Construction, planning and CH".

We could identify for the 14 participating countries 46 research programmes in which the thematic of CH is present, of which 70 % as the main focus while the remaining 30% as part of a larger research programme. It is worth noticing that within Net-Heritage, also involving 14 countries of which 6 also participated to the questionnaire launched within JHEP2, 12 research programmes in which the thematic of Tangible CH is present were identified. Only three of them (25%) had tangible cultural heritage as a main focus of the research programme. Although a clear comparison is impossible, this is an encouraging outcome clearly indicating that cultural heritage research receives much attention in the participating countries of JHEP2/JPI CH.

A further extending positive result is related to the aspect of alignment/influences: the number of programmes that are aligned to H2020 on one hand and JPICH, potentially via the SRA, on the other hand is remarkable. 7 of the 14 participating countries (50%) mention an alignment to JPICH in at least one of their research programmes while 9 countries mention an alignment to H2020, further illustrating the global European context of them.

Related to the question "describe the time frame of the call", an outstanding result is obtained for Cyprus stating "one call per year per JPI/ERANET", which as such proves an alignment with Joint programming initiatives.

This deliverable dedicated to an update of the mapping of regional and national research programmes proves

the progress made in terms of alignment amongst regional/national research programmes on one hand and alignment of regional/national research programmes to JPI CH through the SRA and/or H2020 on the other hand. Amongst regional/national programmes, tendencies of thematic alignment in terms of research priorities or programme focus can be noticed that are sometimes geographically influenced.

The results serve as input for task 1.2 "Best Practices" in which the aspects related to alignment, in terms of further progress, bottlenecks and future potentialities, will be worked out (Deliverable 1.2) as well as 1.3 "Engagement with decision makers" aiming at setting up a strategy enabling a dial ogue with programme owners to foster a further engagement in terms of alignment and further commitments.

Abbreviations

SRA= Strategic Research Agenda TCH= Tangible Cultural Heritage CH= Cultural Heritage





ANNEX I

Questionnaire results

JPI Cultural Heritage: Questionnaire on the state-of-the art of regional and national research strategies, programmes and projects applied to Cultural Heritage

This questionnaire is presented in order:

- 1. to get an overview on the current research strategies, policies, programmes and projects applied to Cultural Heritage in all its forms (A)
- 2. to collect information on the management structures, financing mechanisms, selection and evaluation procedures of research programmes (B-E)
- 3. to collect information about alignment (F-H)

1 and 2 refer to CSA2 - JHEP2 – WP1 task 1.1 "Overview on policies and instruments" and 3 is related to WP1, task 1.2 "Best practice".

Definition: Cultural heritage exists in tangible, intangible and digital forms.

Tangible heritage includes artefacts (for example, objects, paintings, archaeological finds etc.), buildings, structures, landscapes, cities, and towns including industrial, underwater and archaeological sites. It includes their location, relationship to the natural environment and the materials from which all these are made, from prehistoric rock to cutting edge plastics and electronic products.

Intangible heritage includes the practices, representations, expressions, memories, knowledge and skills that communities, groups and individuals construct, use and transmit from generation to generation.

Digital heritage includes texts, databases, still and moving images, audio, graphics, software and web pages. Some of this digital heritage is created from the scanning or converting of physical objects that already exist and some is created digitally, or 'born digital'.

The results of the questionnaire were received after having forwarded a specific url to the participating countries. The number attributed to a country has no meaning and is purely arbitrary. We have chosen to leave in the code to respect the input of the authentic data registered by the owner (KIK-IRPA).

A. Identifying strategies and implementation bodies

General:

This part is to obtain information on

- existing strategies on research applied to Cultural Heritage and
- to identify structures of implementation

If an electronic version exists, please add a link to the website: Url.:

czechrepublic-398:http://www.msmt.cz/vyzkum-a-vyvoj/narodni-priority-orientovaneho-vyzkumu-experimentalniho france-475:http://www.agence-nationale-recherche.fr/fileadmin/aap/2016/ANR-Plan-Action-2016.pdf poland-459:http://www.nauka.gov.pl/projekty-i-inicjatywy/narodowy-program-rozwoju-humanistyki.html; http://www.nauka.gov.pl/narodowy-program-rozwoju-humanistyki/ romania-233:http://www.research.ro/ro/articol/3978/politica-cdi-strategia-nationala-de-cercetare-dezvoltare-si-inovare-2014-2020

spain-420:http://icono.fecyt.es/informesypublicaciones/Documents/Spanish_Strategy_Science_Technology.pdf sweden-589:http://www.raa.se/app/uploads/2016/05/Riksantikvarieämbetets-FoU-program-2017-2021.pdf unitedkingdom-661:http://www.ahrc.ac.uk/documents/strategy/heritage-strategy-2016/).

Questions:

		Please comment
Is there a	cvprus-235:Yes	cyprus-235: There is the Smart Specialization Strategy for Cyprus.
national/federal/regi	czechrepublic-	czechrepublic-398:Rather than strategy the national priorities are declared
onal strategy on	398 :Yes	france-475: National strategy, called SNR (Stratégie Nationale de la Recheche)
research which also	france-207 :Yes	
		defined by the ministrip for education and scientific research
applies to CH?	france-475:Yes	(http://www.enseignementsup-recherche.gouv.fr/pid24538/strategie-nationale-
	italy-856:Yes	de-recherche-s.n.r.html)as a broad tapestry. Stategic plan for the ANR, defined
	lithuania-656:Yes	every year, includes several axis devoting/including CH (défi 8, axe 5 - axe 7).
	norway-930:Yes	Note that both SNR and ANR plan are connected to the H2020 programme
	poland-459:Yes	italy-856:At national level PNR – Piano Nazionale della Ricerca (NRP -
	poland-extra:Yes	National Research Programme) and PON – Piano Operativo Nazionale (NOP -
	portugal-185:No	National Operative Programme). PNR to download:
	romania-233:Yes	http://www.istruzione.it/allegati/2016/PNR_2015-2020.pdfSeveral PONs
	slovakia-379:Yes	concerning different files of national priorities. In this case, only "PON on
	spain-420:Yes	Culture and Development" and "PON on Research and Innovation" have been
	sweden-589:Yes	considered.At regional level the POR-FESR - Piano Operativo Regionale-
	thenetherlands-	Fondo Europeo di Sviluppo Regionale (ROP-ERDF - Regional Operative
	803:Yes	Programme-European Regional Development Funds) of all Italian
	unitedkingdom-	administrative Regions have been taken into account.
	661:Yes	lithuania-656: The fundamental strategic document setting guidelines for
		innovation policy in Lithuania is Innovation Development Programme 2014-
		2020.
		http://www.mita.lt/uploads/documents/lithuanian_innovation_programme.pdfC
		ultural heritage is not recognized as a separate sector, but can be linked to with
		such objectives of the Programme as "to develop high-level knowledge, and
		research and development activities". State progress strategy "Lithuania's
		Progress Strategy "Lithuania 2030"
		(https://lrv.lt/uploads/main/documents/files/EN_version/Useful_information/lit
		huania2030.pdf) mentions heritage among resources of state and social
		development.National Research Council (NRC) manages National Research
		Programmes (NRPs). Since year 2010 there are 10 approved NRP in total.
		Among these: "The State and the Nation: Heritage and Identity (2010-2014)".
		The aim of the NRP "State and Nation: Heritage and Identity" is to formulate
		the general theoretical concept of social and cultural identity, to examine and
		evaluate the development of specific identity forms in the aspects of heritage,
		contemporary state of identity and impacts of the modern world challenges.

		(http://www.lmt.lt/en/rnd/nrp.html).Some aspects of cultural heritage are
		involved in other research programs such as Lithuanistics development program, which encompasses the evolution of the state of Lithuania, including
		its society, culture, language, its heritage and present state as well as history of
		science and terminology. http://www.lmt.lt/en/rnd/lith.html. Considering the
		relevance of the programme, a new programme entitled "National Programme
		for Lithuanian Studies and Dissemination in 2016-2024" was approved in 2015.
		norway-930 :Long Term Plan for research and higher education (2015 - 2024)
		LTP. Please note that all Norwegian funding instruments and strategies are nationally based.
		poland-459:No
		poland-extra: The National Research Programme. Policy guidelines and
		scientific- technicaland innovation policy (2011)
		portugal-185:FCT strategy points to the support of science, technology and
		innovation, in all scientific and technological domains; this strategy also applies
		to CH. romania-233: National Strategy for Research, Development and Innovation
		2014-2020 issued by National Authority for Scientific Research and Innovation
		slovakia-379: Ministry of Education included CH priority to SMART research
		strategy
		spain-420: There is an oficial document SPANISH STRATEGY ON
		SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATION 2013-2020
		(http://icono.fecyt.es/informesypublicaciones/Documents/Spanish_Strategy_Sci ence_Technology.pdf) establishing the general strategies and objectives of the
		national strategy on research. In addition to this general strategy, there is a The
		National Plan for Research in Conservation of Cultural Heritage (PNIC). It is
		an strategic plan, put forward as amanagement tool and as a conceptual
		framework in which any actions taken towards research in the conservation of
		heritage –conservation sciences- are programmed and funded by the
		CentralAdministration and also by the Autonomous Communities.http://ipce.mcu.es/pdfs/PN_INVESTIGACION_EN.pdf
		sweden-589: The Swedish National Heritage Board's 5 year Research and
		development programme 2017-2021 for cultural heritage and the historic
		environment
		thenetherlands-803:1. National Research Agenda
		http://www.wetenschapsagenda.nl/?lang=en2. NWO-strategic plan 2015-2018 http://www.nwo.nl/en/about-nwo/media/publications/nwo/strategy-
		memorandum-2015-2018.html3. Creative Industries Knowledge and Innovation
		Agenda http://www.clicknl.nl/culturalheritage/innovatieagenda/
		unitedkingdom-661: The AHRC Delivery Plan 2016-2020
		(http://www.ahrc.ac.uk/documents/strategy/ahrc-delivery-plan-2016-20/) builds
		on 'The Human World: The Arts and Humanities in our Times' AHRC Strategy
		2013-18 (http://www.ahrc.ac.uk/documents/publications/the-human-world-the- arts-and-humanities-in-our-times-ahrc-strategy-2013-2018/) which set out
		AHRC commitment to Heritage as a strategic priority area. The Specific
		Heritage Research Strategy has been updated for 2016:
		(http://www.ahrc.ac.uk/documents/strategy/heritage-strategy-2016/).Within
		England only there is also the Heritage 2020 Framework. Rather than being a
		specific research strategy it is more broadly speaking an 'impact strategy', setting out how heritage organisations across England can work together in the
		coming years to add value to the work of individual bodies The new initiative,
		which follows on from the National Heritage Protection Plan from 1 April
		2015, is being led on behalf of the Historic Environment Forum by Dr Mike
		Heyworth, Director of the Council for British Archaeology.
		(http://www.theheritagealliance.org.uk/historic-environment-
		forum/heritage2020)Other funders will have their own strategies as appropriate for their own specific remits as funders within devolved national contexts
		within the UK:British Council (https://www.britishcouncil.org/)British
		Academy (http://www.britac.ac.uk/)Historic England
		(https://historicengland.org.uk/images-books/publications/he-corp-plan-2016-
		19/)Historic Environment Scotland (https://www.historicenvironment.scot/ and
		http://archaeologystrategy.scot/)
What are the main		cyprus-235: The Smart Specialization Strategy has selected six focus
CH-priorities of the research strategy?		areas/priorities. One of them is the 'Built Environment - Construction Industry' which includes among other the 'Cultural Heritage Buildings'. Moreover one of
research strategy?		the main priorities of the Smart Specialization Strategy is the Sustainable
		Growth which includes the Cultural Heritage as one of the four specific issues
	-	

I	of sustainability.
	czechrepublic-398 :3.3.1 Active protection of the cultural heritage3.3.2 Reception of cultural heritage as a tool of national self-awareness and state
	representation france-475:no real priority within SNR, but a rather wide range of conceptions,
	covering CH on 3 forms (tangible, intangible and digital) and mainly
	connecting it to other areas of social activities (education, business, technology, etc.)
	italy-856 :The PNR – Piano Nazionale della Ricerca (NRP - National Research Programme) integrates Horizon 2020 research priorities and adapts them to national and regional priorities. In total, 12 priority areas have been identified, Cultural Heritage is one of them. Cultural Heritage is deemed to be a sector where Italy has high potential, meaning that the country has got important and distinguishing features in this field. Therefore, one of the aim of the PNR is to support this sector in order to increase its societal and industrial impact.
	Actions will aim at strengthening competences in the field of Cultural Heritage by attracting talents, by supporting synergies among technologies in different fields and by adopting policies that favor open innovation and living labs. On this purpose, the JPI CH is mentioned as a programme specifically dedicated to
	the valorization and conservation of Cultural Heritage, on which Italy lies specific interest and competitiveness.In addition, a dedicated call for proposal is foreseen by the PNR in order to set-up a "National Technology Cluster" on Cultural Heritage. National Technology Clusters are aggregations of
	businesses, universities and other institutions present in diverse geographic contexts. Their main objective is to cultivate on-going initiatives and projects, enabling specialization of skills, promoting technology transfer and preventing the fragmentation of research. The call for proposal for setting up the Cluster
	on Cultural Heritage will be issued in the last semester of 2016. In terms of national programming on research and innovation, with reference to PON – Piano Operativo Nazionale (NOP - National Operative Programme), the priority is to enhance R&D infrastructures and excellence focusing on the
	institutions and centers of research, especially those of European interest.At regional level (through POR programmes), the priorities in this field concern again the enhancement of research infrastructures and the existing excellence centers in terms of dimensional growth other than qualitative improvement.
	Moreover, the focus is on applied research on Cultural Heritage conservation and management.
	lithuania-656 :Digitalization of heritage and preservation of digitally heritage. In the "The Programme of Digital Cultural Heritage Actualisation and
	Preservation 2015–2020" it is indicated that "The purpose of the Lithuanian cultural heritage digitisation policy is to develop a single digital space for
	Lithuanian cultural heritage, providing up-to-date, thorough and reliable information about Lithuanian cultural heritage to national, European and global societies".
	(http://ec.europa.eu/information_society/newsroom/image/document/2016- 11/lt_progress_report_2013-2015_14584.pdf)Cultural heritage as a to tool to strengthen historical self-awareness and self-esteem. "National Progress
	Strategy 'Lithuania 2030' highlighted the need "to develop cultural and political awareness in Lithuania, by shaping authentic policy of the history, promoting public debate on national identity, highlighting positive historical experience. To strengthen historical self-awareness and self-esteem by promoting different cultural and artistic expression, by reviewing national cultural, educational
	programmes and the repertoire of public events and symbols, as well as by ensuring preservation of cultural and national heritage and its reasonable application for public needs." (https://rio.jrc.ec.europa.eu/en/library/national-
	progress-strategy-lithuania-2030) norway-930 .The greatest environmental threats in a global context are loss of

norway-930:The greatest environmental threats in a global context are loss of natural diversity, pressure on land areas, natural resources and cultural history values, the spread of foreign species, outbreaks of new plant and animal diseases and more environmental toxins. These challenges are exacerbated by climate change. Moreover, they make nature less robust in relation to climate change. We need better comprehension of the interplay between climate change and other environmental impact factors, and new knowledge about how different environmental and climate measures can support each other. Many of the greatest challenges associated with climate change are linked to loss of and changes in the natural environment.Chap.4.5 **poland-459**:Support for the research on Polish cultural heritage

		portugal-185: There are no specific CH-priorities on FCT's research strategy,
		but a comprehensive programme that encompasses all scientific and
		technological domains. romania-233:The main CH-priorities of the research strategy are specified
		under the 'Patrimoniu și identitate culturală/Heritage and cultural identity'
		research domain flagged as strategic public priority for the current strategic
		cycle 2014-2020.
		slovakia-379:Perception, value and identity with CH spain-420:As a general national strategy, the general objectives of the
		SPANISH STRATEGY ON SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND
		INNOVATION 2013-2020 are rather general. The overall goal is to promote
		scientific,technological and business leadership in the country and to increase
		the capacities for innovation of Spanish society and the Spanish economy. It establishes four general objectives: RECOGNITION AND PROMOTION OF
		TALENT IN RDI AND ITS EMPLOYABILITY; PROMOTION OF
		SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL RESEARCH OF EXCELLENCE;
		PROMOTION OF BUSINESS LEADERSHIP IN RDI; and PROMOTION OF
		RDI ACTIVITIES AIMED AT ADDRESSING GLOBAL SOCIETAL CHALLENGES.Cultural heritage is recognised in it, under the Societal
		Challenges, highlighting that 'it is essential to promote research, development
		and innovation applied to the conservation and sustainability of the important
		artistic, archaeological, historic, cultural and social heritage of our country and
		its contribution to the social and economic development of the regions. The PNIC objectives are:-The increase in historical, archaeological, artistic or
		anthropological knowledge applied toconservation, obtained through
		interdisciplinary research programmes and projectsThe improvement in
		conservation conditions through the identification of materials and the diagnosis of the state of conservation and the factors that affect their
		deterioration, the proposal of newmaterials and techniques for their restoration
		and subsequent protection, and also through the designof suitable systems
		involved in their dissemination – storage, transport, packing, exhibitionA
		strategy that will cover the development of suitable systems aimed at preserving from deterioratingactions and atmospheric, thermal and hygrometric
		variations that control and ensure the most suitablelighting and environmental
		parameters for the conservation of cultural heritage materials,
		establishingworking methodologies aimed at formulating the right strategies for
		their future conservation – riskanalysis and preventive conservation – according to the type of collection, to the materials and thebuilding in which they are
		heldDrafting and unifying enforcement criteria and action protocols in
		heritage conservation
		sweden-589 : To support the implementation of the Government goals for cultural policy and the historic Environment. The programme has four main
		cultural policy and the historic Environment. The pragramme has four main themes with subthemes.1. Cultural heritage and sustainable development. 2.
		Cooperation and dialogue. 3. Sustainable management and conservation. 4
		Conditions for cultural heritage work.
		thenetherlands-803:- conservation science&arts- digital heritage- smart culture- changing environments
		unitedkingdom-661:The AHRC Heritage Strategy 2016 lists eight research
		priority areas:1) Values and cultural heritage2) Community engagement with
		heritage3) Sustainable management of cultural heritage4) Innovative use and
		re-use of heritage5) Intangible, emerging, hidden and contested heritages6) Changing Heritage Economies7) Heritage and conflict8) Global heritages and
		international developmentHeritage2020 has five key themes: discovery,
		identification and understanding; constructive conservation and sustainable
Describeration		management; public engagement; capacity building; and advocacy.
Describe which structures/institutio		cyprus-235 :The Directorate General for European Programmes Coordination and Development assigned the implementation of the research strategy to the
ns are in charge of		Research Promotion Foundation.
the implementation		czechrepublic-398:National and ministerial Grant agencies
of research		france-475 : Athena, a group of concerned scientists appointed by the ministry for education and scientific research within the universities, ministies and
strategies?		national scientific institutes (CNRS, INSERM, etc.), ANR, as a funding
		agency, within the DEF08 agenda.
		italy-856:- MIUR - Ministry of Education, University and Research- MiBACT
		 Ministry of Cultural Heritage, Activities and Tourism- REGIONAL GOVERNMENTS
		lithuania-656:Ministry of Education and Science
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

How much (official?) money is spent in total on cultural heritage research on regional/national level in mill Euro?	(http:// horwa Ministi for the of Nor poland poland portug and rei compe calls w interna commi R&D 0 FCT c Portug resour romar slovak spain- State o recent swede Adviss worko Genera thenet united taking boards Respoo Cultur progra czechr france local a italy-8 Resea Nazion Nazion Operat Region Herita, budget human cooper ithuaa single of the giota a single of the swas poland poland source the commi slovak spain- State o recent swede Adviss Respoo Cultur progra czechr france local a italy-8 Resea Nazion Nazion Operat Region Herita, budget human cooper lithuaa single of the swas a poland pola	 ia-233:National Authority for Scientific Research and Innovation ia-379:National and ministerial Grant agencies 420:The main responsible for the implementation is the Secretary of f Research, Development and Innovation (SEIDI) of MINECO, and the y created State Research Agency. a-589:The Swedish National Heritage Board is responsible. A Strategic rry Group provides input and avdice on implementation. An internal ng Group at the board implements tha programme under the Director al who is responsible before the Government of the use of grants. herlands-803:1. Universities2. NWO3. RCE4. Heritage institutions kingdom-661:The AHRC operates on a Council structure with Council decisions based on recommendations from a number of AHRC Advisory /groups, as well as AHRC subject teams and senior officers. asibility for implementation of the strategy lies with the 'Histories, es., and Heritage Team'. -235:Unfortunately this cannot be calculated since there is no specific mme dedicated to Cultural Heritage. epublic-398:No precise statistics is available - about 17 MEUR/year +475: a lot, yet through multiple pipelines (from national government to uthorities, and through public and private organisations 56:Not applicable.PNR – Piano Nazionale della Ricerca (NRP - National ch Programme), PRIN – Progetti di Ricerca di Rilevante Interesse alale (Research Projects of National Interest) , PON – Piano Operativo nale (NOP - National Operative Programme), POR-FESR - Piano 'ivo Regionale (ROP-ERDF - Regional Operative Programme European al Development Funds) do not foresee specific funding for Cultural ge. Funding of activities and projects in this area are included into global s, which is specified as a function of the national programme (i.e. capital, research). nia-656:The exact amount is not calculable because currently there is no research program exclusively related to the cultural heritage. The budget program "The State and the Nation: Heritage and Identity (2010-201
	romar (sub)-r slovak specifi spain- MINE by reg availat	 ia-233:Hard to say, as cultural heritage research is not per se a funding orogramme. ia-379:app. 1 million Euro (from this 70% Ministry of Culture, without city reserch+safeguarding) 420:At national level, an average of 1.7 M€/year have been spent by CO in CH research projects in competitive calls.Detail of the funds spent ional governments or internal projects of cultural institutions is not be.
		n-589 :5,6 M Euro. This includes the four programmes mentioned in our o this questionnaire. Other sources of funding are available for CH

	research, but are not dedicated for this research. There are no data on amounts spent on this research, and as it is not specufically deduicaed to CH reserach only the amount vary from year to year depending on how many Projects are funded. unitedkingdom-661 :AHRC only: Approx 8.5 million Euros per year through combination of responsive mode schemes and strategic calls and highlight notices. This does not include AHRC post graduate funding.
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B. Research programmes and/or other relevant funding mechanisms for Cultural Heritage research - characteristics and key funding instruments

General:

This part is about research programmes or part of programmes or other research funding mechanisms with calls dedicated to research in the field of CH.

Research programmes and/or other relevant research funding mechanisms are instruments which have plans for research, organize calls, process applications and manage projects.

Such programmes and/or other research funding mechanisms are open for all eligible institutions within a country and have definite rules for the submission, handling and scientific assessment of proposals and the management of projects.

In what follows, the term "programmes' covers both research programmes and other relevant funding mechanisms for Cultural Heritage research.

Questions:

Please, click on the 'additional programme' button below to add more programs later.

Programm	cyprus-235:Cyprus
e	czechrepublic-398:country
Country/re	france-475:National + any bilateral agreements existing, may vary from year to year.
gion	italy-856:Italy
C	lithuania-656:National
	norway-930:Norway
	poland-459:Poland
	poland-extra:Poland
	portugal-185:Portugal
	romania-233:Romania
	slovakia-379:country
	spain-420:Spain
	sweden-589:Sweden
	thenetherlands-803:Netherlands
	unitedkingdom-661:UK
	cyprus-235:Cyprus
	czechrepublic-398:country
	italy-856:Italy
	norway-930:Norway
	spain-420:Spain
	sweden-589:Sweden
	thenetherlands-803:Netherlands
	unitedkingdom-661:UK
	_
	italy-856:Italy
	norway-930:Norway
	spain-420:Spain
	sweden-589:Sweden
	thenetherlands-803:Netherlands
	unitedkingdom-661:UK
	a
	italy-856:Emilia-Romagna Region, Italy
	norway-930:Norway
	spain-420:Spain
	span-420.span sweden-589:Sweden
	thenetherlands-803:Netherlands
	ueneurer rands-ous.ivenerrands

	unitedkingdom-661:UK
	italy-856:Marche Region - Italy thenetherlands-803:Netherlands unitedkingdom-661:UK
	italy-856:Campania - Italy thenetherlands-803:The Netherlands unitedkingdom-661:England
	italy-856:Lazio - Italy thenetherlands-803:The Netherlands unitedkingdom-661:Scotland
	italy-856:Calabria, Italy thenetherlands-803:The Netherlands
	thenetherlands-803:Netherlands
Programm	cyprus-235:Excellence Hubs
e name	czechrepublic-398:NAKI II france-475:Appel générique
	italy-856:PRIN – Progetti di Ricerca di Rilevante Interesse Nazionale (Research Projects of National Interest) lithuania-656:Programme for Lithuanian Studies and Dissemination in 2016-2024 norway-930:Environmental Research for a Green Transition (MILJØFORSK)
	poland-459 :Narodowy Program Rozwoju Humanistyki - National Programme for the Development of Humanities
	poland-extra:Narodowy Program Rozwoju Humanistyki - National Programme for the Development of
	Humanities, module Tradycja – Tradition portugal-185:R&D Projects (all scientific domains)
	romania-233:P4: Cercetare fundamentala si de frontiera/ Frontier and basic research, sub-programme
	Exploratory Research Projects
	slovakia-379:Slovak Research and Development Agency (SRDA)spain-420:Proyectos I+D. Subprograma Estatal de Generación de Conocimiento
	sweden-589:Swedish National Heritage Board
	thenetherlands-803:NICAS unitedkingdom-661:AHRC Research Grants
	uniterninguon-oor. Aritee Research Grants
	cyprus-235:European Initiatives - National Development
	czechrepublic-398:Czech Grant Agency - fundamental research italy-856:PON Cultura e Sviluppo 2014-2020 (NOP - National Operative Programme on Culture and
	Development)
	norway-930:Cultural conditions underlying social change (SAMKUL)
	spain-420:Proyectos I+D+i 'Retos Colaboración' sweden-589:Research Project Grant – Culture and Cultural Heritage Research
	thenetherlands-803:Museum Grants
	unitedkingdom-661:AHRC Leadership Fellowships
	italy-856:PON Ricerca e Innovazione 2014-2020 (NOP - National Operative Programme on Research and Innovation)
	norway-930:Independent projects (FRIPRO) spain-420:Proyectos de I+D. 'Retos Investigación'
	sweden-589:National Programme for Ecclesiastical Heritage
	thenetherlands-803:Smart Culture - Arts and Culture
	unitedkingdom-661:AHRC Research Networking
	italy-856:POR – FESR Piano Operativo Regionale- Fondo Europeo di Sviluppo Regionale (ROP-ERDF - Regional Operative Programme-European Regional Development Funds) EMILIA-ROMAGNA 2014-2020 norway-930:Large-scale Programme on Climate Research (KLIMAFORSK) spain-420:Acciones de Programacion Conjunta Internacional
	sweden-589:Research at Central Museums
	thenetherlands-803: Vision on Heritage and Spatial Planning unitedkingdom-661: AHRC Follow-on Funding for Impact and Engagement
	6

	italy-856:POR – FESR Piano Operativo Regionale- Fondo Europeo di Sviluppo Regionale (ROP-ERDF - Regional Operative Programme-European Regional Development Funds) MARCHE 2014-2020 thenetherlands-803:Oogst voor Malta (Valetta Harvest) unitedkingdom-661:BA/Leverhulme Small Research Grants
	italy-856:POR – FESR Piano Operativo Regionale- Fondo Europeo di Sviluppo Regionale (ROP-ERDF - Regional Operative Programme-European Regional Development Funds) CAMPANIA 2014-2020 thenetherlands-803:MonumentenKennis (Monuments and Research) unitedkingdom-661:HERITAGE PROTECTION COMMISSIONS
	italy-856:POR – FESR Piano Operativo Regionale- Fondo Europeo di Sviluppo Regionale (ROP-ERDF - Regional Operative Programme-European Regional Development Funds) LAZIO 2014-2020 thenetherlands-803:Culture Statistics unitedkingdom-661:Archaeology Programme (HES Grants scheme)
	italy-856:POR – FESR Piano Operativo Regionale- Fondo Europeo di Sviluppo Regionale (ROP-ERDF - Regional Operative Programme-European Regional Development Funds) CALABRIA 2014-2020 thenetherlands-803:Vrijetijds Omnibus (VTO) (population research on participation in culture and sport
	thenetherlands-803:"Tribunalen als Digitale Onderzoeksfaciliteit (TRIADO)
Programm	cyprus-235:Research Promotion Foundation (RPF)
e owner	czechrepublic-398:Czech Ministry of Culture france-475:ANR
	italv-856:MIUR
	lithuania-656:Research Council of Lithuania
	norway-930:Research Council of Norway, RCN
	poland-459:Ministry of Science and Higher Education
	poland-extra:Ministry of Science and Higher Education portugal-185:FCT
	romania-233:National Authority for Scientific Research and Innovation
	slovakia-379: The Ministry of Education, Science, Research and Sport of the Slovak Republic
	spain-420:MINECO
	sweden-589:Swedish National Heritage Board thenetherlands-803:NWO, RCE, Rijksmuseum, University Amsterdam, University Delft unitedkingdom-661:AHRC
	cyprus-235:RPF
	czechrepublic-398:Czech Grant Agency
	italy-856:MiBACT - Ministero dei Beni e delle Attività Culturali e del Turismo
	norway-930:Research Council of Norway, RCN
	spain-420:MINECO sweden-589:Swedish Research Council
	thenetherlands-803:NWO
	unitedkingdom-661:AHRC
	italy-856:MIUR – Ministero dell'Istruzione, dell'Università e della Ricerca norway-930:Research Council of Norway, RCN spain-420:MINECO
	sweden-589: The Church of Sweden
	thenetherlands-803:NWO
	unitedkingdom-661:AHRC
	italy-856:Emilia-Romagna Region norway-930:RCN
	spain-420:MINECO
	sweden-589:Swedish Arts Council
	thenetherlands-803:Ministry of Education, Culture and Science unitedkingdom-661:AHRC
	italy-856:Marche Region
	thenetherlands-803:Ministry of Education, Culture and Science
	unitedkingdom-661:British Academy
	italy-856:Campania Region
	naty-050. Campallia Region

	thenetherlands-803:TNO -TU Delft - RCE unitedkingdom-661:Historic England
	italy-856:Lazio Region thenetherlands-803:Statistics Netherlands (CBS) unitedkingdom-661:Historic Environment Scotland
	italy-856:Calabria Region thenetherlands-803:Institute of Social Research (SCP)
	thenetherlands-803:NIOD (NWO), Huygens ING, NA
Programm e manageme	cyprus-235:Research Promotion Foundation czechrepublic-398:Czech Ministry of Culture france-475:ANR
nt organizatio n	italy-856:MIUR lithuania-656:Research Council of Lithuania norway-930:RCN
	poland-459:Ministry of Science and Higher Education poland-extra:Ministry of Science and Higher Education
	portugal-185:FCT
	romania-233:EXECUTIVE Agency FOR HIGHER EDUCATION, RESEARCH DEVELOPMENT AND INNOVATION slovakia-379: The Ministry of Education, Science, Research and Sport of the Slovak Republic
	spain-420:MINECO
	sweden-589:Swedish National Heritage Board thenetherlands-803:Board of the 5 partners and scientific working group
	unitedkingdom-661:AHRC
	cyprus-235:RPF czechrepublic-398:Czech Grant Agency
	italy-856:National norway-930:RCN
	spain-420:MINECO sweden-589:Swedish Research Council
	thenetherlands-803:NWO
	unitedkingdom-661:AHRC
	italy-856:national norway-930:RCN
	spain-420:MINECO sweden-589:The Church of Sweden
	thenetherlands-803:NWO
	unitedkingdom-661:AHRC
	italy-856:Regional (Emilia-Romagna Region) norway-930:RCN
	spain-420:MINECO sweden-589:Swedish Arts Council
	thenetherlands-803:Cultural Heritage Agency of the Netherlands
	unitedkingdom-661:AHRC
	italy-856:Regional (Marche Region) thenetherlands-803:Cultural Heritage Agency of the Netherlands unitedkingdom-661:British Academy
	italy-856:Regional (Campania Region) thenetherlands-803:TNO unitedkingdom-661:Historic England
	italy-856:Regional (Lazio Region) thenetherlands-803:Statistics Netherlands (CBS) unitedkingdom-661:Historic Environment Scotland

	italy-856:Regional (Calabria Region) thenetherlands-803:Institute of Social Research (SCP)
	thenetherlands-803:Board of the 3 partners and working group
What is the	cyprus-235:Dedicated programme
type of programme	czechrepublic-398:Dedicated programme france-475:Part of a larger programme
?	italy-856:Dedicated programme
	lithuania-656:Part of a larger programme
	norway-930:Part of a larger programme
	poland-459:Other research funding mechanisms
	poland-extra:Dedicated programme portugal-185:Part of a larger programme
	romania-233:Part of a larger programme
	slovakia-379:Part of a larger programme
	spain-420:Part of a larger programme
	sweden-589:Dedicated programme
	thenetherlands-803:Dedicated programme unitedkingdom-661:Dedicated programme
	unitedkingdom-oorDedicated programme
	cyprus-235:Dedicated programme
	czechrepublic-398:Part of a larger programme
	italy-856:Dedicated programme
	norway-930:Part of a larger programme
	spain-420:Part of a larger programme sweden-589:Dedicated programme
	thenetherlands-803:Dedicated programme
	unitedkingdom-661:Dedicated programme
	italy-856:Dedicated programme
	norway-930:Dedicated programme
	spain-420:Part of a larger programme sweden-589:Dedicated programme
	thenetherlands-803:Dedicated programme
	unitedkingdom-661:Dedicated programme
	italy-856:Dedicated programme
	norway-930:Dedicated programme spain-420:Part of a larger programme
	sweden-589:Dedicated programme
	thenetherlands-803:Dedicated programme
	unitedkingdom-661:Dedicated programme
	tale 856 Dedicated are commented
	italy-856:Dedicated programme thenetherlands-803:Part of a larger programme
	unitedkingdom-661:Dedicated programme
	italy-856:Dedicated programme
	thenetherlands-803:Dedicated programme unitedkingdom-661:Dedicated programme
	unitedkingdom-oorDedicated programme
	italy-856: Dedicated programme
	thenetherlands-803 Part of a larger programme
	unitedkingdom-661:Dedicated programme
	italy-856:Dedicated programme thenetherlands-803:Part of a larger programme
	ucucucuanus-005.r art or a rarger programme
	thenetherlands-803:Dedicated programme
Describe	cyprus-235: The focus of the Programme is to promote scientific excellence through funding innovative
the focus	research projects on cutting edge fields.
of the	czechrepublic-398 : Research of national and cultural identity with several aims
programme	italy-856: The main objective is the reinforcement of the national scientific research institutions with a view to

securing a more effective participation in the European initiatives related to the EU Research Framework Programmes. Yearly and with an ad-hoc decree, the MIUR announces a call for proposals for funding, on a three-year basis, research projects of national interest (PRIN)

(https://www.researchitaly.it/en/researching/funding/programmes/research-projects-of-national-interest/) lithuania-656:Coordinate, integrate and disseminate most important lithuanistic research in Lithuania and abroad, to implement Lithuanian research priorities, strengthening of Lithuanian research contribution to the development of humanities in Lithuania and thereby provide a scientific basis for Lithuanian civil and cultural self-awareness and the Lithuanian heritage preservation.

norway-930:MILJØFORSK has a very wide thematical scope and is cross-disciplinary. It will generate more knowledge about key environmental challenges to the government administration, trade and industry, and society at large with a better foundation on which to take decisions to promote a green transition **poland-459**:Support for 'humanities infrastructure' (catalogues, bibliographies, indices, editions, translations etc.)

poland-extra:To finance those elements of research that are not taken into account by grant agencies: e.g. financing cataloguing, bibliographies, dictionaries in humanities

portugal-185:Different types of grants to develop cutting-edge research projects, in all areas. **romania-233**:Program 4 - Fundamental Research and the border - to maintain and develop niche areas where fundamental research Romanian has comparative advantage and critical mass of researchers or where there are opportunities for international collaboration to add basic research Romanian dimension

slovakia-379:National agency for research and development grant agency in the Slovak Republic **spain-420**:Promote the generation of scientific and technologic knowledge, without prior thematic prioritization.

sweden-589:To support the implementation of the Government goals for cultural policy and the historic Environment. The pragramme has four main themes with subthemes.

thenetherlands-803:interdisciplinary research center uniting art history, conservation and science unitedkingdom-661:To support well-defined research projects in all areas of the arts and humanities, to enable arts and humanities researchers to develop effective working relationships with fellow researchers and other stakeholders, and to maximise the value of research outcomes by promoting their communication and dissemination.

cyprus-235: The focus of the programme is enhancing the extroversion of the national Research Technological Development and Innovation (RTDI) System which is one of the horizontal priorities of the Smart Specialization Strategy for Cyprus.

czechrepublic-398:No special focus

italy-856:PON is based on the Agreement between Italy and the EC. 25 % of the funds are national. It addresses to 5 Southern Regions (Basilicata, Calabria, Campania, Puglia, Sicilia) and aims at giving value added to the territory through dedicated actions based on preservation of cultural heritage, enhancement of touristic services, and support to companies of the sector. Among the objectives: protection, promotion, development of Cultural Heritage considered as significant asset for the national development. One of the priority axes (Axis 1) of this document includes activities focused on digitalization of cultural heritage. **norway-930**:To generate new knowledge about the cultural dimension of challenges facing society today. This will be achieved through interpretation, understanding and exposition of the cultural premise for the shaping of society and of social development.

spain-420:Experimental design projects carried out in collaboration by research centres (public or private) and private companies, to foster de development of new technologies, the industrial application of knowledge and new ideas and techniques, with the aim of addressing societal challenges **sweden-589**:Blue skies research on culture and cultural research

thenetherlands-803: The programme Museum Grants is aimed at facilitating talent development and scientific research in the museum sector. The research results should directly benefit museum practice.

unitedkingdom-661: The AHRC's Leadership Fellowships scheme provides time for research leaders, or potential future research leaders, to undertake focused individual research alongside collaborative activities which have the potential to generate a transformative impact on their subject area and beyond. In addition to demonstrating support for high quality, world leading research and associated outputs, proposals must include collaborative activities to support the development of the Fellow's capacity for research leadership in the arts and humanities.

italy-856:It addresses to 8 Southern Regions (Abruzzo, Molise, Campania, Puglia, Basilicata, Calabria, Sicilia, Sardegna) and aims at decreasing the developmental gap between the Italian regions. Research and innovation projects will be supported by focusing on the following 12 priority topics: aero-space, agrifood, blue growth, green chemistry, design, creativity and Made in Italy, energy, smart production, secure and inclusive communities, technologies for life, technologies for Cultural Heritage.

norway-930:FRIPRO is an open, national competitive arena that covers all fields of research. Scientific quality is a criterion critical for funding. FRIPRO should contribute to strengthen Norway **spain-420**:Promote the generation of scientific knowledge oriented to making progress in the search for solutions for societal challenges.

sweden-589:Research and development to secure ecclesiastical heritage values

thenetherlands-803:Smart Culture - Arts and Culture is targeted at research into the arts, culture, heritage and media in relation to the creative industry. The aim is to make connections between concrete innovative art and cultural practices and more comprehensive academic and social issues.

unitedkingdom-661: The Research Networking Scheme is intended to support forums for the discussion and exchange of ideas on a specified thematic area, issue or problem. The intention is to facilitate interactions between researchers and stakeholders through, for example, a short-term series of workshops, seminars, networking activities or other events. The aim of these activities is to stimulate new debate across boundaries, for example, disciplinary, conceptual, theoretical, methodological, and/or international.

italy-856:POR – FESR is the programming document that defines the strategy and terms of use of the EU resources allocated to the Region by the European Regional Development Fund, within the framework of cohesion policy, economic growth and territory attractiveness. Axis 1 – Research and Innovation – supports research activities and infrastructures that invest in research equipment and that show the capacity to attract funding in the fields of health care, computing, materials and production technologies and Cultural Heritage (Action 1.5.1, more specifically).

norway-930:Society must be reoriented to respond to climate change. We need to know more if we are to successfully adapt to and counteract the projected changes. Activities under the KLIMAFORSK programme will promote the acquisition and use of this knowledge within society.

spain-420:Funding of Spanish groups participating in projects positively evaluated in transnational calls (JPI, ERA-NET, JTI, etc.)

sweden-589: Research at Swedish National Museums

thenetherlands-803:National policy programme that supports innovative/collaborative projects developing knowledge/tools/strategies/improvements focussing on development-oriented and area-based heritage management within five priority domains: 1. water safety, 2. viable landscapes (incl argriculture, nature, energy), 3. adaptive reuse (in both areas of population decline and urban growht), 4. post-war reconstruction areas, 5. world heritage sites

unitedkingdom-661:To encourage and facilitate a range of interactions and creative engagements between arts and humanities research and a variety of user communities including business and commercial, third sector and heritage sector, public policy, voluntary and community groups and the general public

italy-856:POR – FESR is the programming document that defines the strategy and terms of use of the EU resources allocated to the Region by the European Regional Development Fund, within the framework of cohesion policy, economic growth and territory attractiveness. Axis 1 – Strengthening Research, Technological Development, Innovation – supports research activities. In particular, Action 1.1 supports R&D activities also in the field of diagnostics, restoration, conservation, digitalization, use of tangible/intangible CH. In addition, Action 2.1 can be considered as well. It supports the realization of complex R&D projects and applied research actions related to selected topics, Cultural Heritage amongst all.

thenetherlands-803: Aim: harvesting new knowledge about the past by synthesizing the information from (the many) reports of archaeological excavations

unitedkingdom-661:Small Grants for Research Expenses for projects in the Humanities or Social Sciences

italy-856:POR – FESR is the programming document that defines the strategy and terms of use of the EU resources allocated to the Region by the European Regional Development Fund, within the framework of cohesion policy, economic growth and territory attractiveness. Axis 1 –Research and Innovation – supports research activities. In particular, Action 1.5.1 supports applied and industrial research infrastructures that are considered as crucial to the regional systems. It is mentioned that the interventions will be prioritized when related to space, transport system, health, energy, Cultural Heritage and sustainability.

thenetherlands-803:Research on and documentation of natural stone, structural damage and modern building materials

unitedkingdom-661: The Historic Environment in England and issues affecting its preservation and management

italy-856:POR – FESR is the programming document that defines the strategy and terms of use of the EU resources allocated to the Region by the European Regional Development Fund, within the framework of cohesion policy, economic growth and territory attractiveness. Axis 1 –Research and Innovation – supports research activities. In particular, Action 1.5.1 supports applied and industrial research infrastructures that are considered as crucial to the regional systems. The Action aims at strengthening regional technological clusters, including the existing technological Districts (in Lazio the are 3 technological districts - Aerospace, Bioscience, Cultural Heritage - born from the collaboration between the Region of Lazio, MIUR, MISE and MiBACT), and to be realized in line with the recommendations of the Smart Specialization regional Strategy. thenetherlands-803:Statistics of the performance of museums

unitedkingdom-661:Archaeological research and intervention to: Further our knowledge of the historic environment Rescue archaeological information in the face of unavoidable threats Strategic underpinning provided by Scotland's Archaeology Strategy and various research frameworks such as ScARF:

1	http://archaeologystrategy.scot/ http://www.scottishheritagehub.com/
	http://archaeologystrategy.scot/http://www.scotusinernagenub.com/
	italy-856 :POR – FESR is the programming document that defines the strategy and terms of use of the EU resources allocated to the Region by the European Regional Development Fund, within the framework of cohesion policy, economic growth and territory attractiveness. Axis 1 – Promotion of Research and Innovation – supports research activities. In particular, Action 1.5.1 supports applied and industrial research infrastructures (new and existing) and research laboratories that are considered as crucial to the regional systems. It is mentioned that the interventions will be prioritized when related to environment, technologies for health, advanced material, agri-food, energy, logistics and Cultural Heritage. thenetherlands-803 :Research Programme of SCP
	thenetherlands-803: interdisciplinairy research uniting archives and science
Where are calls published?	cyprus-235:RPF website (www.research.org.cy) czechrepublic-398:https://www.mkcr.cz/doc/cms_library/program-na-podporu-aplikovaneho-vyzkumu-a- experimentalniho-vyvoje-narodni-a-kulturni-identity-na-leta-2016-az-2022-naki-ii-2286.pdf france-475:http://www.agence-nationale-recherche.fr italy-856:http://prin.miur.it/ lithuania-656:http://www.lmt.lt/lt/mkf/lit_20162024.html norway-930:RCN poland-459:http://www.nauka.gov.pl/projekty-i-inicjatywy/narodowy-program-rozwoju-humanistyki.html; http://www.nauka.gov.pl/narodowy-program-rozwoju-humanistyki/
	poland-extra:At the ministerial site portugal-185:www.fct.pt romania-233:http://uefiscdi.gov.ro/articole/4475/P4Cercetare-fundamentala-si-de-frontiera.html slovakia-379:https://www.vedatechnika.sk/SK/VedaATechnikaVSR/odboryVaT/Stranky/default.aspx spain-
	420:http://www.idi.mineco.gob.es/portal/site/MICINN/menuitem.d20caeda35a0c5dc7c68b11001432ea0/?vgn extoid=3f9605e42afee310VgnVCM1000001d04140aRCRD sweden-589:www.raa.se thenetherlands-803:http://www.nwo.nl/en/research-and-results/programmes/ew/nicas/index.html unitedkingdom-661:http://www.ahrc.ac.uk/
	cyprus-235:RPF website (www.research.org.cy) czechrepublic-398:https://gacr.cz italy-856:http://www.beniculturali.it/mibac/opencms/MiBAC/sito- MiBAC/MenuPrincipale/BandiDiGara/index.html norway-930:RCN
	spain- 420:http://www.idi.mineco.gob.es/portal/site/MICINN/menuitem.dbc68b34d11ccbd5d52ffeb801432ea0/?vgn extoid=ba6020cf2a7ea410VgnVCM1000001d04140aRCRD sweden-589:www.vr.se
	thenetherlands-803:http://www.nwo.nl/en/research-and-results/programmes/museum+grants unitedkingdom-661:http://www.ahrc.ac.uk/
	italy-856:http://www.ponrec.it/bandi-e-avvisi/ norway-930:RCN
	spain- 420:http://www.idi.mineco.gob.es/portal/site/MICINN/menuitem.dbc68b34d11ccbd5d52ffeb801432ea0/?vgn extoid=80b0b12d90573510VgnVCM1000001d04140aRCRD&vgnextchannel=33f85656ecfee310VgnVCM1 000001d04140aRCRD sweden-589:www.svenskakvrkan.se
	thenetherlands-803:http://www.nwo.nl/en/funding/our-funding-instruments/gw/smart-cultureart-and- culture/smart-cultureart-and-culture.html unitedkingdom-661:http://www.ahrc.ac.uk/
	italy-856:http://www.regione.emilia-romagna.it/fesr/opportunita/bandi norway-930:RCN spain-
	420:http://www.idi.mineco.gob.es/portal/site/MICINN/menuitem.dbc68b34d11ccbd5d52ffeb801432ea0/?vgn extoid=abc8534b9da74510VgnVCM1000001d04140aRCRD&vgnextchannel=33f85656ecfee310VgnVCM10 00001d04140aRCRD sweden-589:www.kulturradet.se
	thenetherlands-803:not publicly/online unitedkingdom-661:http://www.ahrc.ac.uk/

	italy-856:http://www.regione.marche.it/Entra-in-Regione/Bandi
	thenetherlands-803:www.tendernet.nl
	unitedkingdom-661:http://www.britac.ac.uk/ba-leverhulme-small-research-grants
	856:http://redazione.regione.campania.it/rcnews_ce/showFondoItems.php?04e2cb8004f27fa7b8d0af5c5f9d0e 39=ad5b78bc4b78ffda91a53bddaa96c9d8&pgCode=G13I141&id_fondo=3&refresh=on
	thenetherlands-803:no
	unitedkingdom-661:https://historicengland.org.uk/services-skills/grants/our-grant-schemes/hpc/
	italy-856:http://porfesr.lazio.it/PORFESR/documentazione/bandi.html
	thenetherlands-803:no calls published
	unitedkingdom-661:https://www.historicenvironment.scot/grants-and-funding/our-grants/archaeology-
	programme-funding/
	italy-856:http://calabriaeuropa.regione.calabria.it/website/bandi/
Are the	thenetherlands-803:not relevant cyprus-235:Yes
programme	czechrepublic-398:Partly
s available	france-475:Yes
in English?	italy-856:No
	lithuania-656:No
	norway-930:Yes poland-459:No
	poland-extra:No
	portugal-185:Yes
	romania-233:Partly
	slovakia-379:Yes
	spain-420:No sweden-589:No
	thenetherlands-803:Yes
	unitedkingdom-661:Yes
	-
	cyprus-235:Yes
	czechrepublic-398:Yes
	italy-856:No
	norway-930:Yes spain-420:No
	span-20.00 sweden-589:Yes
	thenetherlands-803:No
	unitedkingdom-661:Yes
	italy-856:Yes
	norway-930:Yes
	spain-420:No sweden-589:No
	thenetherlands-803:Yes
	unitedkingdom-661:Yes
	italy-856:No
	norway-930:Yes
	spain-420:No sweden-589:No
	thenetherlands-803:No
	unitedkingdom-661:Yes
	italy-856:No
	thenetherlands-803:No
	unitedkingdom-661:Yes
	italy-856:No
	thenetherlands-803:No unitedkingdom-661:Yes
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	italy-856:No thenetherlands-803:No unitedkingdom-661:Yes
	italy-856:No thenetherlands-803:Yes
	thenetherlands-803:Yes
Describe the time frame (f.e. March 2016- Febr.2017)	cyprus-235:One call in 2016 and one in 2018 czechrepublic-398:February 2016-December 2022 france-475:yearly (september) italy-856:The last call was open from 4 November 2015 to 15 January 2016. Proposals are currently under evaluation lithuania-656:2016-2024 norway-930:Running, from 2016 poland-459:Since 2010 poland-extra:September – October 2016 (application) Spring 2017 (decision) portugal-185: Variable romania-233:2016-2020 slovakia-379:March 2016 - March 2020 spain-420:2013-2016 sweden-589:2017-2021 thenetherlands-803:2015-2019 unitedkingdom-661:Open/Rolling
	cyprus-235:one call per year per JPI/ERANET czechrepublic-398:Continual italy-856:01/01/2014 – 31/12/2023 norway-930:2011 - 2020 spain-420:2013-2016 sweden-589:January 2016-December 2016 thenetherlands-803:2015-2020 unitedkingdom-661:Open/Rolling
	italy-856:01/01/2014 - 31/12/2023 norway-930:open- ended spain-420:2013-2016 sweden-589:- thenetherlands-803:2016-2020 unitedkingdom-661:Open/Rolling
	italy-856:01/01/2014 – 31/12/2023 norway-930:open-ended spain-420:2013-2016 sweden-589:January 2016 - December 2016 thenetherlands-803:2012 until 1-1-2019 unitedkingdom-661:Open/Rolling
	italy-856 :01/01/2014 – 31/12/2023 thenetherlands-803 :2012-2016; 2017-? unitedkingdom-661 :Ongoing with specific application windows: For 2016-17 the application windows are 01/09/2016 - 12/10/2016 and 12/04/2016 – 24/05/2016
	italy-856:01/01/2014 - 31/12/2023 thenetherlands-803:2015-2018 unitedkingdom-661:Ongoing
	italy-856:01/01/2014 – 31/12/2023 thenetherlands-803:yearly unitedkingdom-661:Ongoing. Bids received by 30th September for funding the following financial year (April – March)
	italy-856:01/01/2014 - 31/12/2023

thenetherlands-803:2017-01/ 2019-07 What is the annual budget for representation of the main of the annual budget for many state of the trans-475.11 love to know intp-856. No annual budget is forescen. The total budget for PRIN programme is 691.908.209.00. Ifforescentation of the annual budget is forescentation of the annual budget is forescentation. The total budget 17 min. EUR. 107:000-000. Ifforescentation of the annual budget is forescentation of the annual budget is forescentation. The total budget 17 min. EUR. 107:000-000. Ifforescentation of the annual budget is forescentation. The total budget 17 min. EUR. 107:000-000. Ifforescentation of the annual budget is forescentation. The total budget 17 min. EUR. 107:000-000. Ifforescentation of the annual budget is forescentation. If the annual annual is t		thenetherlands-803:2012, 2014, 2016, 2018 etc
What is the annual budget for the programme ? cyprus-325-Around 3 million (10 million for 2016 call and 7 million for 2018 call) carchrepublic-398:ca 14 MIEUR france-475:1d love to know italy-356/No annual budget is foreseen. The total budget for PRIN programme is 691.908.209,00. ? italy-356/No annual budget is foreseen. The total budget for PRIN programme is 691.908.209,00. ? poland-459:c2 al omlition Euro poland-459:c2 al SEUR spain-420:15000 KE (2016) sweden-589:1.6 thenetherlands-803:ME 1.5 unitedKingdom-661:approx 30.8m Euro cyprus-235:1.6 millions per year (8 millions from 2016 to 2020) czechrepublic-398:variable cc al 10-120 MEUR italy-856:6 490.9 million over 2014-2020 norway-930:4.4 mill euro thenetherlands-803:k4 00 unitedKingdom-661:9.48m Euro thenetherlands-803:k4 00 unitedKingdom-661:9.48m Euro italy-856:6 12.86 000.000 over 2014-2020 (926 million from European structural funds, 360 are national) norway-930:1.0 mill euro spain-420:243906 KE (2016) sweden-589:1.6 M Euro thenetherlands-803:c1 al budget (not annual) ME 3.2 unitedKingdom-661:1.42m Euros italy-856:6 481.8 million from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual amount. norway-930:1.78m Euros italy-856:6 481.8 million from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual amount. theretherlands-803:250,000 unitedKingdom-661:3.2m Euros italy-856:13.545.430.00 Euros from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual am		thenetherlands-803:2017-01/2019-07
creechrepublic-398:variable cca 110-120 MEUR italy-856:€ 490.9 million over 2014-2020 norway-930:4.4 mill euro spain-420:586400 K€ (2016) sweden-589:1.6 M Euro thenetherlands-803:81.6 400 unitedkingdom-661:9.48m Euro italy-856:€ 1.286.000.000 over 2014-2020 (926 million from European structural funds, 360 are national) norway-930:210 mill euro spain-420:243906 K€ (2016) sweden-589:1.6 M Euro thenetherlands-803:total budget (not annual) M€ 3,2 unitedkingdom-661:1.42m Euros italy-856:€ 481,8 milion from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual amount. norway-930:16 mill euro spain-420:15000 K€ (2016) sweden-589:400 000 EUR thenetherlands-803:260,000- unitedkingdom-661:1.78m Euro italy-856:337 milion Euros from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual amount. thenetherlands-803:250,000- unitedkingdom-661:3.2m Euros italy-856:4.113.545.843.00 Euros from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual amount. thenetherlands-803:200.000 unitedkingdom-661:5.34m Euros italy-856:€ 913.065.194.00 from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual amount. thenetherlands-803:280.000	annual budget for the programme	cyprus-235:Around 3 million (10 million for 2016 call and 7 million for 2018 call) czechrepublic-398:cca 14 MEUR france-475:I'd love to know italy-856:No annual budget is foreseen. The total budget for PRIN programme is €91.908.209,00. lithuania-656:1,8 mln. EUR for 2016. Total budget 17 mln. EUR. norway-930:9,5 mill euro poland-459:Ca 20 million Euro poland-extra:Ca 20 million EURO portugal-185:Variable romania-233:40 mil. Euroe slovakia-379:cca 25 MEUR spain-420:125000 K€ (2016) sweden-589:1,6 thenetherlands-803:M€ 1,5
norway-930:210 mill euro spain-420:243906 K€ (2016) sweden-589:1,6 M Euro thenetherlands-803:total budget (not annual) M€ 3,2 unitedkingdom-661:1.42m Euros italy-856:€ 481,8 milion from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual amount. norway-930:16 mill euro spain-420:15000 K€ (2016) sweden-589:400 000 EUR thenetherlands-803:€6 million unitedkingdom-661:1.78m Euro italy-856:337 milion Euros from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual amount. thenetherlands-803:250,000 unitedkingdom-661:3.2m Euros italy-856:4.113.545.843,00 Euros from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual amount. thenetherlands-803:250,000 unitedkingdom-661:5.34m Euros italy-856:4.113.545.843,00 Euros from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual amount. thenetherlands-803:ca 200.000 unitedkingdom-661:5.34m Euros italy-856:€ 913.065.194,00 from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual amount. thenetherlands-803:ca 200.000		czechrepublic-398:variable cca 110-120 MEUR italy-856:€ 490,9 million over 2014-2020 norway-930:4,4 mill euro spain-420:586400 K€ (2016) sweden-589:1,6 M Euro thenetherlands-803:k€ 400
norway-930:16 mill euro spain-420:15000 K€ (2016) sweden-589:400 000 EUR thenetherlands-803:€6 million unitedkingdom-661:1.78m Euro italy-856:337 milion Euros from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual amount. thenetherlands-803:250,000 unitedkingdom-661:3.2m Euros italy-856:4.113.545.843,00 Euros from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual amount. thenetherlands-803:ca 200.000 unitedkingdom-661:5.34m Euros italy-856:€ 913.065.194,00 from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual amount. thenetherlands-803:ca 200.000		norway-930 :210 mill euro spain-420 :243906 K€ (2016) sweden-589 :1,6 M Euro thenetherlands-803 :total budget (not annual) M€ 3,2
<pre>thenetherlands-803:250,000 unitedkingdom-661:3.2m Euros italy-856:4.113.545.843,00 Euros from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual amount. thenetherlands-803:ca 200.000 unitedkingdom-661:5.34m Euros italy-856:€ 913.065.194,00 from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual amount. thenetherlands-803:280.000</pre>		norway-930 :16 mill euro spain-420 :15000 K€ (2016) sweden-589 :400 000 EUR thenetherlands-803 :€6 million
<pre>thenetherlands-803:ca 200.000 unitedkingdom-661:5.34m Euros italy-856:€ 913.065.194,00 from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual amount. thenetherlands-803:280.000</pre>		thenetherlands-803:250,000
thenetherlands-803:280.000		thenetherlands-803:ca 200.000
		thenetherlands-803:280.000
italy-856 € 2.378.956.842,00 from 2014 to 2020. No specification on the annual amount. thenetherlands-803:app 350.000 (partly payed by Ministry)		thenetherlands-803:app 350.000 (partly payed by Ministry)
thenetherlands-803:2017: 245.000€, 2018/2019: 130.000€ What is the cyprus-235:We don't know	What is the	
annual czechrepublic-398:cca 14 MEUR budget for france-475:depends on the amount of financed projects CH italy-856:There is not a fixed budget for Cultural Heritage research. CH research is included in the pillar research in Social Sciences and Humanities, for which a budget of €27.572.463,00 is allocated.	budget for CH	france-475:depends on the amount of financed projects italy-856:There is not a fixed budget for Cultural Heritage research. CH research is included in the pillar

the programme ?	lithuania-656:There is not a fixed budget for Cultural Heritage research. Budget for CH research depends of suggested projects. norway-930:0,9 mill euro poland-459:Ca 20 million Euro poland-extra:Ca 10 million portugal-185:Not calculable romania-233:can slovakia-379:cca 0,5 MEUR spain-420:549 K€ (average of funded projects 2013-15, No specific allocation of budget for CH) sweden-589:1,6 thenetherlands-803:M€ 1,5 unitedkingdom-661:This scheme is open to applications from all areas of arts and humanities research within the council's remit. There is no designated budget for CH research. cyprus-235:400.000 euros czechrepublic-398:not specified - estimated 1-2 MEUR
	italy-856 .€ 82.852.262 (Cultural Heritage digitalization in Axis 1) is the broad amount of budget for actions in which Cultural Heritage research is included. Thereby there is no specific information on budget for
	Cultural Heritage research.
	norway-930 :not specified, varies according to applications, 10 % spain-420 :342 K€ (average of funded projects 2013-15, No specific allocation of budget for CH)
	sweden-589:1,6 M Euro available. The programme howevere covers cultur and cultural heritage. How much
	goes to CH varies for that reason. thenetherlands-803:k€ 400
	unitedkingdom-661 : This scheme is open to applications from all areas of arts and humanities research within the council's remit. There is no designated budget for CH research.
	italy-856 .€ 685.493.685,00 is the broad amount of budget for actions in which CH research is included. Thereby there is no specific information on budget for CH research. This amount refers to Axis 2 – Topic Projects, with the aim of enhancing research, technological development and innovation. More specifically, Action II is focused on new research infrastructures thereby including – as mentioned – ESFRI roadmap. norway-930 :1,8 mill euro
	spain-420:590 K€ (average of funded projects 2013-15, No specific allocation of budget for CH) sweden-589:1,6 M Euro
	thenetherlands-803:M€ 3,2
	unitedkingdom-661 : This scheme is open to applications from all areas of arts and humanities research within the council's remit. There is no designated budget for CH research.
	italy-856 .€ 140.568.582 is the budget for Axis 1 – Research and innovation. Of this amount, € 28.595.676 are allocated (over 2014 – 2020) to research activities which include also Cultural Heritage research. Thereby, there is no specific information on annual budget for Cultural Heritage research. norway-930 :0,25 mill euro spain-420 :175 K€ (2013) and 469 K€ (2015)
	sweden-589:400 000 EUR thenetherlands-803:part of it goes to research
	unitedkingdom-661 : This scheme is open to applications from all areas of arts and humanities research within the council's remit; there is no designated budget for CH Research.
	italy-856 : \pounds 114.187.378,00 is the budget for Axis 1 –Strengthening Research, Technological Development, and Innovation. Of this amount, \pounds 26.519.064 are allocated (over 2014 – 2020) to research activities which include also Cultural Heritage research. Thereby, there is no specific information on annual budget for Cultural Heritage research. thenetherlands-803:250,000
	unitedkingdom-661:Open scheme, no specific budget for CH
	italy-856 : \pounds 514.760.960,00 is the budget for Axis 1 – Research and Innovation. Of this amount, \pounds 176.862.868,00 are allocated (over 2014 – 2020) to research activities which include also Cultural Heritage research. Thereby, there is no specific information on annual budget for Cultural Heritage research. thenetherlands-803 :ca 200.000 unitedkingdom-661 :4.15m Euros
	italy-856 : $690.000.000,00$ is the budget for Axis 1 – Research and Innovation. Of this amount, $670.500.000,00$ are allocated (over 2014 – 2020) to research activities which include also Cultural Heritage research. Thereby, there is no specific information on annual budget for Cultural Heritage research. thenetherlands-803 :90.000

	unitedkingdom-661:Varies dependant on projects but approx 1.2m Euros
	italy-856 : \pounds 210.213.417,00 is the budget for Axis 1 – Research and Innovation. Of this amount, \pounds 59.706.560,00 are allocated (over 2014 – 2020) to research activities which include also Cultural Heritage research. Thereby, there is no specific information on annual budget for Cultural Heritage research. thenetherlands-803 :not specified
	thenetherlands-803:idem
What is the	cyprus-235:36 months
average duration of	czechrepublic-398:about 4,5 years france-475:36 months
a project?	italy-856:3 years
	lithuania-656:Maximum duration of the project 36 months
	norway-930:3 - 4 years poland-459:3 years
	poland-extra:3-5 years
	portugal-185:3 years romania-233:24 months
	slovakia-379:3 year
	spain-420:3
	sweden-589:2 years thenetherlands-803:4 years
	unitedkingdom-661:3 years
	cyprus-235:36 months
	italy-856:3 years
	norway-930:3 - 4 years spain-420:3
	sweden-589:3 years
	thenetherlands-803:1-4 unitedkingdom-661:2 years
	unteukinguoin-oo1.2 years
	italy-856:3 years
	norway-930:4 spain-420:3
	sweden-589:1,5 years
	thenetherlands-803:2-5 unitedkingdom-661:up to 2 years
	italy-856:2 years norway-930:3 -4
	spain-420:3
	sweden-589:2 years thenetherlands-803:ranges widely, but on average 2 years
	unitedkingdom-661:9 months
	italy-856:2 years
	thenetherlands-803:2 years
	unitedkingdom-661:1-2 years
	italy-856:2 years
	thenetherlands-803:one year
	unitedkingdom-661:1.3 years
	italy-856:2 years
	unitedkingdom-661:5+ years
	italy-856:2 years
	thenetherlands-803:a year
	thenetherlands-803:2,5 years
What is the	cyprus-235:150.000 euro
average	czechrepublic-398:cca 170 000 EUR

total	france-475:180 to 400 k€
budget per	italy-856:€1.000.000,00
project?	lithuania-656:84.000 EUR (for projects of the first call).
	norway-930 :0,5 - 1,0 mill euro
	poland-459:Minimum ca 120 000 Euro, without limit
	poland-extra:Minimum 120 thousand EURO
	portugal-185:Variable
	romania-233:210.000 Euros
	slovakia-379:0,08 MEUR
	spain-420 :56675 \in (average of funded projects 2013-15)
	sweden-589:68 000 EUR
	thenetherlands-803:k€ 300 unitedkingdom-661:587000 Euro
	unicukinguoin-oor.587000 Euro
	325 175 000
	cyprus-235:175.000 euros italy-856:Not applicable
	norway-930:1 mill euro
	spain-420:171135 € (average of funded projects 2013-15)
	thenetherlands-803:50000
	unitedkingdom-661:200000
	italy-856:Not applicable
	norway-930:1 mill euro
	spain-420:56166 € (average of funded projects 2013-15)
	sweden-589:-
	thenetherlands-803 :k€ 75 - k€ 372
	unitedkingdom-661:35000 Euro, with additional 17750 Euro available for International activity
	italy-856:Not applicable
	norway-930:1,2 mill euro
	spain-420 :58333 \in (2013) and 52080 \in (2015)
	sweden-589:70 000 EUR
	thenetherlands-803:ranges widely, but on average 50.000 unitedkingdom-661:85000 Euro for large awards. 28500 Euros for small awards. 69000 average across both
	strands.
	italy-856:Not applicable
	thenetherlands-803:125,000
	unitedkingdom-661:9500 Euros
	italy-856:Not applicable
	unitedkingdom-661:53000 Euros
	italy-856:Not applicable
	unitedkingdom-661:<120000 Euros
	italy-856:Not applicable
	thenetherlands-803:a year
	thenetherlands-803:€ 500.000,-
Does the	cyprus-235:Full costs
programme	czechrepublic-398:Full costs
cover full	france-475:Marginal costs
costs or	italy-856:Full costs
marginal costs of the	lithuania-656:Full costs
costs of the projects?	norway-930:Full costs poland-459:Full costs
projects?	poland-extra:Full costs
1	portugal-185:Full costs
	romania-233:Full costs
	slovakia-379:Full costs
	spain-420:Marginal costs
	sweden-589:Full costs
	thenetherlands-803:Full costs

	unitedkingdom-661:Marginal costs
	cyprus-235:Full costs czechrepublic-398:Full costs italy-856:Full costs norway-930:Full costs spain-420:Full costs sweden-589:Full costs thenetherlands-803:Full costs unitedkingdom-661:Marginal costs
	italy-856:Full costs norway-930:Full costs spain-420:Marginal costs sweden-589:Full costs thenetherlands-803:Full costs unitedkingdom-661:Marginal costs
	italy-856:Full costs norway-930:Full costs spain-420:Marginal costs sweden-589:Full costs thenetherlands-803:Marginal costs unitedkingdom-661:Marginal costs
	italy-856:Full costs thenetherlands-803:Full costs unitedkingdom-661:Full costs
	italy-856:Full costs thenetherlands-803:Full costs unitedkingdom-661:Marginal costs
	italy-856:Full costs thenetherlands-803:Full costs unitedkingdom-661:Marginal costs
	italy-856:Full costs thenetherlands-803:Full costs
	thenetherlands-803:Full costs
Is the programme	[✓ norway-930 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803] JPI CH
aligned to or	[✓ france-475 ✓ italy-856 ✓ portugal-185 ✓ romania-233 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589] H2020
influenced by other	[✓ france-475 ✓ italy-856 ✓ lithuania-656 ✓ poland-459]
national or internation al programme s or initiatives within CH?	france-475:national (government) demands italy-856:National programmes lithuania-656:National programmes poland-459:No unitedkingdom-661:AHRC strategy reflects/embeds elements of JPI-CH-SRA, and applicant communities reflect AHRC and other strategic agendas in their applications to responsive mode schemes.
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ italy-856] JPI CH
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ spain-420] H2020
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661]
	cyprus-235:all JPIs/ERANETs that RPF participates to

unitedkingdo	ds-803 :national knowledge agenda for museums om-661 :AHRC strategy reflects/embeds elements of JPI-CH-SRA, and applicant communities and other strategic agendas in their applications to responsive mode schemes.
[] JPI CH	
[🖌 italy-856	√ norway-930 √ spain-420] H2020
[🖌 thenethe	rlands-803 🖌 unitedkingdom-661
thenetherlan unitedkingdo reflect AHRC	er: national programmes ds-803:SRA Creative Industries m-661:AHRC strategy reflects/embeds elements of JPI-CH-SRA, and applicant communities and other strategic agendas in their applications to responsive mode schemes and highlight sponsive mode.
[🖌 spain-42	0 ✓ thenetherlands-803] JPI CH
[🖌 spain-42	0 ✓ thenetherlands-803] H2020
[🖌 unitedki	ngdom-661
unitedkingdo	er: regional programmes (Smart Specialization) m-661:AHRC strategy reflects/embeds elements of JPI-CH-SRA, and applicant communities and other strategic agendas in their applications to responsive mode schemes.
] JPI CH	
[] H2020	
[🖌 italy-856	✓ thenetherlands-803]
	er: regional programmes (Smart Specialization) ds-803:Programma Verbeteracties Archeologie (Improving Archaeologigal Heritage
[🖌 thenethe	rlands-803] JPI CH
[] H2020	
[🖌 italy-856	✓ unitedkingdom-661
	er: regional programmes (Smart Specialization) m-661:Historic England's strategy is in turn influenced by a number of wider strategic context
] JPI CH	
[] H2020	
[🖌 italy-856	✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661

	[] JPI CH
	[]H2020
	[🗸 italy-856]
	italy-856:Other: regional programmes (Smart Specialization)
	[🖌 thenetherlands-803] JPI CH
	[] H2020
	Π
	[] JPI CH
	[]H2020
	П
Which type of organizatio ns/instituti	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ france-475 ✓ lithuania-656 ✓ norway-930 ✓ poland-459 ✓ poland-extra ✓ portugal-185 ✓ romania-233 ✓ slovakia-379 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803] Research institutes
ons are eligible for funding?	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ france-475 ✓ italy-856 ✓ lithuania-656 ✓ norway-930 ✓ poland-459 ✓ poland-extra ✓ portugal-185 ✓ romania-233 ✓ slovakia-379 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] Universities
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ france-475 ✓ poland-extra ✓ portugal-185 ✓ romania-233] SME's
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ france-475 ✓ italy-856 ✓ lithuania-656 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661]
	cyprus-235:All organisations czechrepublic-398:All other research organizations france-475:NGOs italy-856:Public Research Bodies operating under MIUR's supervision. lithuania-656:Public research bodies (archives, museums etc.) sweden-589:Museums, authorities
	thenetherlands-803 :Museums unitedkingdom-661 :Independent Research Organisations (i.e. those outside HE possessing an existing in- house capacity to carry out and lead research programmes, other criteria apply).
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ italy-856 ✓ norway-930 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589] Research institutes
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ italy-856 ✓ norway-930 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] Universities
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ spain-420] SME's
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661]
	 cyprus-235:All organisations czechrepublic-398:Research institutions italy-856:museums and any public administration in the Cultural Heritage sector, as well as companies and SMEs in the cultural, creative and tourism sectors.

norway-930:NGO spain-420:Large companies
sweden-589:authorities
thenetherlands-803:Museums
unitedkingdom-661 :Independent Research Organisations (i.e. those outside HE possessing an existing inhouse capacity to carry out and lead research programmes, other criteria apply).
[✓ italy-856 ✓ norway-930 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803] Research institutes
√ italy-856 ✓ norway-930 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661
] Universities
[🖌 italy-856] SME's
[✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661]
sweden-589:Cultural heritage managers
thenetherlands-803:Universities of applied sciences
unitedkingdom-661: Independent Research Organisations (i.e. those outside HE possessing an existing in-
house capacity to carry out and lead research programmes, other criteria apply). Due to the networking and knowledge-exchange requirements for this scheme, it is expected that there are often partner organisations
within the project who do not meet these criteria; however, the PI must belong to a recognised RO or IRO.
[/ italy-856 / norway-930 / spain-420 / thenetherlands-803] Research institutes
[✓ italy-856 ✓ norway-930 ✓ spain-420 ✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] Universities
[✓ italy-856 ✓ norway-930 ✓ thenetherlands-803] SME's
[✓ norway-930 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661]
norway-930:Stakeholders, NGO
sweden-589:State Museums
thenetherlands-803: governments and heritage institutes, generally a combination of the above
unitedkingdom-661:AHRC accept applications from individuals employed by Research Organisations within Higher Education (i.e. those that receive grant funding from one of the UK HE funding bodies, or those that
have previously been funded by AHRC) and Independent Research Organisations (i.e. those outside HE
possessing an existing in-house capacity to carry out and lead research programmes, other criteria apply). Due
to the engagement and knowledge-exchange requirements for this scheme, it is expected that there are often
partner organisations within the project who do not meet these criteria; however, the PI must belong to a recognised RO or IRO.
[/ italy-856 / thenetherlands-803 / unitedkingdom-661] Research institutes
[🗸 italy-856 🖌 thenetherlands-803 🖌 unitedkingdom-661] Universities
[✓ italy-856] SME's
[✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661]
thenetherlands-803:Commercial research agencies
unitedkingdom-661:Museums, Galleries, Archives, Independent Scholars
[/ italy-856 / thenetherlands-803 / unitedkingdom-661] Research institutes
√ italy-856 ✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] Universities

	[✓ italy-856 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] SME's
	[🗸 unitedkingdom-661]
	unitedkingdom-661:Museums, Galleries, Archives, Local Authorities, Charities, Private Companies, and Consultancies
	[/ italy-856 / unitedkingdom-661] Research institutes
	[🖌 italy-856 🖌 unitedkingdom-661] Universities
	[🖌 italy-856 🖌 unitedkingdom-661] SME's
	[🗸 thenetherlands-803 🖌 unitedkingdom-661]
	thenetherlands-803:Ministry pays the CBS unitedkingdom-661:Museums, Galleries, Archives and others
	[/ italy-856] Research institutes
	[/ italy-856] Universities
	[🖌 italy-856] SME's
	[]
	[/ thenetherlands-803] Research institutes
	[] Universities
	[] SME's
	[🖌 thenetherlands-803]
	thenetherlands-803: Archives
	[] Research institutes
	[] Universities
	[] SME's
Describe the funded	[] [✓ cyprus-235 ✓ france-475 ✓ italy-856 ✓ lithuania-656 ✓ poland-459 ✓ poland-extra ✓ portugal- 185 ✓ spain-420 ✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] Fundamental science
research category.	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ france-475 ✓ norway-930 ✓ poland-459 ✓ poland-extra ✓ portugal-185 ✓ slovakia-379 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom- 661] Applied science
	[< cyprus-235 < france-475 < poland-459 < thenetherlands-803 < unitedkingdom-661] Innovative science
	[🗸 czechrepublic-398]

czechrepublic-398:Th eprojects may contain a part of fundamental or other research categories, main goal is applied science	
norway-930:Mainly applied, including some fundamental science (phd)	
unitedkingdom-661: Research Grants must be used to carry out research and related activities within the authors around by the AUPC, this could be either inputation fundamental or applied. Purely addreggical	
subjects covered by the AHRC; this could be either innovative, fundamental or applied. Purely pedagogical research is not supported by the AHRC, this is within the remit of the Economic and Social Research Council	
(ESRC).	
[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ norway-930 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ unitedkingdom-661]	
Fundamental science	
[/ cyprus-235 / unitedkingdom-661] Applied science	
[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ spain-420 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] Innovative science	
[✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661]	
thenetherlands-803:between fundamental and applied	
unitedkingdom-661:Leadership Fellowship awards must be used to carry out individual research which has	
the potential to generate a transformative impact on the Fellow's discipline; this could be either innovative,	
fundamental or applied. Purely pedagogical research is not supported by the AHRC, this is within the remit of the Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC). Innovative and collaborative leadership activities related	
to the Fellow's research are encouraged.	
[🗸 italy-856 🖌 norway-930 🖌 spain-420 🖌 thenetherlands-803] Fundamental science	
[✓ italy-856 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803] Applied science	
[v rady 600 v span 120 v sweden 605 v enchementands 600] repried science	
[✓ italy-856 ✓ thenetherlands-803] Innovative science	
[✓ unitedkingdom-661]	
unitedkingdom-661:Research Networking awards are designed to support discussions and exchange of ideas	
among groups comprising researchers and stakeholders; research that is carried out as part of these activities	
must be within the AHRC remit, and can be fundamental, theoretical or applied. Purely pedagogical research is not supported by the AHRC, this is within the remit of the Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC).	
[✓ italy-856 ✓ norway-930 ✓ spain-420 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] Fundamental science	
✓ italy-856 ✓ norway-930 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661	
] Applied science	
[/ italy-856 / spain-420 / thenetherlands-803 / unitedkingdom-661] Innovative science	
[🖌 thenetherlands-803 🖌 unitedkingdom-661]	
thenetherlands-803: policy research, other forms of innovation	
unitedkingdom-661:Follow-on Funding awards must be used to carry out individual research which has the	
potential to generate a transformative impact on the Fellow's discipline; this could be either innovative,	
potential to generate a transformative impact on the Fellow's discipline; this could be either innovative, fundamental or applied. Purely pedagogical research is not supported by the AHRC, this is within the remit of	1
potential to generate a transformative impact on the Fellow's discipline; this could be either innovative,	
potential to generate a transformative impact on the Fellow's discipline; this could be either innovative, fundamental or applied. Purely pedagogical research is not supported by the AHRC, this is within the remit of the Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC). Innovative and collaborative activities resulting from	
potential to generate a transformative impact on the Fellow's discipline; this could be either innovative, fundamental or applied. Purely pedagogical research is not supported by the AHRC, this is within the remit of the Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC). Innovative and collaborative activities resulting from existing research projects are encouraged. [✓ italy-856 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] Fundamental science	
potential to generate a transformative impact on the Fellow's discipline; this could be either innovative, fundamental or applied. Purely pedagogical research is not supported by the AHRC, this is within the remit of the Economic and Social Research Council (ESRC). Innovative and collaborative activities resulting from existing research projects are encouraged.	

	[🖌 italy-856 🖌 unitedkingdom-661] Innovative science
	[]
	[🖌 italy-856 🖌 thenetherlands-803] Fundamental science
	[✓ italy-856 ✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] Applied science
	[/ italy-856] Innovative science
	[/ thenetherlands-803]
	thenetherlands-803:Documentation and dissemination
	[/ italy-856] Fundamental science
	[/ italy-856] Applied science
	[/ italy-856] Innovative science
	[✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661]
	thenetherlands-803 :statistics unitedkingdom-661 :Archaeology (innovative and applied), including excavation, post-excavation, dissemination (including publication and archiving)
	[/ italy-856] Fundamental science
	[/ italy-856 / thenetherlands-803] Applied science
	[/ italy-856] Innovative science
	[]
	[/ thenetherlands-803] Fundamental science
	[/ thenetherlands-803] Applied science
	[/ thenetherlands-803] Innovative science
	[]
	[] Fundamental science
	[] Applied science
	[] Innovative science
	U
Is a	cyprus-235:Yes, requested
cooperatio	czechrepublic-398:Yes, required
n with stakeholder	france-475:No italy-856:No
s	lithuania-656:No
required/re	norway-930: Yes, requested
quested?	poland-459:No

poland-extra:No portugal-185: Yes, required romania-233:No slovakia-379:Yes, required spain-420:No sweden-589:Yes, requested thenetherlands-803:Yes, required unitedkingdom-661:No cyprus-235:No czechrepublic-398:No italy-856:No norway-930:No spain-420:Yes, required sweden-589:Yes, required thenetherlands-803: Yes, required unitedkingdom-661:No italy-856:Yes, requested norway-930:No spain-420:No sweden-589:No thenetherlands-803:Yes, required unitedkingdom-661:Yes, requested italy-856:No norway-930:Yes, requested spain-420:No sweden-589:Yes, requested thenetherlands-803:Yes, required unitedkingdom-661:No italy-856:Yes, requested thenetherlands-803:Yes, required unitedkingdom-661:No italy-856:Yes, requested thenetherlands-803:No unitedkingdom-661:Yes, required italy-856:Yes, requested thenetherlands-803:Yes, required unitedkingdom-661:Yes, required italy-856:Yes, requested thenetherlands-803:Yes, required thenetherlands-803:Yes, required cyprus-235:. Also, among others, the evaluators are requested to comment whether there is sufficient participation of enterprises and the private sector in general. czechrepublic-398: As users, data provider etc. france-475:some sweden-589:Encouraged but not obligatory unitedkingdom-661:Not necessarily a requirement but strongly encouraged and mechanisms in place to support project partner involvement as part of the scheme cyprus-235: It is not required but it is requested only when this is necessary for the project implementation italy-856:No, but stakeholders can participate in the partnership spain-420:Private companies are the main responsible of the projects, and market applicability of the results is a request of the programme unitedkingdom-661:Not necessarily a requirement but strongly encouraged and mechanisms in place to

	support project partner involvement as part of the scheme
	italy-856:Yes, it is among the evaluation criteria spain-420:It is considered as an added value unitedkingdom-661:Strongly encouraged and mechanisms in place to support project partner involvement as part of the scheme
	 norway-930:could be both requested and required spain-420:Depending on the transnational call unitedkingdom-661:Strongly encouraged and mechanisms in place to support project partner involvement as part of the scheme
	italy-856:Yes, it is among the evaluation criteria
	thenetherlands-803:Cultural Heritage Agency (RCE), Museum Association, Ministry of Education Science and Culture
Is internation al cooperatio n required/re quested?	cyprus-235:No czechrepublic-398:No france-475:No italy-856:No lithuania-666:No norway-930:Yes, requested poland-429:No portugal-185:No romania-233:No slovakia-759:Yes, required spain-420:No weden-589:No thenetherlands-603:No unitedkingdom-661:No cyprus-235:Yes, requested italy-866:Yes, requested morway-930:Yes, requested spain-420:No sweden-589:Yes, requested morway-930:Yes, required thenetherlands-603:No unitedkingdom-661:No thenetherlands-803:No unitedkingdom-661:No thenetherlands-803:No unitedkingdom-661:No thenetherlands-803:No unitedkingdom-661:No thenetherlands-803:No unitedkingdom-661:No thenetherlands-803:No unitedkingdom-661:No thenetherlands-803:No unitedkingdom-661:No thenetherlands-803:No unitedkingdom-661:No thenetherlands-803:No unitedkingdom-661:No thenetherlands-803:No unitedkingdom-661:No thenetherlands-803:No unitedkingdom-661:No

	italy-856:No thenetherlands-803:Yes, requested unitedkingdom-661:No
	italy-856:No thenetherlands-803:No
	thenetherlands-803:No
	cyprus-235 :It is not a pre-requisite france-475 :some unitedkingdom-661 :International cooperation is not required or requested; it will generally be supported if it is integral to the research and/or related activities. There are mechanisms to support this within the scheme. Additional criteria apply.
	cyprus-235 :It is a prerequisite to have international cooperation italy-856 :Yes, it is among the evaluation criteria unitedkingdom-661 :International cooperation is not required or requested; it will generally be supported if it is integral to the research and/or leadership activities.
	italy-856:Yes, it is among the evaluation criteria spain-420:It is considered as an added value unitedkingdom-661:International cooperation is not required or requested, owever the scheme makes specific additional funds available for international activity and collaboration; it will generally be supported if it is integral to the research and/or networking activities.
	spain-420 :Elegibility criteria, specific call for international cooperation projects unitedkingdom-661 :International cooperation is not required or requested; it will generally be encouraged as a means of extending impact and engagement, if it is integral to the research and/or related activities.
	italy-856: Yes, it is among the evaluation criteria
	thenetherlands-803 :European Group on Museum Statistics; Eurostat unitedkingdom-661 :Not required but encouraged where appropriate
Can internation	cyprus-235:Yes czechrepublic-398:Yes
al partners	france-475:Yes
be funded?	italy-856:No lithuania-656:No
	norway-930:Yes
	poland-459:No poland-extra:Yes
	portugal-185:No
	romania-233:No
	slovakia-379:No spain-420:No
	sweden-589:No
	thenetherlands-803:No unitedkingdom-661:Yes
	cyprus-235:No czechrepublic-398:Yes
	italy-856:No
	norway-930:Yes spain-420:No
	sweden-589:Yes
	thenetherlands-803:No unitedkingdom-661:No
	italy-856:No norway-930:Yes
	norway-930: Yes spain-420:No
	sweden-589:No

thenetherlands-803: unitedkingdom-661:	
italy-856:No	
norway-930:Yes	
spain-420:No	
sweden-589:No thenetherlands-803:	Ver
unitedkingdom-661:	
uniteuninguoin oor.	
italy-856:No	
thenetherlands-803:	
unitedkingdom-661:	res
italy-856:No	
thenetherlands-803:1	
unitedkingdom-661:	Yes
italy-856:No	
thenetherlands-803:1	No
unitedkingdom-661:	Yes
italy-856:No	
thenetherlands-803:1	No
thenetherlands-803:1	No
budget of the project of main activity is conduced czechrepublic-398:Pr france-475:depends of unitedkingdom-661: RO/IRO. International	onal partners can be funded as subcontractors and can get a maximum of 15% of the total only when they are Research Institutions (that is nonprofit organisations and one of their acting research).Other international partners can participate but without funding. rovided that the subject is able to communicate in Czech and obeys Czech legal duties on the agreements in force Yes, but the principal investigator must be employed by a UK-based recognised al co-investigators may be funded; international project partners who support but do not the research may not be funded.
	unds only the Cypriot partners n participate as associated partners and take part in the activities but not funded
•	Not as Co investigators, but some support possible as noted above.
italy 856. No they can	n participate as associated partners and take part in the activities but not funded.
sweden-589:No inform	
unitedkingdom-661:	Yes, with additional funds being available for the purpose, but the principal investigator
must be employed by	a UK-based recognised RO/IRO.
thenetherlands-803:	Focussed on Dutch situation and partners and in practice a foreign partner has not been
funded even though th	his could be a possibility
	Yes, but the principal investigator must be employed by a UK-based recognised
RO/IRO.	
unitedkingdom-661:	International partners can be named on the award and part of the budget can be used to
cover related research	i expenses
unitedkingdom-661:	As long as the focus of the research is England's Historic Environment
8 302 II	
unitedkingdom-661	International dissemination has previously been funded under the programme

C. Application/submission procedure

Programme name	cyprus-235:Excellence Hubs czechrepublic-398:NAKI II
	france-475:Appel générique
	italy-856:PRIN – Progetti di Ricerca di Rilevante Interesse Nazionale (Research
	Projects of National Interest)
	lithuania-656:Programme for Lithuanian Studies and Dissemination in 2016-2024
	norway-930:Environmental Research for a Green Transition (MILJØFORSK)
	portugal-185:R&D Projects
	romania-233:P4: Cercetare fundamentala si de frontiera/ Frontier and basic
	research, sub-programme Exploratory Research Projects
	spain-420:Proyectos I+D. Subprograma Estatal de Generación de Conocimiento
	sweden-589:Swedish National Heritage Board
	thenetherlands-803:NICAS
	unitedkingdom-661:AHRC Research Grants
	cyprus-235:European Initiatives - National Development
	czechrepublic-398:GACR
	italy-856:PON Cultura e Sviluppo 2014-2020 (NOP - National Operative
	Programme on Culture and Development)
	norway-930:Cultural conditions underlying social change (SAMKUL)
	spain-420:Proyectos I+D+i 'Retos Colaboración' sweden-589:Research Project Grant – Culture and Cultural Heritage Research
	thenetherlands-803:Museum Grants
	unitedkingdom-661:AHRC Leadership Fellowships
	italy \$56,000 Discuss a Inneurations 2014 2020 (NOD National Operative
	italy-856:PON Ricerca e Innovazione 2014-2020 (NOP - National Operative Programme on Research and Innovation)
	norway-930:Independent projects (FRIPRO)
	thenetherlands-803:Smart Culture - Arts and Culture
	unitedkingdom-661:AHRC Research Networking
	italy-856:POR – FESR Piano Operativo Regionale- Fondo Europeo di Sviluppo
	Regionale (ROP-ERDF - Regional Operative Programme-European Regional
	Development Funds) EMILIA-ROMAGNA 2014-2020
	norway-930:Large-scale Programme on Climate Research (KLIMAFORSK)
	spain-420: Acciones de Programacion Conjunta Internacional
	sweden-589:Research at Central Museums
	thenetherlands-803: Vision on Heritage and Spatial Planning
	unitedkingdom-661:AHRC Follow-on Funding for Impact and Engagement
	italy-856:POR – FESR Piano Operativo Regionale- Fondo Europeo di Sviluppo
	Regionale (ROP-ERDF - Regional Operative Programme-European Regional
	Development Funds) MARCHE 2014-2020
	thenetherlands-803:Oogst voor Malta (Valetta Harvest)
	unitedkingdom-661:BA/Leverhulme Small Research Grants
	italy-856:POR – FESR Piano Operativo Regionale- Fondo Europeo di Sviluppo
	Regionale (ROP-ERDF - Regional Operative Programme-European Regional
	Development Funds) CAMPANIA 2014-2020
	thenetherlands-803:MonumentenKennis
	unitedkingdom-661:HERITAGE PROTECTION COMMISSIONS
	italy-856:POR – FESR Piano Operativo Regionale- Fondo Europeo di Sviluppo
	Regionale (ROP-ERDF - Regional Operative Programme-European Regional
	Development Funds) LAZIO 2014-2020
	thenetherlands-803:no submission procedure
	unitedkingdom-661:Archaeology Programme (HES Grants scheme)

Formattato: Italiano (Italia)

	Regionale (ROP-ERDF - Regional Operative Programme-European Regional
	Development Funds) CALABRIA 2014-2020
	thenetherlands-803:no submission procedure
	thenetherlands-803:Triado
Is there a fixed timing for calls?	cyprus-235:No
	czechrepublic-398:Yes
	france-475:Yes
	italy-856:No
	lithuania-656: Yes
	norway-930:Yes
	poland-459:Yes
	poland-extra:Yes
	portugal-185:Yes romania-233:Yes
	slovakia-379:Yes
	spain-420:Yes
	sweden-589:Yes
	thenetherlands-803:Yes
	unitedkingdom-661:No
	cyprus-235:No
	czechrepublic-398:Yes
	italy-856:No
	norway-930:Yes
	spain-420:Yes
	sweden-589:Yes
	thenetherlands-803:Yes
	unitedkingdom-661:No
	italy-856:No
	norway-930:Yes
	spain-420:Yes
	sweden-589:Yes
	thenetherlands-803:Yes
	unitedkingdom-661:No
	italy-856:No
	norway-930:Yes
	spain-420:Yes
	sweden-589:Yes
	thenetherlands-803:Yes
	unitedkingdom-661:No
	italy-856:No
	thenetherlands-803:No
	unitedkingdom-661:Yes
	italy-856:No
	thenetherlands-803:No
	unitedkingdom-661:No
	σ
	italy-856:No
	thenetherlands-803:Yes
	unitedkingdom-661:Yes
	unitutkingu0iii-001.105
	4 1 076)
	italy-856:No
	thenetherlands-803:Yes
	thenetherlands-803:Yes
What is the proposal type?	cyprus-235:One step
~ ~ **	czechrepublic-398:One step
	france-475: Two step

1	
	italy-856:One step
	lithuania-656:One step norway-930:One step
	poland-459:One step
	poland-extra:One step
	portugal-185:One step
	romania-233:One step
	slovakia-379:One step
	spain-420:One step
	sweden-589:One step
	thenetherlands-803:One step
	unitedkingdom-661:One step
	225 Theorem
	cyprus-235:Two step
	czechrepublic-398:One step italy-856:One step
	norway-930:One step
	spain-420:One step
	sweden-589:One step
	thenetherlands-803:One step
	unitedkingdom-661:One step
	italy-856:One step
1	norway-930:One step
	spain-420:One step
	sweden-589:One step
	thenetherlands-803:One step unitedkingdom-661:One step
	uniteringuoni-oor.one step
	italy-856:One step
	norway-930:One step
	spain-420:Two step
	sweden-589:One step
	thenetherlands-803:One step
	unitedkingdom-661:One step
	italy-856:One step
	thenetherlands-803:Two step
	unitedkingdom-661:One step
	italy-856:One step
	thenetherlands-803:One step
	unitedkingdom-661:Two step
	italy-856:One step
	thenetherlands-803:One step unitedkingdom-661:One step
	unitedkingdom-661:One step
	italy-856:One step
	thenetherlands-803:One step
	area and a step
	thenetherlands-803:One step
Is there a formal structure for	cyprus-235:Yes
applications in the form of	czechrepublic-398:Yes
an application form?	france-475:Yes
**	italy-856:Yes
	lithuania-656:Yes
	norway-930:Yes
	poland-459:Yes
	poland-extra:Yes
	portugal-185:Yes romania-233:Yes
	slovakia-379:Yes
	spain-420:Yes
L	

	sweden-589:Yes thenetherlands-803:Yes unitedkingdom-661:Yes	
	cyprus-235:No czechrepublic-398:Yes italy-856:Yes norway-930:Yes spain-420:Yes sweden-589:Yes thenetherlands-803:Yes unitedkingdom-661:Yes	
	italy-856:Yes norway-930:Yes spain-420:Yes sweden-589:Yes thenetherlands-803:Yes unitedkingdom-661:Yes	
	italy-856:Yes norway-930:Yes spain-420:Yes sweden-589:Yes thenetherlands-803:Yes unitedkingdom-661:Yes	
	italy-856:Yes thenetherlands-803:Yes unitedkingdom-661:Yes	
	italy-856:Yes thenetherlands-803:No unitedkingdom-661:No	
	italy-856:Yes thenetherlands-803:Yes unitedkingdom-661:Yes	
	italy-856:Yes thenetherlands-803:Yes	
Can proposals be submitted in English?	thenetherlands-803:Yes cyprus-235:Yes, they must czechrepublic-398:No, they cannot france-475:Yes, they can italy-856:Yes, they can lithuania-656:No, they cannot norway-930:Yes, they must poland-459:No, they cannot poland-extra:No, they cannot portugal-185:Yes, they can romania-233:No, they cannot slovakia-379:Yes, they can spain-420:Yes, they can sweden-589:Yes, they can thenetherlands-803:Yes, they must unitedkingdom-661:Yes, they must	
	cyprus-235:Yes, they must czechrepublic-398:Yes, they can italy-856:No, they cannot norway-930:Yes, they must spain-420:No, they cannot	

sweden-589:Yes, they can thenetherlands-803:No, they cannot unitedkingdom-661:Yes, they must

italy-856:No, they cannot norway-930:Yes, they must spain-420:Yes, they can sweden-589:Yes, they can thenetherlands-803:Yes, they must unitedkingdom-661:Yes, they must

italy-856:No, they cannot norway-930:Yes, they must spain-420:Yes, they can sweden-589:Yes, they can thenetherlands-803:No, they cannot unitedkingdom-661:Yes, they must

italy-856:No, they cannot thenetherlands-803:Yes, they can unitedkingdom-661:Yes, they must

italy-856:No, they cannot thenetherlands-803:No, they cannot unitedkingdom-661:Yes, they must

italy-856:No, they cannot thenetherlands-803:Yes, they can unitedkingdom-661:Yes, they must

italy-856:No, they cannot thenetherlands-803:Yes, they can

thenetherlands-803:Yes, they can

D. Evaluation procedure of full proposals

Please fill in one table per research programme defined in section B.

Programme name	cyprus-235:Excellence Hubs
	czechrepublic-398:NAKI II
	france-475:Appel générique
	italy-856:PRIN – Programmi di Ricerca di Interesse Nazionale (Research
	Projects of national interest)
	norway-930 :Environmental Research for a Green Transition
	(MILJØFORSK)
	portugal-185:R&D Projects
	romania-233:P4: Cercetare fundamentala si de frontiera/ Frontier and basic
	research, sub-programme Exploratory Research Projects
	spain-420:Provectos I+D. Subprograma Estatal de Generación de
	Conocimiento
	sweden-589:Swedish National Heritage Board Research and Development
	programme for 2017-2021
	thenetherlands-803:NICAS
	unitedkingdom-661:AHRC Research Grants
	cyprus-235:European Initiatives - National Development
	italy-856:PON Cultura e Sviluppo 2014-2020 (NOP - National Operative
	Programme on Culture and Development)
	norway-930:Cultural conditions underlying social change (SAMKUL)
	spain-420:Proyectos I+D+i 'Retos Colaboración'
	sweden-589: Research Project Grant - Culture and Cultural Heritage
	Research
	thenetherlands-803:Museum grants
	unitedkingdom-661:AHRC Leadership Fellowships
	italy-856:PON Ricerca e Innovazione 2014-2020 (NOP - National Operative
	Programme on Research and Innovation)
	spain-420:Proyectos de I+D. 'Retos Investigación'
	unitedkingdom-661:AHRC Research Networking
	italy-856:POR – FESR Piano Operativo Regionale- Fondo Europeo di
	Sviluppo Regionale (ROP-ERDF - Regional Operative Programme-
	European Regional Development Funds) EMILIA-ROMAGNA 2014-2020
	norway-930:Large-scale Programme on Climate Research
	(KLIMAFORSK)
	spain-420: Acciones de Programacion Conjunta Internacional
	sweden-589:Research at Central Museums thenether lends 803. Vision on Heritage and Spatial Planning
	thenetherlands-803:Vision on Heritage and Spatial Planning unitedkingdom-661:AHRC Follow-on Funding for Impact and Engagement
	unitersinguoin-oor.Arrice ronow-on runding for impact and Engagement
	italy-856:POR – FESR Piano Operativo Regionale- Fondo Europeo di
	Sviluppo Regionale (ROP-ERDF - Regional Operative Programme-
	European Regional Development Funds) MARCHE 2014-2020
	thenetherlands-803:Oogst voor Malta (Valetta Harvest) unitedkingdom-661:BA/Leverhulme Small Research Grants
	uniteringuoin-oor. DAv Leventunne Sinan Research Orants
	italy-856:POR – FESR Piano Operativo Regionale- Fondo Europeo di
	Sviluppo Regionale (ROP-ERDF - Regional Operative Programme-
	European Regional Development Funds) CAMPANIA 2014-2020
	unitedkingdom-661:HERITAGE PROTECTION COMMISSIONS
	italy-856:POR -FESR Piano Operativo Regionale- Fondo Europeo di
	Sviluppo Regionale (ROP-ERDF - Regional Operative Programme-
	European Regional Development Funds) LAZIO 2014-2020

	unitedkingdom-661:Archaeology Programme (HES Grants scheme)
	italy-856:POR -FESR Piano Operativo Regionale- Fondo Europeo di
	Sviluppo Regionale (ROP-ERDF - Regional Operative Programme-
	European Regional Development Funds) CALABRIA 2014-2020
	thenetherlands-803:Triado
Who is evaluating applications ?	Internal (within the responsible institution)
	[✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ poland-459 ✓ slovakia-379] Evaluators
	[✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ poland-459] A panel
	External (outside the responsible institution)
	[✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ france-475 ✓ italy-856 ✓ poland-extra
	✓ slovakia-379 ✓ spain-420] National evaluators
	✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ italy-856 ✓ lithuania-656 ✓ norway-930
	✓ spain-420] National panel
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ france-475 ✓ italy-856
	✓ norway-930 ✓ thenetherlands-803] International evaluators
	[✓ france-475 ✓ norway-930 ✓ portugal-185 ✓ thenetherlands-803] International panel
	A mixture
	[✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ romania-233 ✓ sweden-589
	✓ unitedkingdom-661] A mixture. Please describe below
	[< czechrepublic-398] Evaluators
	[✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ italy-856] A panel
	External (outside the responsible institution)
	[]
	[✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ spain-420] National evaluators
	[✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ spain-420 ✓ thenetherlands-803] National
	panel
	[✓ czechrepublic-398] International evaluators
	[✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ norway-930] International panel
	A mixture
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ unitedkingdom-
	661] A mixture. Please describe below
	[] Evaluators
	[✓ italy-856] A panel
	External (outside the responsible institution)
	[🖌 spain-420] National evaluators

Formattato: Italiano (Italia)

[✓ spain-420 ✓ thenetherlands-803] National panel
[/ thenetherlands-803] International evaluators
[v norway-930] International panel A mixture
[✓ sweden-589 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] A mixture. Please describe below
[/ thenetherlands-803] Evaluators
[✓ italy-856 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803] A panel External (outside the responsible institution)
[/ italy-856 / spain-420] National evaluators
[✓ spain-420] National panel
[✓ norway-930 ✓ spain-420] International evaluators
[v norway-930] International panel A mixture
[vunitedkingdom-661] A mixture. Please describe below
[/ thenetherlands-803 / unitedkingdom-661] Evaluators
[✓ italy-856 ✓ thenetherlands-803] A panel External (outside the responsible institution)
[/ italy-856] National evaluators
[] National panel
[] International evaluators
[] International panel A mixture
[] A mixture. Please describe below
[vinitedkingdom-661] Evaluators
[✓ italy-856 ✓ thenetherlands-803] A panel External (outside the responsible institution)
[/ italy-856] National evaluators
[] National panel
[] International evaluators
[] International panel

A mixture
[🖌 unitedkingdom-661] A mixture. Please describe below
[vunitedkingdom-661] Evaluators
[✓ italy-856 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] A panel External (outside the responsible institution)
[/ italy-856] National evaluators
[] National panel
[] International evaluators
[] International panel A mixture
[] A mixture. Please describe below
[] Evaluators
[✓ italy-856] A panel External (outside the responsible institution)
[/ italy-856] National evaluators
[] National panel
[] International evaluators
[] International panel A mixture
[] A mixture. Please describe below
[/ thenetherlands-803] Evaluators
[/ thenetherlands-803] A panel External (outside the responsible institution)
[/ thenetherlands-803] National evaluators
[] National panel
[] International evaluators
[] International panel A mixture
[] A mixture. Please describe below
[] Evaluators
[] A panel

External (outside the responsible institution)

[] National evaluators

[] National panel

[] International evaluators

[] International panel **A mixture**

[] A mixture. Please describe below

Provide a number of evaluators or explain:

czechrepublic-398:International evaluators are invited provided they can read Czech france-475:3 reviewers per project, 2 panelists per underprogramme italy-856:3 external experts per project plus a selection committee for the consensus report norway-930. Normally a panel of 5 -6 international experts evalute the scientific quallity of each application. The national panel evaluates the societal impact poland-extra:2-3 evaluators and panel portugal-185:On FCT's funding schemes, launched through competitive calls for proposals, the evaluation consists on rigorous peer-review processes by independent (international) reviewers. romania-233: As a common rule, the number of evaluators per project is 3 or max 5. They are picked up from a database open for inscriptions both to national and international experts. It means that in an evaluation team per project could be also international evaluators. slovakia-379:3 spain-420:4 external evaluators per project, and final decission by a panel sweden-589:Scientific excellence, experiece, methods, management, resources are evalueted by external national evaluators (reserchers), relevance to heritage work is evaluted internally by a working group. International evaulators are used on an exceptional basis. thenetherlands-803: Evaluation by internationale experts, ranking by international panel unitedkingdom-661: The applications are first sifted by the AHRC to ensure that they meet the published eligibility criteria. All proposals are considered by a minimum of two members of the AHRC's Peer Review College (PRC) within the subject area of the application; subject-area specialists from outside the PRC may be consulted if insufficient PRC members are available. The proposals are graded, according to criteria set by the AHRC, and then returned to the AHRC who convene an award panel to decide whether or not to award funding, based on the information provided by the PRC. The PRC and panel may contain international members, but the majority are employed by UK Research Organisations. cyprus-235: The evaluation procedure followed is the one of the relevant JPI/ERANET/Art.185. The RPF does not evaluate the proposals nationally but follows the evaluation of each JPI/ERANET/Art.185 spain-420:2-3 External evaluators per project, and final decission by a panel sweden-589:Panels with national and international evaluators are used. unitedkingdom-661: The applications are first sifted by the AHRC to ensure that they meet the published eligibility criteria. All proposals are considered by a minimum of three members of the AHRC's Peer Review College (PRC) within the subject area of the application; subject-area specialists from outside the PRC may be consulted if insufficient PRC members are available. The proposals are graded, according to criteria set by the AHRC, and then returned to the AHRC who convene an award panel to decide

whether or not to award funding, based on the information provided by the

	PRC. The PRC and panel may contain international members, but the majority are employed by UK Research Organisations.
	spain-420 :4 external evaluators per project, and final decission by a panel sweden-589 :A new model is under development with external evaluators unitedkingdom-661 :The applications are first sifted by the AHRC to ensure that they meet the published eligibility criteria. All proposals are considered by a minimum of two members of the AHRC's Peer Review College (PRC) within the subject area of the application; subject-area specialists from outside the PRC may be consulted if insufficient PRC members are available. The reviews are moderated and the proposals ranked by a third member of the PRC, and the final funding decision is then made by the AHRC, based on the scores and ranking. The PRC may contain international members, but the majority are employed by UK Research Organisations.
	 spain-420:Scientific evaluation is carried out at international level. The national level verifies the elegibility criteria thenetherlands-803:a combination of internal programme managers, experts, responsible officers from the Ministry of Culture, and financial controllers unitedkingdom-661:The applications are first sifted by the AHRC to ensure that they meet the published eligibility criteria. For awards over 35500 Euros, all proposals are considered by a minimum of two members of the AHRC's Peer Review College (PRC) within the subject area of the application; subject-area specialists from outside the PRC may be consulted if insufficient PRC members are available. The proposals are graded, according to criteria set by the AHRC, and then returned to the AHRC who convene an awards panel to decide whether or not to award funding, based on the information provided by the PRC. Applications for awards less than or equal to 35500 Euros, the applications are reviewed directly by the awards panel, without evaluation by the PRC. The panel may contain international members, but the majority are employed by UK Research Organisations.
	unitedkingdom-661:External evaluators are not used for this scheme. All applications assessed by Fellows of the British Academy
	unitedkingdom-661 :Primarily but not exclusively internal, no bar on international evaluators being involved if appropriate
Where are evaluators selected from?	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ france-475 ✓ lithuania-656 ✓ norway-930 ✓ poland-459 ✓ poland-extra ✓ portugal-185 ✓ romania-233 ✓ slovakia-379 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] University
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ france-475 ✓ lithuania-656 ✓ norway-930 ✓ poland-459 ✓ poland-extra ✓ portugal-185 ✓ romania-233 ✓ slovakia-379 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803] Research institutions
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ norway-930] Government
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ norway-930 ✓ romania-233] NGO's
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ norway-930 ✓ romania-233] SME
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803

✓ unitedkingdom-661

cyprus-235:Every organization/enterprise etc as long as they have the expertise to evaluate a proposal italy-856:REPRISE, Register of Expert Peer-Reviewers for Italian Scientific Evaluation, established at the Italian Ministry of Education, University, and Research (MIUR), is a register of Italian and foreign independent scientific experts. sweden-589:Swedish National Heritage Board, museums, authorities thenetherlands-803:Museums unitedkingdom-661: The reviewers are selected from the AHRC's Peer Review College (PRC), which comprises c.1200 researchers of high standing within their subject area. Most but not all are employed by UK Research Organisations. ✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ norway-930 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661 University ✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ norway-930 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803] Research institutions [✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ italy-856] Government [✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398] NGO's [✓ cyprus-235] SME [✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] czechrepublic-398:Int Journal Reviewers thenetherlands-803:Museums unitedkingdom-661: The reviewers are selected from the AHRC's Peer Review College (PRC), which comprises c.1200 researchers of high standing within their subject area. Most but not all are employed by UK Research Organisations. ✓ norway-930 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661 University ✓ norway-930 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803] Research institutions [/ italy-856] Government] NGO's SME 【 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661 sweden-589:authorities thenetherlands-803: Universities ofr applied sciences unitedkingdom-661: The reviewers are selected from the AHRC's Peer Review College (PRC), which comprises c.1200 researchers of high standing within their subject area. Most but not all are employed by UK Research Organisations.

[✓ norway-930 ✓ spain-420] Research institutions
[/ thenetherlands-803] Government
[]NGO's
[] SME
[✓ italy-856 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ unitedkingdom-661]
italy-856:Other – regional agencies sweden-589:Internal staff unitedkingdom-661:The reviewers are selected from the AHRC's Peer Review College (PRC), which comprises c.1200 researchers of high standing within their subject area. Most but not all are employed by UK Research Organisations.
[] University
[] Research institutions
[✓ thenetherlands-803] Government
[]NGO's
[] SME
[✓ italy-856 ✓ unitedkingdom-661]
italy-856:Other – regional agencies unitedkingdom-661:External evaluators are not used for this scheme. Al applications assessed by Fellows of the British Academy
[✓ thenetherlands-803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] University
[/ thenetherlands-803] Research institutions
[✓ thenetherlands-803] Government
[]NGO's
[] SME
[🖌 italy-856]
italy-856:Other – regional agencies unitedkingdom-661:External evauators when used are primarily from Universities, but anyone with relevant subject expertise is eligible to be involved
[] University
[] Research institutions

	[] Government	
	[]NGO's	
	[] SME	
	[🖌 italy-856]	
	italy-856:Other – regional agencies	
	[] University	
	[] Research institutions	
	[] Government	
	[]NGO's	
	[] SME	
	[🖌 italy-856]	
	italy-856:Other – regional agencies	
	[] University	
	[/ thenetherlands-803] Research institutions	
	[] Government	
	[] NGO's	
	[] SME	
	[🖌 thenetherlands-803]	
	thenetherlands-803:Archives	
	[] University	
	[] Research institutions	
	[] Government	
	[]NGO's	
	[] SME	
	0	
What are the most relevant evaluation criteria?	Scientific excellence/merit	
Tip: use the sliders to adjust the	czechrepublic-398: <u>*********</u>	
relative weights	france-475: <u>************************************</u>	
	norway-930:*********	

poland-459:***** portugal-185:********* romania-233:******** slovakia-379:******* sweden-589:******** thenetherlands-803:****** unitedkingdom-661:********

Scientific experience of the research group

czechrepublic-398:******* france-475:* lithuania-656:****** norway-930:***** poland-459:***** portugal-185:******* romania-233:******* slovakia-379:******* sweden-589:******* unitedkingdom-661:****

Complementarity of the research group

czechrepublic-398:******* lithuania-656:******* norway-930:****** romania-233:**** slovakia-379:****** sweden-589:******* unitedkingdom-661:*******

Multidisciplinary approach of the project

Project management

czechrepublic-398:******* france-475:* lithuania-656:***** norway-930:***** poland-459:** romania-233:***** slovakia-379:*** sweden-589:******* unitedkingdom-661:*******

Resource management

czechrepublic-398:********* lithuania-656:***** norway-930:**** poland-459:** romania-233:*** slovakia-379:*** sweden-589:********

unitedkingdom-661:*******

Societal value/expected impact

czechrepublic-398:***** france-475:*** lithuania-656:******* norway-930:***** slovakia-379:** sweden-589:******* thenetherlands-803:** unitedkingdom-661:********

International cooperation

czechrepublic-398:** france-475:** lithuania-656:** norway-930:**** romania-233:** slovakia-379:***** unitedkingdom-661:***

Dissemination and communication plan

czechrepublic-398:********* lithuania-656:***** norway-930:****** poland-459:** romania-233:*** slovakia-379:*** sweden-589:******* unitedkingdom-661:*******

Relevance to the call

czechrepublic-398:********* france-475:***** lithuania-656:***** norway-930:******** poland-459:******** romania-233:******** slovakia-379:******* slovakia-379:******* thenetherlands-803:*** unitedkingdom-661:******

Other

cyprus-235:In general there are three criteria: Excellence 50%, Added Value and Benefit 20% and Implementation 30%.
italy-856:Other Evaluation criteria are: - Quality of the research project: innovative nature and methodology (max 8 points). International relevance and synergies with H2020 projects are also taken into account. - Quality of the research team, feasibility of the work plan and adequacy of the budget to the objectives of the project (max 4 points). - Impact of the project (max 3 points).
norway-930:Overall assessment of the referee/panel poland-extra: a) the degree of compliance of proposals with the objectives and scope of the program (0-5 points); b) the importance of the subject application for priority sector (0-5 points); c) the scientific value of the project (0-20 points); d) scientific achievements of the project manager (0-5

points); e) The members of the team in the scope of work specified in the program, ie. documentation, editing, glossary or bibliography (0-5 points); f) the importance of the planned test results for other work on the Polish cultural heritage (0-5 points); g) the impact of the project on the development of young scientists (0-5 points). **portugal-185**:Feasibility of the work plan and reasonableness of the budget | Contribution to the body of knowledge and competence of the National Science and Technology System | Potential economic value of the technology (when appropriate) **spain-420**:Attached in a separate Excel file **sweden-589**:Degree of innovation

Scientific excellence/merit

italy-856:******* norway-930:********* sweden-589:******** thenetherlands-803:***** unitedkingdom-661:******

Scientific experience of the research group

norway-930:<u>********</u> sweden-589:<u>*********</u>

Complementarity of the research group

norway-930:*******

Multidisciplinary approach of the project

italy-856:<u>*******</u> norway-930:<u>*****</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>*******</u>

Project management

norway-930:<u>******</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>********</u>

Resource management

norway-930:<u>*****</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>*********</u>

Societal value/expected impact

italy-856:<u>*******</u> norway-930:<u>*******</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>********</u>

International cooperation

italy-856:<u>**</u> norway-930:<u>*****</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>*******</u>

Dissemination and communication plan

norway-930:<u>******</u> thenetherlands-803:<u>**</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>********</u>

Relevance to the call

italy-856;*** norway-930:******** sweden-589:******** thenetherlands-803:*** unitedkingdom-661:********

Other

cyprus-235:Each JPI/ERANET/Art.185 has its own evaluation criteria italy-856:- consistency of the costs - Capacity of achieving the expected results of the programme norway-930:Overall assessment of the referee/panel spain-420:Attached in a separate Excel file sweden-589:Novelty and originality unitedkingdom-661:Research/Subject community leadership activities

Scientific excellence/merit

italy-856:********* norway-930:******** sweden-589:******** thenetherlands-803:****** unitedkingdom-661:********

Scientific experience of the research group

norway-930:<u>*****</u> sweden-589:<u>******</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>********</u>

Complementarity of the research group

unitedkingdom-661:*******

Multidisciplinary approach of the project

italy-856:<u>*****</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>*****</u>

Project management

Resource management

norway-930:<u>*****</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>*******</u>

Societal value/expected impact

italy-856:******

unitedkingdom-661:********

International cooperation

italy-856:<u>*****</u> norway-930:<u>*****</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>*****</u>

Dissemination and communication plan

sweden-589:<u>**********</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>*********</u>

Relevance to the call

italy-856:*** sweden-589:******** thenetherlands-803:***** unitedkingdom-661:********

Other

italy-856:: - consistency of the costs - Consistency of actions with the European Research Area objectives and priorities - Contribution to the development of innovation clusters - Long –term sustainability - Public-private partnership - Capacity of achieving the expected results of the programme norway-930:overall assessment

spain-420:Attached in a separate Excel file

Scientific excellence/merit

italy-856:<u>*****</u> norway-930:<u>***********</u> sweden-589:<u>*********</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>*********</u>

Scientific experience of the research group

Complementarity of the research group

norway-930:<u>*****</u> thenetherlands-803:<u>***********</u> unitedkingdom-661.<u>*********</u>

Multidisciplinary approach of the project

norway-930:<u>*****</u> thenetherlands-803:<u>***********</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>*****</u>

Project management

norway-930:<u>*****</u>

thenetherlands-803: *********

unitedkingdom-661:*******

Resource management

norway-930:<u>*****</u> thenetherlands-803:<u>**********</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>********</u>

Societal value/expected impact

italy-856:****** norway-930:****** sweden-589:******* thenetherlands-803:******** unitedkingdom-661:*********

International cooperation

norway-930:<u>*******</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>***</u>

Dissemination and communication plan

norway-930:****** sweden-589:******** thenetherlands-803:******** unitedkingdom-661:********

Relevance to the call

norway-930:<u>*********</u> thenetherlands-803:<u>**********</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>**********</u>

Other

italy-856:consistency of the costs - Consistency of actions with the Regional strategy for development - Contribution to the development of innovation clusters norway-930:overall assessment spain-420:Attached in a separate Excel file thenetherlands-803:cofinancing, usability of results to other localities/initiatives

Scientific excellence/merit

italy-856: <u>**************</u> thenetherlands-803: <u>***********</u> unitedkingdom-661: <u>***********</u>

Scientific experience of the research group

thenetherlands-803:********* unitedkingdom-661:********

Complementarity of the research group

unitedkingdom-661:****

Multidisciplinary approach of the project

unitedkingdom-661:***

Project management

thenetherlands-803:<u>*********</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>*******</u>

Resource management

unitedkingdom-661:******

Societal value/expected impact

italy-856:<u>**********</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>*</u>

International cooperation

italy-856:<u>***</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>**</u>

Dissemination and communication plan

unitedkingdom-661:*****

Relevance to the call

unitedkingdom-661:*******

Other

italy-856:consistency of the costs - Consistency of actions with the Regional strategy for development - Contribution to the development of innovation clusters thenetherlands-803:Price: 10%

Scientific excellence/merit

unitedkingdom-661:***

Scientific experience of the research group

unitedkingdom-661:*******

Complementarity of the research group

unitedkingdom-661:****

Multidisciplinary approach of the project

unitedkingdom-661:**

Project management

unitedkingdom-661:******

Resource management

unitedkingdom-661:******

Societal value/expected impact

unitedkingdom-661:*********

International cooperation

0

Dissemination and communication plan

unitedkingdom-661:*****

Relevance to the call

unitedkingdom-661:*********

Other

italy-856:Complementarity with the national research infrastructures plan -Capacity of valorizing the research networks according to the JTI and PPP view - Quality of both the industrial development plan and the industrial technological transfer plan - Number of young researchers in the team -International relevance of the research infrastructure - Capacity of attracting high tech investment - Links to H2020 programme - Capacity of triggering local development processes - positive spillovers on local entrepreneurial sector - international networks and private-public partnership thenetherlands-803:Compliance with the aims of the programme unitedkingdom-661:Historic England do not wish for lower scores to be interpreted as meaning these criteria are not important, they pointed out all these criteria are important, but this is the relative priority.

Scientific excellence/merit

unitedkingdom-661:*****

Scientific experience of the research group

unitedkingdom-661:***

Complementarity of the research group

unitedkingdom-661:**

Multidisciplinary approach of the project

unitedkingdom-661:*

Project management

unitedkingdom-661:******

Resource management

unitedkingdom-661:********

Societal value/expected impact

italy-856:<u>**********</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>****</u>

International cooperation

unitedkingdom-661:*

Dissemination and communication plan

unitedkingdom-661:****

Relevance to the call

italy-856:<u>******</u> unitedkingdom-661:<u>**********</u>

Other

italy-856:- impact in terms of IPR (patents) - disadvantaged categories in the team (women for example) unitedkingdom-661:Very High: relevance to archaeology strategy

Scientific excellence/merit

italy-856:<u>*******</u>

Scientific experience of the research group

italy-856:<u>*****</u>

Complementarity of the research group

0

Multidisciplinary approach of the project

0

Project management

italy-856:<u>****</u>

Resource management

0

Societal value/expected impact

italy-856:*********

International cooperation
0
Dissemination and communication plan
0
Relevance to the call
0
Other
italy-856 :Complementarity with the national research infrastructures plan and the Smart Specialization Strategy - capacity of strengthening the collaboration with local companies - Capacity of attracting high tech investment - Capacity of entering international research networks - Financial sustainability of the proposal - disadvantaged categories in the team (women for example)
Scientific excellence/merit
thenetherlands-803: ******
Scientific experience of the research group
0
Complementarity of the research group
0
Multidisciplinary approach of the project
thenetherlands-803: *****
Project management
0
Resource management
0
Societal value/expected impact
thenetherlands-803:**
International cooperation
0
Dissemination and communication plan

0
Relevance to the call
thenetherlands-803: <u>****</u>
Other
Scientific excellence/merit
0
Scientific experience of the research group
0
Complementarity of the research group
0
Multidisciplinary approach of the project
0
Project management
0
Resource management
0
Societal value/expected impact
0
International cooperation
0
Dissemination and communication plan
0
Relevance to the call
0
Other

E. Monitoring and review of ongoing projects

Please describe the monitoring and review process (mid-term and final) of granted projects per research programme defined in section B

Is there a requirement for a progress report?	[] No		
	[✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ norway-930 ✓ poland-459 ✓ poland-extra ✓ portugal-185 ✓ slovakia-379 ✓ sweden-589] Yes, annual		
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ france-475 ✓ lithuania-656 ✓ romania-233 ✓ spain- ✓ thenetherlands-803] Yes, mid-term	420	
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ france-475 ✓ italy-856 ✓ norwa ✓ romania-233 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] Yes	-	
	[🗸 unitedkingdom-661]		
	unitedkingdom-661 :A final expenditure statement is submitted by the Princip Investigator. Additionally, the participants are expected to submit details of the research outcomes on the Research Councils UK 'Gateway to Research' webs and via the ResearchFish reporting tool.	ne	
	[] No		
	[✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ norway-930 ✓ spain-420] Yes, annual		
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ thenetherlands-803] Yes, mid-te	erm	
	[✓ cyprus-235 ✓ czechrepublic-398 ✓ norway-930 ✓ spain-420 ✓ swe 589 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] Yes, final	eden-	
	[✓ italy-856 ✓ unitedkingdom-661]		
	italy-856 :Yes, a 6 monthly report unitedkingdom-661 :A final expenditure statement is submitted by the Fellow Additionally, the Fellow is expected to submit details of the research outcome the Research Councils UK 'Gateway to Research' website, and via the ResearchFish reporting tool.		
	[] No		
	[✓ norway-930] Yes, annual		
	[✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-803] Yes, mid-term		
	[✔ norway-930 ✔ spain-420 ✔ sweden-589 ✔ unitedkingdom-661] Yes	s, final	
	[✓ italy-856]		
	italy-856 :Yes, a 6 monthly report unitedkingdom-661 :A final expenditure statement is submitted by the Princi Investigator. Additionally, the participants are expected to submit details of the research outcomes on the Research Councils UK 'Gateway to Research' webseand via the ResearchFish reporting tool.	ne	
	[] No		

[✓ norway-930 ✓ sweden-589] Yes, annual
[✓ spain-420 ✓ thenetherlands-803] Yes, mid-term
[✓ italy-856 ✓ norway-930 ✓ spain-420 ✓ sweden-589 ✓ thenetherlands-
803 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] Yes, final
[🖌 thenetherlands-803 🖌 unitedkingdom-661]
thenetherlands-803:depends on duration and nature unitedkingdom-661:A final expenditure statement is submitted by the Principal Investigator. Additionally, the participants are expected to submit details of the research outcomes on the Research Councils UK 'Gateway to Research' website, and via the ResearchFish reporting tool.
[] No
[] Yes, annual
[] Yes, mid-term
[✓ italy-856 ✓ unitedkingdom-661] Yes, final
[🖌 thenetherlands-803]
thenetherlands-803:4 moments during research/production process
[] No
[✓ thenetherlands-803] Yes, annual
[] Yes, mid-term
[🖌 italy-856] Yes, final
[🖌 unitedkingdom-661]
unitedkingdom-661:Highlight reports required in advance of each stage payment
[] No
[✓ thenetherlands-803] Yes, annual
[✓ unitedkingdom-661] Yes, mid-term
[✓ italy-856] Yes, final
П
[] No
[] Yes, annual
[] Yes, mid-term

	[✓ italy-856] Yes, final	
	[🗸 thenetherlands-803]	
	thenetherlands-803: Annual publications	
	[] No	
	[] Yes, annual	
	[✓ thenetherlands-803] Yes, mid-term	
	[] Yes, final	
	[]	
	[] No	
	[] Yes, annual	
	[] Yes, mid-term	
	[] Yes, final	
Are progress report evaluations performed externally or internally?	cyprus-235:External czechrepublic-398:External france-475:Internal italy-856:Internal lithuania-656:Internal poland-459:Internal poland-extra:Internal portugal-185:Internal romania-233:Internal slovakia-379:Internal sweden-589:Internal thenetherlands-803:Internal unitedkingdom-661:Internal czechrepublic-398:External	
	italy-856:External iorway-930:Internal spain-420:Internal sweden-589:Internal thenetherlands-803:Internal unitedkingdom-661:Internal	
	italy-856:External norway-930:Internal spain-420:Internal sweden-589:Internal thenetherlands-803:Internal unitedkingdom-661:Internal	
	italy-856:Internal	

	sweden-589:Internal thenetherlands-803:Internal unitedkingdom-661:Internal
	italy-856:Internal thenetherlands-803:Internal unitedkingdom-661:Internal
	italy-856:Internal thenetherlands-803:Internal unitedkingdom-661:Internal
	italy-856:Internal thenetherlands-803:External unitedkingdom-661:Internal
	italy-856:Internal thenetherlands-803:External
	thenetherlands-803:Internal
Are the payments subject to the approval of mid-term reports?	cyprus-235:Yes czechrepublic-398:Yes france-475:Yes italy-856:No lithuania-656:Yes norway-930:Yes poland-459:Yes poland-extra:Yes portugal-185:Yes romania-233:Yes slovakia-379:Yes spain-420:Yes sweden-589:Yes thenetherlands-803:Yes unitedkingdom-661:No
	cyprus-235:Yes czechrepublic-398:Yes italy-856:Yes norway-930:Yes spain-420:Yes sweden-589:Yes thenetherlands-803:Yes unitedkingdom-661:No
	italy-856:Yes norway-930:Yes spain-420:Yes sweden-589:Yes thenetherlands-803:Yes unitedkingdom-661:No
	italy-856:Yes norway-930:Yes spain-420:Yes sweden-589:Yes thenetherlands-803:Yes unitedkingdom-661:No
	italy-856:Yes thenetherlands-803:Yes unitedkingdom-661:No

italy-856:Yes thenetherlands-803:Yes unitedkingdom-661:Yes

italy-856:Yes thenetherlands-803:No unitedkingdom-661:Yes

italy-856:Yes thenetherlands-803:No

thenetherlands-803:Yes

F. Alignment

<u>Definition</u>: Alignment is a modification of national research programmes, priorities or activities to bring them in line with joint research priorities in the context of joint programming.

In task 1.2, bottlenecks and difficulties in previous call and actions that were taken to tackle them will be identified.

1.	Changes in the national/regional strategic research agenda in the sense of alignment with the Strategic Research
	Agenda of the JPI CH (SRA-JPI CH)

		Please feel free to describe/comment further
Status: Have there been changes in	cyprus-235:Yes	cyprus-235: The Smart Specialization Strategy was conducted
the national/regional strategic	czechrepublic-	once and it was a prerequisite in order for Cyprus to receive
research agenda as a consequence of	398:No	funding from the European Structural and Investment Funds
the SRA-JPI CH?	france-207:Yes	(ESIF). Based on the regulations of the ESIF the RPF
	france-475:No	proceeded and prepared its RESTART Programme for 2016-
	italy-856:Yes	2020 which includes the regulations for its funded programmes
	lithuania-	as well as the programmes themselves from 2016 to 2020.
	656:Yes	Therefore nothing can change regarding the national
	norway-930:No	programmes until the end of this programming period, that is,
	poland-459:No	2020. However the SRA-JPI CH was taken into account during
	poland-	the preparation of the Smart Specialization Strategy along with
	extra:No	the increased interest shown from the participation to the calls
	portugal-	of JPI CH from Cypriot organisations.
	185:No	czechrepublic-398:As far as I know
	romania-	france-475:Only connected to H2020 and domestic demands
	233:Yes slovakia-	italy-856:At national level Yes, Cultural Heritage has been
	379:Yes	inserted among PNR – Piano Nazionale della Ricerca (NRP -
	spain-420:No	National Research Programme) research priorities, thanks also to the JPI CH contribution. At regional level there has been no
	sweden-589:Yes	change.
	thenetherlands-	lithuania-656: At a national strategic level cultural heritage
	803:Yes	goes in a line with the priorities indicated in SRA. State
	unitedkingdom-	progress strategy "Lithuania's Progress Strategy "Lithuania
	661:Yes	2030" considers CH among of the key elements of smart
		society. "The Strategy was built on the principles of sustainable
		development, as well tangible and intangible national resources
		of state and social development: natural resources, rich history
		and cultural heritage". In the Strategy CH is a part of initiative
		called "Solidarious society' aiming "to strengthen historical
		self-awareness and self-esteem by promoting different cultural
		and artistic expression, by reviewing national cultural,
		educational programmes and the repertoire of public events and
		symbols, as well as by ensuring preservation of cultural and
		national heritage and its reasonable application for public
		needs." CH is also is being considered as a part of initiative
		"Learning society" aiming "To promote Lithuania's
		domestically and internationally, focussing on digitalization of
		the cultural heritage and contemporary cultural content".
		norway-930 :No, but CH is mentioned in the Long Term Plan for research and higher education (2015 - 2024), Chap. 4.5
		LTP. On a general basis, the plan highlights the importance of
		international research cooperation and knowledge sharing,
		Chap. 2.5. Norway participates in all 10 JPIs. The Government
		stresses the importance of increased efforts in and further
		development of these instruments. The Ministry of Climate
		and Environment has recently launched their new research
		agenda, with research priorities for 2016 - 2021. This agenda
		includes Cultural heritage research as part of the Norwegian
		climate and environment policy. The JPI CH is a part of the

Plans: Do you plan to change the national/regional strategic research agenda in order to bring it more in line with priorities in the SRA-JPI CH?	cyprus-235:No czechrepublic- 398:No france-207:Yes france-475:No italy-856:Yes lithuania- 656:Yes norway- 930:Yes poland-459:Yes poland-459:Yes poland-459:Yes poland-233:Yes slovakia- 379:Yes spain-420:No sweden-589:Yes thenetherlands- 803:Yes unitedkingdom- 661:Yes	knowledge base for this research agenda.JPI CH was also part of the knowledge base in the development of the research programme MILJØFORSK -Environmental Research for a Green Transition (2016)Mijø 21, si noe om rollen til MILJØFORSK romania-233:The involvement of ANCSI representative in the JPI activities had an echo of national level in promoting, among other issues, the cultural heritage priorities established through SRA-JPI CH. This had a concrete result in the introduction of Patrimoniu şi identitate culturali/Heritage and cultural identity' research domain as strategic public priority for the current strategic cycle 2014-2020. Slovakia-379:To SMART National strategy was incorporated decision from National consulting panel Culture heritage about Culture priority research spain-420.The national strategy (SPANISH STRATEGY ON SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATION 2013-2020) was written before the approval of the the SRA-JPI CHOn the other side, the JPI-CH has been considered in writing the PNIC (see section A) has sweden-589:The Swedish National Heritage Board's Research and Development Programme for 2017-2021 is aligned with the JPI SRA. It relates to and reflects the Delphi Study and the JPI CH priorities. thenetherlands-803:In several of the national research agendas pertaining to CH reference to the JPICH SRA is included as one of the starting points for programming unitedkingdom-661:Yes, the AHRC Heritage Strategy took the JPI CH into account. Cyprus-235:The Smart Specialization Strategy was conducted once and refers to the whole programming period (2014-2020) and therefore cannot change. The same is true for the national Framework Programme. However through the programme European Initiatives - National Development' and in particular the part which refers to the JPI CH calls will take into account the priorities of the SRA-JPI CH where possible. czechrepublic-398:No idea for this moment frame-475:No hand on that norway-390:Present plans are already updated and aligned with the JPI CH. JPI CH and other JPIs
possibilities to change the national/regional strategic research agenda in the future in a sense of	czechrepublic- 398:Yes	Framework Programme or Smart Specialization Strategy will be open for discussion.

more alignment with the SRA –JPI CH?	france-475:Yes italy-856:Yes lithuania- 656:Yes norway- 930:Yes poland-459:Yes poland-459:Yes portugal- 185:Yes romania- 233:Yes slovakia- 379:Yes spain-420:No sweden-589:Yes thenetherlands- 803:Yes unitedkingdom- 661:Yes	 france-475:Should we be able to irrigate the defining bodies (Athena mainly), we may be able to. italy-856:Yes, in order to better exploit the actions that JPI CH is performing at level of Regions, for example the networking with the "Culture Committee within the Conference of Regions and Autonomous Provinces" norway-930:see above romania-233:After the results of the mid-term review of the National RDI Plan 2014-2020, there is a possibility to adjust the component subprogrammes, such that the thematic priority 'Patrimoniu şi identitate culturală/Heritage and cultural identity' to gain more importance and visibility for the interested scientific community and to be attractive financially also to outside researchers. slovakia-379:Yes , very important is the success of the Common pilot activities with the partners of Slovak research subject spain-420:At least until a general revision of the strategy is made. sweden-589:The Swedish National Heritage Board's Research and Development Programme can easily be aligned. Other funder's programmes can be aligned, but this is up to each funder. Fundamental Research funded by the Swedish Research Council cannot be aligned since this is 'blue sky' research. thenetherlands-803:But national developments have to be taken into account too (see next point) unitedkingdom-661:This is a possibility, via consultations with other partners and via input from the recently announced AHRC Leadership Fellow for Heritage Research, but no
		definite plans to do so at this time.
Bottlenecks and difficulties: Identify and describe	cyprus-235:Yes czechrepublic- 398:Yes france-207:Yes france-207:Yes italy-856:Yes lithuania- 656:Yes norway- 930:Yes poland-459:Yes poland-459:Yes romania- 233:Yes slovakia- 379:Yes spain-420:Yes sweden-589:Yes thenetherlands- 803:Yes unitedkingdom- 661:Yes	 cyprus-235:Research Funding in Cyprus comes via co-funding from the European Regional Development Fund and this is by itself problematic since it has to follow the Smart Specialization Strategy and the Regulations for the ESIF and ERDF particularly. czechrepublic-398:Little attention paid to the cultural heritage research priorities within the national priorities list. france-475:lake of bottom up relevances, difficulties to be considered by governmental bodies and research intitutions as rela players italy-856:Bias in the plannig period of national programming and regional programming (FESR, Fondo Europeo di Sviluppo Regionale – ERDF, European Regional Development Funds) lithuania-656:Among the most important bottlenecks' in Lithuania is the lack of communication, communication and joint initiatives between research institutions (eg. Research Council of Lithuania, Universities) and the institutions which operates the CH sites and implements the politics of CH (Lithuanian Cultural Heritage Research Centre, State Cultural Heritage Commission, Cultural heritage department under the Ministry of Culture and local governments). Although overall strategic documents mentions heritage, but in the process of implementation of the strategy it is given too little attention and financial resources for CH. norway-930:- limited budgets- small and fragmented research groups- recruitment challenges in some areas poland-extra:Financial portugal-185: The funding scheme of FCT, its structural organization in all scientific and technological domains, can be an obstacle to this aim. slovakia-379:Scale of National excelence reserach team is limited in small countries spain-420: The Spanish Strategy is too wide in focus to reflect specific thematic priorities. sweden-589: The Swedish National Heritage board can align its own research programme but has no formal means/official

		not necessarily a problem, but a condition for the Board's possibility to foster alignment. While there are joint funds that could be used in a designated pot from the government to be used for participation in f. ex JPI:s, called EU-sam, the SHNB is considered as a too small research financer and for that reason cannot access these funds. A stronger political committment would enable alignment to a greater extent. thenetherlands-803 :Main bottleneck is the abundance of research agendas existing, not only for research as a whole, but also in the broad field of cultural heritage research, with each agenda differing in nature (e.g. identifying national or internal research priorities, providing 'voluntary' guidance to research practice, having either or not a programme (funding) coupled with it). In NL there is a national research agenda, an SRA for creative industries including CH, a museum agenda, a smart culture agenda, one for art history, archeology, heritage and spatial development, etc. unitedkingdom-661 :Some activity under JPI CH may fall outside of AHRC remit as a funder and under the remits of other funders. Other strategies also need to be considered/adhered to at national/devolved national level.It is not clear how national/devolved national strategies feed in to an evolving European strategy.Communication with the community.
Do you see possible actions to tackle	cyprus-235:No	cyprus-235:Unfortunately due to the economic crisis it is very
bottlenecks and difficulties in the	czechrepublic-	difficult to find funding from national sources in the near
future?	398:No	future.
	france-207:Yes	czechrepublic-398:Without a clearer anchoring of the JPI in
	france-475:Yes	the EC research support structure, available benefits - e.g. JPI
	italy-856:Yes lithuania-	with dedicated support from the Marie Curie and similar programmes, enlarged CH priorities in the H2020 and similar
	656:Yes	programmes
	norway-	france-475:need communication tools
	930 :Yes	italy-856:Favoring and enhancing the cooperation between JPI
	poland-459:Yes	CH and European Commission DG Research and Innovation,
	poland-	DG Education and Culture, DG Regio and DG Growth.
	extra:Yes	lithuania-656:Better communication between institutions is
	portugal-	needed.
	185:Yes	norway-930: - facilitate increased crossdisciplinary research-
	romania-	facilitate establishment of crossdisciplinary and -sectorial
	233:No slovakia-	networkslegge tilrette for mer tverrfaglig arbeid og nettverk, inkl mer internasjonalt
	379:Yes	samarbeid/kunnskapsutvikling/kurs/forskerskoler/
	spain-420:No	portugal-185: A new strategy for FCT is being prepared, and
	sweden-589:Yes	changes in the organizational schemes can be envisaged.
	thenetherlands-	slovakia-379:Not at the moment
	803:Yes	sweden-589: The possibilities to influence other funders by way
	unitedkingdom-	of information and dialogue are good. A stronger political
	661:Yes	committment would enable alignment to a greater extent.
		thenetherlands-803: both the JPI SRA and the national
		consultation panel could play a role in aligning these national agendas in the future.
		agendas in the ruture. unitedkingdom-661:Continuing to work with other
		partners/funders to share knowledge and understanding in
		relevant areas.

2. Changes in national/regional \underline{calls} to align activities with the ones of the JPI CH

[Please feel free to describe/comment further
Status: Have there been changes in calls	cyprus-235:Yes	cyprus-235: The calls of the programme 'European Initiative -
on national/regional level as a	czechrepublic-	National Development' that refer to the JPI CH are all aligned with
consequence of JPI CH?	398:Yes	the JPI CH.
	france-207:Yes	czechrepublic-398:But the applicants are requested to take into
	france-475:No	account JPI CH SR for a possible future cooperation or synergies.
	italy-856:Yes	italy-856: In the future, alignment will be implemented on the basis
	lithuania- 656:Yes	of the last edition of PNR – Piano Nazionale della Ricerca (NRP - National Research Programme) 2015 -2020.At regional level,
	norway-930:No	instead, no change implemented by now.
	poland-459:No	norway-930 :JPI CH was already a part of the knowledge base in
	poland-extra:No	the development of the research programme MILJØFORSK. In all
	portugal-185:No	calls we request international cooperation in the projects. This is
	romania-	important to qualify the national research teams for participation in
	233:Yes	future international calls and projects.
	slovakia-379:No	romania-233: Any calls of the various sub-programs of the National
	spain-420:Yes	RDI Plan 2014-2020 are allowing any resaerch topic that is
	sweden-589:Yes	mwntioned in the National Strategy for Research. Thus, the cultural
	thenetherlands-	heritage topic could be acceptable in any calls attached to mobility,
	803:Yes	infrastructure or innovation in SMEs subprogrammes.
	unitedkingdom- 661:Yes	spain-420 :A specific program (See 'Acciones de programación conjunta internacional'-APCIN in Sections B-E) has been launched
	001.100	to hold transnational calls such as the ones in the JPI-CH
		sweden-589: The Swedish National Heritage Borard's programme is
		now aligned with JPI CH.
		thenetherlands-803: In newly developed programmes in the field of
		CH, reference to the SRA of JPICH is made
		unitedkingdom-661:No, but no specific calls in this area that would
		have been influenced by the JPI CH have been developed as the
		majority of AHRC funding goes through established responsive
		mode schemes. However, the applicant community may take JPI CH into account when developing their bids to AHRC responsive
		mode schemes.
Plans: Do you plan to change the	cyprus-235:Yes	cyprus-235: The calls of the programme 'European Initiative -
roadmap of calls on national/regional	czechrepublic-	National Development' are the ones announced by the JPI CH to
level in order to bring calls more in line	398 :Yes	which Cyprus is participating and therefore are in line with the call
with the call roadmap of JPI CH?	france-207:Yes	roadmap of JPI CH.
	france-475:No	czechrepublic-398:In fact, the priorities of the national programme
	italy-856:No	are very near to the SRA JPI CH and there is no need for any
	lithuania- 656:Yes	change. france-475:Head of SSH dept is changing in a few monthes.
	norway-930:Yes	Nothing ca be planned before this issue is dealt with first.
	poland-459:Yes	italy-856: There is no legal instrument for aligning regional/national
	poland-extra:No	calls for JPI CH calls agreed with the European Partners
	portugal-185:No	norway-930:MILJØFORSK will for future calls look to JPI CH
	romania-233:No	calls, partly to supplement the JPI CH call, avoiding duplication of
	slovakia-	topics, and partly to cover other national important areas and topics.
	379:Yes	We will coordinate applicant information about H2020-, JPI CH-
	spain-420:No sweden-589:Yes	and national calls, in order to create synergies and alignment
	thenetherlands-	between national and international activities poland-extra:Not yet
	803:No	romania-233:nothing to add
	unitedkingdom-	slovakia-379:In joint activities and joint calls in 2017
	661:Yes	spain-420:No. The current APCIN is considered to be appropriate
		sweden-589: The Swedish National Heritage Bard aims to
		participate in joint calls within JPI CH.
		thenetherlands-803:Is already in practice
		unitedkingdom-661:No. The AHRC strategy already takes JPI CH
		into account alongside a number of other strategic inputs, and the
		vast majority of AHRC funding in this area goes through established/rolling responsive mode schemes.
D 1111/1 D	cyprus-235:Yes	cyprus-235: The calls of the programme 'European Initiative -
Possibilities: Do you see any		

possibilities to adapt the call roadmap on national/regional level in the future in	czechrepublic- 398:Yes	National Development' will be aligned to the call roadmap of JPI CH.
order to achieve more alignment with the	france-207:Yes	czechrepublic-398:I do not expect this
call roadmap of the JPI CH?	france-475:No	france-475:Head of SSH dept is changing in a few monthes.
	italy-856:Yes	Nothing ca be planned before this issue is dealt with first.
	lithuania- 656:Yes	italy-856:If the EC recognizes FESR, Fondo Europeo di Sviluppo Regionale – ERDF, European Regional Development Funds
	norway-930:Yes	funding as contribution to JPI CH calls it will be possible to
	poland-459:Yes	enhance alignment.
	poland-	lithuania-656: A newly developed programme in the field of CH
	extra:Yes	would be a good opportunity to achieve more alignment.
	portugal-	norway-930:see above.
	185:Yes romania-	romania-233 :There is the possibility on the applied ICT technologies in the area of cultural heritage tangible and intangible
	233:Yes	artifacts, to increase the number of calls per year.
	slovakia-	sweden-589:National calls can be harmonised with/planned in light
	379:Yes	of JPI CH calls.
	spain-420:No	thenetherlands-803: With JHEP2 with the development of a
	sweden-589:Yes	roadmap of calls, the alignment will be easier
	thenetherlands- 803:Yes	unitedkingdom-661 : This is a possibility, via consultations with other partners and via input from the recently announced AHRC
	unitedkingdom-	Leadership Fellow for Heritage Research, but no definite plans to
	661:Yes	do so at this time.
Bottlenecks and difficulties in previous	cyprus-235:No	czechrepublic-398:Direct cooperation is influenced by
calls: Identify and describe	czechrepublic-	administration difficulties - financial, language, bureaucracy, not
	398:Yes	apparent benefits
	france-207:Yes france-475:Yes	france-475: you know them italy-856: Lack of planning and implementation between DG
	italy-856:Yes	Research and Innovation and DG Regio.
	lithuania-	norway-930:- limited budgets- small and fragmented research
	656:Yes	groups- recruitment challenges in some areas
	norway-930:Yes	poland-extra:
	poland-459:No	portugal-185: The funding scheme of FCT, its structural
	poland-	organization in all scientific and technological domains, can be an
	extra:Yes portugal-	obstacle to this aim. romania-233:nothing to add
	185:Yes	slovakia-379: The reserch of CH is founded in 2 ministery. Firs calls
	romania-	lead to topics where are domains of Ministery of Culture
	233:Yes	spain-420:Due to the size of the Spanish research community and
	slovakia-	the large number of JPI and ERA-NETs in which Spain participate,
	379 :Yes spain-420 :Yes	only a general purpose mechanism -not specific for JPI-CH or others- can be used to support all of them by MINECO.
	sweden-589:No	thenetherlands-803: The process to come to transnational calls
	thenetherlands-	takes too long
	803:Yes	unitedkingdom-661:Some activity under JPI CH may fall outside
	unitedkingdom-	of AHRC remit as a funder and under the remits of other
	661:Yes	funders. Other strategies also need to be considered/adhered to at
		national/devolved national level. It is not clear how national/devolved national strategies feed in to an evolving
		European strategy.Communication with the community.
Do you see possible actions to tackle	cyprus-235:No	czechrepublic-398:Without a clearer anchoring of the JPI in the EC
bottlenecks and difficulties in future	czechrepublic-	research support structure, available benefits - e.g. JPI with
calls? Describe	398:Yes	dedicated support from the Marie Curie and similar programmes,
	france-207:Yes	enlarged CH priorities in the H2020 and similar programmes
	france-475:Yes	france-475 :come to an agreement BEFORE setting the next call itely \$56 : Actions for channeling research funding for CH from DG
	italy-856:Yes lithuania-	italy-856 :Actions for channeling research funding for CH from DG Research and Innovation and DG Regio.
	656:Yes	norway-930 : Funding mechanisms for national and international
	norway-930:Yes	cooperation (including distribution of responsibility for topics and
	poland-459:No	other tasks such as recruitment and communication), mobility (e.g.
	poland-	Marie Sklodowska-Curie actions, EURAXESS) and networking
	extra:Yes	(e.g. the project Cheriscape)international cooperation (including
	portugal- 185:Yes	distribution of responsibility for topics and other tasks such as recruitment and communication), mobility (e.g.
	romania-	MarieSklodowska-Curie actions, EURAXESS) and networking (e.g.
	233:Yes	the project Cheriscape)
	slovakia-379:No	poland-extra:
	510Vakia-379:1N0	polanu-cxtra

spain-420:No sweden-589:No thenetherlands- 803:Yes unitedkingdom- 661:Yes	portugal-185 :A new strategy for FCT is being prepared, and changes in the organizational schemes can be envisaged. romania-233 :nothing to add thenetherlands-803 :Partners should make long term commitments to calls at the start of JPI unitedkingdom-661 :Continuing to work with other partners/funders to share knowledge and understanding in relevant areas.
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3. Changes on national/regional level in different <u>networking activities</u> to align them with activities in the JPI CH

Please only fill in the status of activities and future plans and/or possibilities with respect to alignment with the JPI CH.

	escribe the activities nments carried out	Please describe plans and/or possibilities with respect to future alignment
8	st four years	·····
in the la Workshops France-4 italy-856 London i with inte in the fie Heritage potential with the the Partm on the JF Program February to netwo NGOs of and colle internatii and JPI O Workshot research February Meeting Coordina represent "Culture the Conf and Auto organize Rome. romania the broad activities related to preserva sweden- discussi thenethe 803:Wor Consulta hertiage National May 201 unitedki	st four years 475:none 6: Workshop in in 2013 to networking rmational institutions eld of Cultural research to explore is of collaborations JPI CH and enlarge hership Workshop PI CH Action me organized in / 2014 at The Hague rking with IOs and f Cultural Heritage ect input for synergies onal organizations CH members op with the CH infrastructures in / 2016 in Brussels between the JPI CH ator, also MiBACT tative, with the Committee within erence of Regions sonomous Provinces" d in June 2016 in 4-233:communicate dcasting about the JPI s in any workshop o Cultural Heritage tion 589:Presentation and on with NCP erlands- rkshop of the National tion Panel on a paragraph within the Research Agenda,	respect to future angiment france-475 :out of our scope italy-856 : Meetings with MIUR, the Ministry of Education, University and Research A yearly workshop with infrastructures is foreseen in the next 2 years A workshop on Alignment is planned in February 2018, within the European Year of Cultural Heritage (EYCH). Regional representatives will be involved. European, international relevant subjects and stakeholders will also be involved A workshop with NGOs and IOs active in the field of Cultural Heritage is foreseen in the next 2 years. European, international relevant subjects and stakeholders will also be involved. norway-930 : Eventually organize workshops targeted cultural researchers and stakeholders poland-extra :x romania-233 : intensify the broadcasting about the JPI activities in any workshops on research carried out unitedkingdom-661 : No specific future plans in these areas. Any future plans in these areas would take JPI CH into account as one of a number of strategic inputs.

	activities in these areas.	
Conferences	france-475:none italy-856:- EC CSA JHEP Closing Event, Rome, 18 March 2015, (in collaboration with MiBACT) and with JPI CH members International Conference "Heritage governance in the third millennium" organized in Turin on the 23 – 24 September 2014 by MiBACT within the EU Italian Semester where the JPI Cultural Heritage implementation has been presented. Iithuania-656:November 13- 14th, 2013, International conference 'Cultural heritage and the EU2020 strategy – towards an integrated approach', co-funded by the Culture Programme of the European Union, in Vilnius. norway-930:CH has been integrated in several conferences at national level romania-233:communicate about the JPI activities in any conferences have been organized by the Spanish Network on Science and Technology for the Conservation of Cultural Heritage (TechnoHeritage). The aims and activities of TechnoHeritage were aligned since its beginning with Net- Heritage in the frame of the EU Presidency, June 2016 unitedKingdom-661:Only indirectly through awards made via responsive mode funding schemes, a 'bottom up' process, but no specific	france-475:out of our scope italy-856: A Conference on Cultural Heritage Governance Strategies will be organized by the JPI CH in February 2018, within the European Year of Cultural Heritage (EYCH). The audience will include the JPI CH Member States and Associated Countries (Ministries or Agencies) - MIUR, MiBACT and Regional representatives amongst all - public and private cultural heritage managers, EC, GPC, NGOs and IOs, policy makers. poland-extra:x romania-233:intensify the broadcasting about the JPI activities in any conference related to Cultural Heritage preservation spain-420: A third conference of TechnoHeritage will be held in Cadiz (Spain) next spring. sweden-589:Joint workshops on research carried out unitedKingdom-661:No specific future plans in these areas. Any future plans in these areas would take JPI CH into account as one of a number of strategic inputs.
Graduate-level researcher schools	up process, but no specific funding call or specific activities in these areas. france-475:none	france 475:out of our score
Graduate-level researcher schools	Irance-47:5:none norway-930:Dialogues with the Past romania-233:nothing to add sweden-589:- unitedkingdom-661:Only indirectly through awards made via responsive mode funding schemes, a 'bottom up' process, but no specific funding call or specific	france-475:out of our scope norway-930:better alignment on recruitment and enhancement of international competence romania-233:nothing to add unitedkingdom-661:No specific future plans in these areas. Any future plans in these areas would take JPI CH into account as one of a number of strategic inputs.

	activities in these areas.	1
Stakeholder network activities	france-475:none norway-930:A network of cultural researchers and stakeholders function as reference group for the Research Council and the Norwegian administration of the JPI CH sweden-589:Priorities communicated to government unitedkingdom-661:Only indirectly through awards made via responsive mode funding schemes, a 'bottom up' process, but no specific funding call or specific activities in these areas.	france-475:out of our scope norway-930:Establish a more active and committed reference group for JPI CH poland-extra:x sweden-589:see CSA2 unitedkingdom-661:No specific future plans in these areas. Any future plans in these areas would take JPI CH into account as one of a number of strategic inputs.
General activities aiming to share/exchange knowledge (knowledge hubs)	france-475:none italy-856:- JPI CH website - Dissemination of the JPI CH calls on MIUR and MiBACT websites - Contribution to the Heritage Portal norway-930:Information meeting: romania-233:communicate about the JPI activities in any conference related to Cultural Heritage preservation sweden-589:- thenetherlands- 803:Promotion of the Heritage Portal to heritage professionals and organisations. unitedkingdom-661:Only indirectly through awards made via responsive mode funding schemes, a 'bottom up' process, but no specific funding call or specific activities in these areas.	france-475:out of our scope norway-930:considered to align national and international calls poland-extra:x romania-233:intensify the broadcasting about the JPI activities in any activity related to Cultural Heritage preservation sweden-589:see CSA2 development of knowledge hub unitedkingdom-661:No specific future plans in these areas. Any future plans in these areas would take JPI CH into account as one of a number of strategic inputs.
Other activities?	france-475:none italy-856:No specific activities were organized with respect to alignment with the JPI CH. However, MIUR is supporting a better coordination with all JPIs. With this aim, yearly meetings are organized with the Italian Coordinator in order to discuss the ways to improve Italian participation in the JPIs. Being the JPI CH the only JPI coordinated by Italy, special attention is devoted to it through internal meetings, which involve MIUR and MiBACT. romania-233:nothing to add spain-420:Some meetings have been carried out by MINECO about alignment and cooperation between spanish participants in JPIs	france-475:out of our scope italy-856:- The PNR – Piano Nazionale della Ricerca (NRP - National Research Programme) and the recently issued ERA Roadmap foresee the creation of an Inter-ministerial Executive Board (GOI) aimed at coordinating Italy's participation in Joint Programming activities (especially JPIs). First GOI meeting is planned for the second semester of 2016 (the Group has not been established at this time) An international event called "Parade and LABs" is planned in February 2017 in Brussels. It will be dedicated to the 26 research projects funded within the JPI CH Pilot Call and the Heritage Plus call. The audience will see involved policy actors, researchers, private and public stakeholders. A second edition of the aforementioned event "Parade and LABs" will follow in 2018 (under the framework of the EYCH). Again, it will see the 26 research projects funded within the JPI CH Pilot Call and the Heritage Plus call as the main protagonists but in this occasion the debate will be focused rather on final results than ongoing activities, as all projects will be closed Finally, MIUR and MiBACT will take part in the cross-cutting event that

	sweden-589:Development of	is planned to take place in 2018 - again within the				
	new Swedish National	EYCH programme - aimed at strengthening the				
	Heritage Research and	interaction between different JPIs and identify areas of				
	Delopment Programme 2017-	common collaboration.				
	2012. Information and	norway-930: The Research Council consider inviting				
	dialogue with Swedish	cultural heritage reserachers to a seminar during the				
	Research Council aiming for	European Year of Cultural Heritage in 2018				
	cooperation and JPI CH	romania-233:nothing to add				
	funding.	unitedkingdom-661:No specific future plans in these				
	unitedkingdom-661:Only	areas. Any future plans in these areas would take JPI				
	indirectly through awards	CH into account as one of a number of strategic				
	made via responsive mode	inputs.				
	funding schemes, a 'bottom	inputs.				
	up' process, but no specific					
	funding call or specific					
	activities in these areas.					
In case bottlenecks and difficulties are		act that available resources already are tied up in JHEP2,				
noticed, please describe?	with all its tasks and plans.	act that available resources aready are fied up in still 2,				
noticed, please desentie	romania-233:nothing to add					
		nteraction between policy makers and scientific				
		collaboration between the Ministry of Culture and				
	MINECO in this field needs to b					
		need to be further developed with regards to				
		f research results to build a knowledge hub for the				
	future	research results to build a knowledge hub for the				
		e activities and products are aimed at a Dutch public and				
	require a translation.	e activities and products are arrived at a Dutch public and				
	1	vity under IPI CH may fall outside of AHRC remit as a				
	unitedkingdom-661 :Some activity under JPI CH may fall outside of AHRC remit as a funder and under the remits of other funders.Other strategies also need to be					
	considered/adhered to at national/devolved national level. It is not clear how					
	national/devolved national strategies feed in to an evolving European					
	strategy.Communication with th	e .				
	funder and under the remits of o considered/adhered to at national national/devolved national strate	ther funders.Other strategies also need to be d/devolved national level.It is not clear how egies feed in to an evolving European				

G. Best practices

On the basis of the input in Task 1.1, the mapping exercise and the experience of previous JPICH calls, and alignment activities of other JPIs, the task leader will identify best practices in research and coordination for the JPI on national and international level for future development and orientation of the Cultural heritage activities.

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Please, share your success stories and best practice for alignment	 cyprus-235:There is no national programme dedicated to CH. However since RPF participates in more than one JPIs/ERANETs/Article 185 and all of these initiatives plan to announce calls at some point the Institution has prepared a specific Programme, in the RESTART Programmes 2016-2020, called 'European Initiatives - National Development'. This programme includes all JPIs/ERANETs/Art.185 to which RPF participates and RPF has dedicated a total budget of 8 millions for their calls from 2016 to 2020. Therefore budget is available (reserved). Moreover the basic rules for participation et have also been set and therefore can't change but the specificity of each programme has been taken into account wherever this was possible. For example, whether there is a one step or two step submission, the way the evaluation is curried out etc are not described in the document and it is clearly stated that the procedures of each JPI/ERANET/Art.185 will be followed. Therefore the announcement of calls, the submission and evaluation procedures are those followed by each JPI/ERANET/Art.185. That is almost full alignment (except the eligibility check which is performed nationally and the signing of the contracts with the Cypriot partners). italy-856:The attention paid by the PN2 2015-2020 – Piano Nazionale della Ricerca (NRP - National Research Programme) to Cultural Heritage issues comes also from the significant contribution provided by the JPI CH. norway-930:One success story is the JPI CH network project Cheriscape (Cultural heritage in landscape) 2014-2016, which has organized five international and interdisciplinary conferences, hosted in each of our partner countries. These five conferences have forway it is obviously an advantage that we have only one research council and that Norway participates in all 10 JPIs. This makes it possible to discuss and coordinate the national work and development. romania-233:mothing to add slowakia-379:We did not participate in previous calls s
	which has now been accepted into the European Strategy Forum on Research Infrastructure (ESFRI) 2016 Roadmap, with the goal of spurring social and cultural innovation.
	http://www.e-rihs.eu/

H. Past and future JPI joint calls

 the decision to participate in a JPI- joint call? Who is involved and who commits finally? participation of RPF to the JPI CH calls from 2016 to 2020. Therefore APF has taken this the construction of the second matrix is clearly control of the construction of the PF. France-475-XNRS SS14 is clearlift of Tices, head of department, Operative and juridical departments, its CEO, CNRS and Athena Alliance representatives, Ministry of education and research inaly-856 The strategy is highly connected with the topics of the calls. Considering that this area is of high interest for Haly, MURB has funded all JPC ICH joint calls, and has also allocated funds for future calls. norwary-390-Assuming the upcoming JPI calls are relevant to the National Research Agend. of Cultural Heritage research, the national JPI administration (the Ministry of Cinnate and Evironment and RCN) will discuss the relevance and financial possibilities. before concluding participation on a divisional level in RCN. poland-extra-Described above programme is the only one that is now (partly) dedicated to research and cultural Heritage and Global Change: a new challenge for Europe). Increasing undestanding of cultural values, valuation, interpretation, ethics and devoked to humanitics, such as HIRAK (hits is external) (Humanites in the European Research Area (2015): NORFACE (New Opportunities for Research Funding Agency Cooperation in Europe) is an etwork-type ERA-NET supporting research in the field of social sciences by funding international research projects and organizing semininar and conference (2013): For the strategy towards the decision to participate in a JPI-joint call the strategy and the existence of scientific experime and recognized critical mass in the topics of the PLF of the PLF PL of the PLF PL of the PLF PL of the PLF PL of the PLF of the PLF PLF of the PLF PLF of the PLF of the PLF PLF of th		
announced Leadership Fellow for Heritage. Please comment on the possibilities to or barriers towards participating in future transnational calls. cyprus-235:There are barriers in cases where there will be more than one calls within the same year but this problem is usually solved by transferring the amount not utilized in previous years. france-475:depending on its nature, ANR's actual available slots, the nature of the call (better a Cofund) italy-856:Future barriers, if any, might occur in case of financial constraits or topic calls that	joint call? Who is involved and who	 into account in its Framework Programme which was approved by the DG for European Programmes Coordination and Development who provides funding to RPF. france-475:ANR's SSH scientific officer, head of department, Operative and juridical departments, its CEO, CNRS and Athena Alliance representatives, Ministry of education and research italy-856. The strategy is highly connected with the topics of the calls. Considering that this area is of high interest for Italy, MIUR has funded all JPI CH joint calls, and has also allocated finds for future calls. norway-930:Assuming the upcoming JPI calls are relevant to the National Research Agenda of Cultural Heritage research, the national JPI administration (the Ministry of Climate and Environment and RCN) will discuss the relevance and financial possibilities, before concluding participation on a divisional level in RCN. poland-extra:Described above programme is the only one that is now (partly) dedicated to research on Cultural Heritage. The other programme in the near past: JPI Cultural Heritage (The Joint Programming Initiative on Cultural Heritage and Global Change: a new challenge for Europe) - Increasing understanding of cultural values, valuation, interpretation, ethics and identity around all forms of cultural heritage (tangible, intangible and digital heritage) (2013)However, there are some other programs carried out by National Science Centre and devoted to humanitics, such as + HERA (link is external) (Humanities in the European Research Area (2015)- NORFACE (New Opportunities for Research Funding Agency Cooperation in Europe) is a network-type ERA-NET supporting research in the field of social sciences by funding international research projects and organizing seminars and conferences (2012). portugal-185. The strategy towards the decision to participate in a JPI-joint call stems in a procedure of recognition of the potential interest, based in the consideration of several criteria, s
Please comment on the possibilities to or barriers towards participating in future transnational calls. cyprus-235 : There are barriers in cases where there will be more than one calls within the same year but this problem is usually solved by transferring the amount not utilized in previous years. france-475 :depending on its nature, ANR's actual available slots, the nature of the call (better a Cofund) italy-856 : Future barriers, if any, might occur in case of financial constraits or topic calls that		commit to JPI-joint calls, in line with broader strategy and funding priorities agreed by Council with input from Advisory Board and other advisory groups, and the recently
do not target MIUR priorities. norway-930 :The possibilities increase when future calls are relevant to Norway's need for	or barriers towards participating in	 cyprus-235:There are barriers in cases where there will be more than one calls within the same year but this problem is usually solved by transferring the amount not utilized in previous years. france-475:depending on its nature, ANR's actual available slots, the nature of the call (better a Cofund) italy-856:Future barriers, if any, might occur in case of financial constraits or topic calls that do not target MIUR priorities.

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Slovakia-379:Main barrier is limited base of reseracher spain-420:The main barrier are the cuts in the budget for R&D due to the economic crisis. There is a clear commitment by MNECO to participate in this kind of initiatives, as shown by the large number of JPIs and ERA-NETs in which Spain participate, but funds are scarce. sweden-589:A barrier is the low level of funds available through the Swedish National Heritage Board. The contribution to calls by the Swedish Reserach Council will improve the situation. Possibilities to participate in future calls are good, especially though calls with partners sharing research priorities. thenetherlands-803:NWO is committed to participate in transnational calls. The main barrier is the unpredictability of coming calls: in which budget years commitment will be asked. A difficult factor is the abundance of knowledge agendas at the national level that should all be aligned. unitedkingdom-661:1) Current uncertainties re: UK status/role in European Joint Programmes:2) Possibility of future calls not falling within our remit as a funder3) Budget limitations – declining core budget within a climate of pressure on public spending4) Competing strategic priorities, e.g. International Development5) Administrative resources/pressures limiting the number of calls/programmes that are feasible, especially if involving high volume of smaller scale activities.Please describe the opportunities/benefits of transnational 		future transnational calls, changes on long-term in the thematic priorities to be funded by
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research groups, knowledge hubs and networks will strengthen the national research effort on CH Increasing internationalization of research helps to establish a good network of researchers and research funding organizations. The possibility of collaborating with		organisations) coming forward with fresh ideas or looking for emerging applications norway-930 :Transnational calls on CH are valuable for Norwegian researchers on the
		research groups, knowledge hubs and networks will strengthen the national research effort on CH Increasing internationalization of research helps to establish a good network of
fragmented research groups, can strengthen the national research community common		researchers in other countries, on areas in which we on a national level have small and
effort to develop research strategies and knowledge to solve common social challenges- participation in JPIs enhances strategic and professional 'alignment' or 'harmonization', on a		effort to develop research strategies and knowledge to solve common social challenges-
national and international basis. Participation in JPI CH facilitates development of joint sustainable systems. This helps to ensure that the joint Europan research effort effectively column excited before any JPI work along the European Computing in the State of Computing the State of Stat		sustainable systems. This helps to ensure that the joint Europan research effort effectively
solves societal challenges JPls work closely with the European Commission in Horisont2020. Together the member states probably have more impact on the program than they would have on their own Participation in ERANET Cofund and joint calls may make		Horisont2020. Together the member states probably have more impact on the program than
it easier to achieve complementary calls at national level. portugal-185 :Opportunities:- Internationalization factor;- Transnational Calls as facilitating		portugal-185:Opportunities:- Internationalization factor;- Transnational Calls as facilitating
instruments of transnational cooperation (not so bureaucratic as H2020 Calls);- Access to scientific and gnoseological databases;- national institutions with access to R&I more expensive;- coordination of efforts in very expensive research;- transfer of knowledge and		scientific and gnoseological databases;- national institutions with access to R&I more
financial exploitation of the R&I results (fundamental aspect for the national economies). romania-233:Enlarging the research networking of the Romanian participants and having a		financial exploitation of the R&I results (fundamental aspect for the national economies).
stronger voice on a common interest topic near other member states slovakia-379:Main benefits are mobility researcher and knowledge exchange		stronger voice on a common interest topic near other member states
spain-420: This kind of call optimise the use of human and material resources, and allow to		spain-420: This kind of call optimise the use of human and material resources, and allow to
carry out more ambitious projects. sweden-589 :Transnational cooperation between researcher seems to result in new and innovative projects. Transational calls enhance the possibilities for research to cooperate internationally, addressing societal challenges. You get high output with little national		sweden-589 :Transnational cooperation between researcher seems to result in new and innovative projects. Transational calls enhance the possibilities for research to cooperate

investment and leverage on national funds. thenetherlands-803 :Crossborder collaboration enhaces the quality of the research/	
COFUND possibilities are helpful in getting national commitment to calls	
unitedkingdom-661:1) Interdisciplinary working – boundaries and interactions between	
subject disciplines are different, so brings different perspectives to working solely within	
national context.2) AHRC strategy refers to 'Global Heritage' - international working in	
global context benefits from existing transnational partnerships3) Issues of migration of	
people, migration of heritage etc. benefit from cultural diversification of thematic framin	ıg
that crosses boundaries, e.g: 'Digital Heritage'	

Comparison	of the weights.	over all programmes and	l per country.	in section D.
Comparison	or the weightest	over an programmes and	a per country	m section D.

Country ↓ \ Question:	Excell	Scient	Comple	Multid	Projec	Resour	Societ	Intern	Dissem	Releva	
cyprus-235:	NA	100%									
czechrepublic-398:	13%	11%	11%	11%	11%	11%	8%	3%	11%	13%	100%
france-207:	NA	100%									
france-475:	45%	5%	0%	0%	5%	0%	14%	98	0%	23%	100%
italy-856:	29%	4%	0%	10%	3%	0%	38%	7%	0%	9%	100%
lithuania-656:	12%	12%	12%	9%	9%	9%	14%	4 %	9%	9%	100%
norway-930:	17%	11%	8%	7%	10%	8%	9%	9%	8%	12%	100%
poland-459:	19%	19%	0%	0%	88	8%	0%	0%	8%	38%	100%
poland-extra:	NA	100%									
portugal-185:	53%	47%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%
romania-233:	16%	16%	7%	11%	11%	5%	7%	4 %	5%	16%	100%
slovakia-379:	17%	15%	13%	2%	9%	7%	4%	11%	7%	15%	100%
spain-420:	NA	100%									
sweden-589:	20%	19%	4%	5%	9%	4%	10%	0%	14%	15%	100%
thenetherlands-803:	22%	7%	7%	10%	13%	7%	9%	0%	8%	17%	100%
unitedkingdom-661:	12%	9%	8%	6%	12%	12%	11%	5%	10%	14%	100%





ANNEX II

Tables

Table 1: inventory of strategies

country	Research strategy in the field of TCH	Is there a national/federal/regional strategy on research which also applies to CH? Comment.
Belgium	In Belgium, research and cultural heritage policies are competences of the Communities (Flemish and	*
	French Speaking communities). The federal level however, remains competent for science only for	
	research programmes that are in support of the federal competences. On the other hand, the federal	
	Science Policy Office – an administration of the federal ministry of Science policy – is an administration	
	composed of 10 directorate generals which are museums or research centers (Museums of fine arts,	
	Royal institute for aeronomics Royal Institute for Cultural Heritage. Those institutions remain federal for historic or other reasons.	
	At the federal level, a large plan to digitalize the collections of the 10 directorates has been recently	
	launched. It will run for a period of 20 years and will take the shape of a PPP (Public Private Partnership).	
	On the other hand, some research programmes contain funding of projects in the field of TCH – namely	
	the so-called Interuniversity attraction poles.	
	On the Flemish side, cultural heritage is governed by the Flemish Decree on Cultural Heritage. The	
	implementing body is FARO. In the French speaking Community, Cultural Heritiage protection and	
	preservation is embedded in the Code d'aménagement du territoire et du patrimoine, which is	
	implemented by the Ministry of Planning and Cultural heritage.	
Bulgaria	A formalized strategy on research in tangible cultural heritage is under construction where parties to be	**
	involved in the consultation processes are identified (NGO's and the general	
	public/government/academics/funding agencies)	
Cyprus	***	Yes
		There is the Smart Specialization Strategy for Cyprus.
Czech Republic	***	Yes
		Rather than strategy the national priorities are declared
France	Policy of research is strategically defined by the Ministry in charge of research (MESR) and reviewed	Yes.
	annually. These broad positions are translated into a national research strategy (stratégie nationale de	475: National strategy, called SNR (Stratégie Nartionale de la Recheche) defined by the
	recherche et d'innovation (2009). This then translate into implementation by the "scientific orientation	ministriy for education and scientific research (http://www.enseignementsup-
	priorities" public service, research programmes and allocation of resources to operators and research	recherche.gouv.fr/pid24538/strategie-nationale-de-recherche-s.n.r.html)as a broad tapestr
	units. The actors are funding agencies and some ministries.	Stategic plan for the ANR, defined every year, includes several axis devoting/including CH
	In terms of TCH, the strategic level comprises priorities with are implemented by the administrations of	(défi 8, axe 5 - axe 7). Note that both SNR and ANR plan are connected to the H2020
	the Ministry of Culture and Communication for research activities it is responsible for. The action of the	programme
	MCC must also conform with the Heritage code (this code bundles all legislation pertaining to heritage in	
	the broad sense). MCC's specialised body - the Mission for Research and Technology (MRT) is specifically	
	in charge of the research programmes on TCH. MCC also developed own laboratories (C2RFM).	
Germany	There doesn't exist a real strategy in Germany. Asking the Federal Government which outstanding and	**

	urgent problems and needs there are for research and development in the field of the preservation of	
	cultural heritage, the Federal Ministry for Education and Research (BMBF) answered correspondingly:	
	- Urgent questions came up in the middle of the 1980sand resulted in a funding of 300 million DM from	
	1985-1998.	
	- Today the Federal Ministry of Education and Research sees a need for research in the depots of	
	museums. Therefore a funding topic in the field of "Research in and with Museums" was designed in the	
	year 2007.	
	- 2008 twelve projects were chosen and recommended for funding. All the projects were a joint research	
	project between museums and universities	
Greece	The National Archaeological Law 3028/2002 gives the framework for preserving and searching for	**
	cultural heritage artefacts. The Hellenic Ministry of Culture enforces the applied strategy concerning	
	research for the protection of tangible cultural heritage in Greece at a national level. At a regional level,	
	the responsible institutions are the Regional Services of the Ministry (Ephorates of Prehistoric and	
	Classical Antiquities, Ephorates of Byzantine Antiquities, Ephorates of Contemporary and Modem	
	Monuments, Services of Modern Monuments and Technical Works). The Ministry of Development has a	
	specific department, the General Secretariat of Technology and Research, which is responsible for every	
	kind of research, including research concerning Culture. The Ministry of Education, Life Long Learning	
	and Religious Affairs is also involved in research that is conducted in Universities. Moreover, the General	
	Secretariat for Research and Technology of the Ministry of Development has some strategic priorities	
	concerning research in general (which also apply for research for cultural heritage), some of which are	
	summarized in the following: increasing the demand for new knowledge and research results in Greece,	
	reorganization of the research system and provision of knowledge in Greece, "freeing up" the greek	
	research system and opening it further to the international field, development and technological	
	infrastructure in the context of a policy for science and technology, thematic/sector priorities for a policy	
	on science and technology and qualification goals.	

Iceland		
iceiand	There is no specific national/federal/regional strategy on research applied to the protection of tangible cultural heritage in Iceland. However the Ministry of Education, Science and Culture's Department of Cultural Affairs has overall responsibility for the management of the cultural heritage in Iceland. It handles administration and policy formulation in cultural affairs under the Ministry's jurisdiction, including cultural heritage. Its area of responsibility includes relations with public cultural institutions and museums and NGOs, enterprises and individuals. The Department also supervises public support for arts and culture, including the administration of artistic and cultural funds.	**
Italy	The regulatory framework for the strategy in Italy is law. We have a National Research Programme 2005- 2007 (PNR) which was instituted by law DI 204/1998 art1 comma 2. The new PNR is actually under preparation. The contents of PNR 2005-2007 are to define the general objectives and the procedures for the implementation of the programmes with the co-financial support of the public administrations, including universities and research organisations. PNR 2005-2007 identifies 4 strategic sectors amongst which one is "basic, applied and industrial research to cultural heritage, including tangible cultural assets". The Ministry of Innovation and Industrial development (MISE) has launched on 2007 the Programme "Industria 2015" for enhance competitiveness. Among the 5 Projects for Industrial Innovation (PII) one is on "Innovative technologies for cultural heritage". Each three years the National Research Programme (PNR) is up dated. A mechanism for evaluation of PNR 2005 – 2007 has not been yet performed.	At national level PNR – Piano Nazionale della Ricerca (NRP - National Research Programme) and PON – Piano Operativo Nazionale (NOP - National Operative Programme). PNR to download: http://www.istruzione.it/allegati/2016/PNR_2015-2020.pdfSeveral PONs concerning different files of national priorities. In this case, only "PON on Culture and Development" and "PON on Research and Innovation" have been considered. At regional level the POR-FESR - Piano Operativo Regionale- Fondo Europeo di Sviluppo Regionale (ROP- ERDF - Regional Operative Programme-European Regional Development Funds) of all Italian administrative Regions have been taken into account.
Latvia	Latvia has a national strategy concerning the restoration and preservation of its cultural heritage. It is enforced by the Public administration of cultural heritage preservation in Latvia is regulated by the Cabinet of Ministers and implemented by the State Inspection for Heritage Protection (Inspection), which is responsible for identification, examination and registration of cultural monuments. State Inspection for Heritage Protection works under supervision of the Ministry of Culture. Inspection works according to Cultural Monuments Protection Law of 12 February 1992, Convention Concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage and 37 other different laws and regulations concerning cultural heritage, by-laws of the State Inspection for Heritage Protection and Strategy, approved by Ministry of Culture in March 11, 2008 In terms of research, the strategy is defined in the Decree of the Cabinet of Ministers of Latvia Nr.412 "About the Priorities of Financing of Sciences, 2006–2009". However, the strategy does not include tangible cultural heritage.	**
Lithuania	***	Yes The fundamental strategic document setting guidelines for innovation policy in Lithuania is Innovation Development Programme 2014–2020. http://www.mita.lt/uploads/documents/lithuanian_innovation_programme.pdfCultural heritage is not recognized as a separate sector, but can be linked to with such objectives of the Programme as "to develop high-level knowledge, and research and development activities".State progress strategy "Lithuania's Progress Strategy "Lithuania 2030" (https://lrv.lt/uploads/main/documents/files/EN_version/Useful_information/lithuania2030.

		pdf) mentions heritage among resources of state and social development. National Research Council (NRC) manages National Research Programmes (NRPs). Since year 2010 there are 10 approved NRP in total. Among these: "The State and the Nation: Heritage and Identity (2010- 2014)". The aim of the NRP "State and Nation: Heritage and Identity" is to formulate the general theoretical concept of social and cultural identity, to examine and evaluate the development of specific identity forms in the aspects of heritage, contemporary state of identity and impacts of the modern world challenges. (http://www.lmt.lt/en/md/nrp.html).Some aspects of cultural heritage are involved in other research programs such as Lithuanistics development program, which encompasses the evolution of the state of Lithuania, including its society, culture, language, its heritage and present state as well as history of science and terminology. http://www.lmt.lt/en/rnd/lith.html. Considering the relevance of the programme, a new programme entitled "National Programme for Lithuanian Studies and Dissemination in 2016- 2024" was approved in 2015.
Malta	Research on tangible cultural heritage takes place in keeping with the legal act – the Heritage Act of 2002 - that established the present-day entities active in the field of cultural heritage. Research strategy on the other hand is embedded in the 'National Strategy for Research & Innovation 2007 – 2010: Building and Sustaining the R & I Enabling Framework'. There is no single national strategy for research on tangible cultural heritage in Malta, nor a national regulatory framework.	2024" was approved in 2015. **
Norway	***	Yes Long Term Plan for research and higher education (2015 - 2024).
Poland	In the Polish system of financing research there is no separate coherent strategy for research applied to the protection of tangible cultural heritage. Strategies concerning research are developed and implemented by the Ministry of Science and Higher Education, whereas strategies concerning the protection of cultural heritage are developed and implemented by the Ministry of Culture and National Heritage. However, research in cultural heritage is present within the framework programme that has been developed in 2004 (priority 4.1 'Cultural traditions and protection of tangible and spiritual heritage of the Polish society'). The Programme did not result in a specific call for proposals in the area of cultural heritage. The Financing Research Act was amended on 15 June 2007 and the National Framework Programme was changed into the National Programme of Scientific Research and Development. In October 2008, the new National Programme of Scientific Research and Development was announced by the Minister of Science and Higher Education. The main aim of the programme has been to support sustainable development of the country and to enhance the quality of life of the Polish society through carrying out a coherent RTD and innovation policy. The programme of Scientific Research and Innovation Policy until 2020'' and ''National Development Plan''. The National Programme of Scientific Research and Innovation Policy until 2020'' and ''National Development Plan''. The National Programme of Scientific Research and Innovation of the programme has just started, therefore first projects in the field of the cultural heritage research will be financed within the coming calls. Research in TCH is embedded in Research Area 1 'Society in conditions of secure, accelerated and sustainable social and economic development'. In terms of cultural heritage strategy,	Yes The National Research Programme. Policy guidelines and scientific- technical and innovation policy (2011)

	The Act of 23 July 2003 on the Preservation and Protection of Cultural Heritage with its further	
	amendments defines the area, scope and approaches in the cultural heritage preservation and its	
	management. It describes principles for creating the national programme of cultural heritage	
	preservation and management, as well as financing conservation, restoration or building works and the	
	organization of the authorities which are responsible for the preservation. One of the priorities is to	
	promote research within the conservation works, but there are no detailed regulations. The principle	
	strategic document on the governmental support of the national culture is 'National Strategy of Culture	
	for the years 2004-2020', approved in 2005. The document which regulates the implementation of the	
	strategy into the area of the cultural heritage protection is the National Programme of Culture	
	``Preservation of monuments and culture heritage''. Though defining strategic objectives of the state	
	policy in the cultural heritage protection in general terms, the documents do not contain any detailed	
	national strategy on research applied to the protection of tangible cultural heritage.	
Portugal	***	Yes
		FCT strategy points to the support of science, technology and innovation, in all scientific and
		technological domains; this strategy also applies to CH.
Romania	Romanian research landscape is governed by the national strategy for research, a pproved by the	Yes
	Government at the beginning of 2007 (Governmental Decision nr. 217 / 2007). There is no strategy	National Strategy for Research, Development and Innovation 2014-2020 issued by National
	focused ONLY on tangible cultural heritage. Based on this, it has been developed the second national	Authority for Scientific Research and Innovation
	plan for research, technological development and innovation (PN II) which will be implemented during	
	2007-2013. Its implementation period concise with two other important European Programs: a) 7 th	
	Framework Programme of the European Union; b) Structural funds. The Sectoral Operational Program -	
	Increase of Economic Competitive ness through research (axis 2) allows researchers to apply for R&D	
	funds, including for technologies related to TCH. Tangible cultural heritage research is embedded in	
	socio-economic research. This National Cultural Patrimony Strategy (2008-2013) has been developed by	
	Romanian Ministry of Culture, Cults and National Patrimony and is aiming to provide maximum efficiency	
	and consistency of actions carried out by Ministry of Culture, cults and National Patrimony in cultural	
	heritage, but this can only be a chieved if government investment, on one hand and significant	
	contributions of local councils, religious bodies, voluntary organizations and private sector, on the other	
	hand, will develop a beneficial symbiosis of Romanian Cultural Heritage. The relationship between the	
	two above mentioned strategies is related to research support for tangible cultural heritage and is	
	specified at page 24 (chapter 3.2.3) of this strategy as follows:" The wide variety of cultural patrimony in	
	Romania is a good as such and could become a stimulus for researchers, experts either local or	
	international. It is also proposed to promote a database and a web portal exclusively for data and	
	information related to cultural patrimony (CIMEC)." The research strategy (which includes R&D domains	
	related to TCH) is coordinated and implemented by National Authority for Scientific Research while the	
	National Cultural patrimony Strategy is coordinated and implemented by the Ministry of Culture, Cults	
	and National Patrimony.	
Slovakia	***	Yes
Sievania		Ministry of Education included CH priority to SMART research strategy
Slovenia	In Slovenia, Research activities are regulated by the Research and Development Act which lays down the	

	principles and objectives, and regulates the method for implementing the policies on research and	
	development activities. The research policy at the national level is managed by the Ministry of Higher	
	Education, Science and Technology (hereinafter: MVZT) who finances research activities through the	
	Slovenian Research Agency of the Republic of Slovenia (hereinafter: ARRS). The MVZT developed the	
	National Research and Development Programme (hereinafter: NRRP) which was on the basis of the	
	Resolution on the National Research and Development Programme for the period 2006-2010	
	(hereinafter: ReNPPR) a dopted in 2006. The priorities of the NRRP that are connected with social and	
	cultural development refer to the development of understanding humanity, national identity and	
	recognisability, to learning modern Slovenian history and to preserving the wealth of natural and cultural	
	heritage including research of the Slovenian language. Interdisciplinary connections between the	
	humanities, sociology, natural science and technology are stimulated, and research into conservation,	
	restoration and museum studies are also important within the framework of research activity in the area	
	of cultural heritage. Slovenia has therefore no special strategy for research activities on the protection of	
	tangible cultural heritage as such. Research activities in this area are included in various (strategic)	
	documents and financing programmes that stimulate research and safeguards for the protection and	
	conservation of cultural heritage. However, research activities in the area of cultural heritage is a	
	marginal theme in which no research group is methodically engaged in and it does not enjoy appropriate	
	support. Despite this, the Ministry of Culture (hereinafter: MK), who is co-developing the research policy	
	for the protection of TCH, is striving to regulate organisational research activities in this area. In the	
	framework documents of the MK, there is no specific strategy for research activities in the area of	
	tangible cultural heritage: research activities are mentioned as merely one of the research activities in	
	the area of cultural heritage and are concerned with stimulating connections between researchers and	
	establishing groups for fundamental and applied research. The Cultural Heritage Protection Act includes	
	the research and financing of transitional research. It also mentions the strategy for cultural protection	
	which should be the basis for preparing documents on development planning and for a dopting policies in	
	the area of culture, spatial planning, environmental protection, protection against natural and other	
	disasters, construction, housing and public utility economy, tourism, research and information society,	
	education, training and life-long learning.	
Spain	Spain does not have a national nor regional strategy on research applied to the protection of tangible	Yes
	cultural heritage, which at the National level, is funded by the National Plan of Research, development	There is an official document SPANISH STRATEGY ON SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND
	and Innovation. National Plans have been running since 1988, every four years; at this moment, we are	INNOVATION 2013-2020
	in the VI National Plan of R+D+i 2008-2011. As competences in R&D are shared between General	(http://icono.fecyt.es/informesypublicaciones/Documents/Spanish_Strategy_Science_Techn
	Administration and Autonomous Regions, there are also regional systems of R&D. The National Plan of	ology.pdf) establishing the general strategies and objectives of the national strategy on
	R+D+i 2008-2011 is organised in four areas: Generation of knowledge and scientific and technological	research.
	capacities, Fostering of cooperation in R&D, Technological development and innovation and Strategic	In addition to this general strategy, there is The National Plan for Research in Conservation of
	actions. The area of technological development and innovation has ten key sectors, being one of them	Cultural Heritage (PNIC). It is an strategic plan put forward as a management tool and as a
	"Construction, planning and Cultural Heritage". These areas are implemented by six Instrumental	conceptual framework in which any actions taken towards research in the conservation of
	actuation lines, which include thirteen National Programmes. Research applied to the protection of	heritage –conservation sciences- are programmed and funded by the Central Administration
	tangible CH is mainly funded within the Non-oriented Basic Research Programme. Most Regional	and also by the Autonomous
	Research Plans include Cultural Heritage among their research lines, although in most cases,	Communities.http://ipce.mcu.es/pdfs/PN_INVESTIGACION_EN.pdf

	Programmes on CH are mainly directed to research on Cultural Heritage, not on its conservation. Only	
	Anda lucía, Castilla-La Mancha, Madrid, Extremadura and Galicia have programmes that include	
	conservation science.	
Sweden	***	Yes
		The Swedish National Heritage Board's 5 year Research and development programme 2017-
		2021 for cultural heritage and the historic environment
The	***	Yes
Netherlands		National Research Agenda http://www.wetenschapsagenda.nl/?lang=en2.NWO-strategic
		plan 2015-2018 http://www.nwo.nl/en/about-nwo/media/publications/nwo/strategy-
		memorandum-2015-2018. html 3. Creative Industries Knowledge and Innovation Age nda
		http://www.clicknl.nl/culturalheritage/innovatieagenda/
UK	Within the UK, no one national strategy currently exists within the Heritage sector. Instead, due in part	Yes, The AHRC Delivery Plan 2016-2020 (http://www.ahrc.ac.uk/documents/strategy/ahrc-
	to the devolved nature of government, both Non Departmental Public Bodies and Government Bodies	delivery-plan-2016-20/) builds on 'The Human World: The Arts and Humanities in our Times'
	co-exist to ensure both strategies on research and practical strategies on the protection of cultural	AHRC Strategy 2013-18 (http://www.ahrc.ac.uk/documents/publications/the-human-world-
	heritage are in operation. At present, a national strategy on research applied to the protection of	the-arts-and-humanities-in-our-times-ahrc-strategy-2013-2018/) which set out AHRC
	tangible cultural heritage is being established following recommendations to come out of an extensive	commitment to Heritage as a strategic priority area. The Specific Heritage Research Strategy
	House of Lords report. In 2006, the House of Lords Science and Technology Committee held an inquiry	has been updated for 2016: (http://www.ahrc.ac.uk/documents/strategy/heritage-strategy-
	into Science and Heritage. Their report concluded that, at the time of writing, the UK heritage science	2016/).Within England only there is also the Heritage 2020 Framework. Rather than being a
	sector was fragmented with conservation and sustainability of cultural heritage not given enough	specific research strategy it is more broadly speaking an 'impact strategy', setting out how
	importance in Government policy.	heritage organisations across England can work together in the coming years to add value to
	One of their main recommendations was for the heritage sector to come together to develop a broad-	the work of individual bodies The new initiative, which follows on from the National
	based national strategy for heritage science. They called for development of a 'bottom up' strategy with	Heritage Protection Plan from 1 April 2015, is being led on behalf of the Historic Environment
	input from heritage science users, ensuring institutions come together to play a part in the development	Forum by Dr Mike Heyworth, Director of the Council for British Archaeology.
	of a strategy. Following on from these findings, the National Heritage Science Strategic steering group	(http://www.theheritagealliance.org.uk/historic-environment-forum/heritage2020)Other
	was formed in 2008 and alongside the Chief Scientific Advisor of the Department for Culture, Media and	funders will have their own strategies as appropriate for their own specific remits as funders
	Sport, appointed as chair, they will oversee the development of this strategy. Whilst a strategy is under	within devolved national contexts within the UK:British Council
	development, policy and agenda applying both to research and to the protection of cultural heritage	(https://www.britishcouncil.org/)British Academy (http://www.britac.ac.uk/)Historic Englan
	remains with existing departmental agencies of the national governments and the remit of the Research	(https://historicengland.org.uk/images-books/publications/he-corp-plan-2016-19/)Historic
	Councils under governmental guidance.	Environment Scotland (https://www.historicenvironment.scot/and
		http://archaeologystrategy.scot/)

*: due to restructuration plans within the Belgian Science Policy, no statements related to a research strategy on a federal level can be formulated

**: countries not participating in JHEP2/JPI CH

***: countries not participating in Net-Heritage

Table 2 : inventory of key funding schemes. Cells related to alignment are marked in grey.

Country	Programme name D - Dedicated program P – Part of larger progr		Programme owner	Focus of the programme	Aligned to or influenced by	Time Frame	Annual budget programme (million euros)	Annual budget for CH in the programme (million euros)
Cyprus	Excellence Hubs	D	Research promotion Foundation (RPF)	promote scientific excellence		Each 2 years	8,5/ca11	Unknown
	European Initiatives - Na ti onal De vel opment	D	RPF	the national Research Technological Development and Innovation (RTDI) System	H2020 JPICH	One call/year per JPI/ ERANET	1,6/year	0,4
Czech Republic	ΝΑΚΙ ΙΙ	D	Czech Ministry of Culture	Research of national and cultural identity		2016-2022	14	14
	Czech Grant Agency - fundamental research	Р	Czech Grant Agency	No special focus		Continuou s	110-120	1,5
France	Generic call	Ρ	Agence Nationale de la recherché (ANR)	No special focus	H2020 National demands	Yearly	-	-
Italy	Research Projects of National Interest (PRIN)	D	MIUR	the reinforcement of the national scientific research institutions	H2020 Nationalp rogrames		No annual buget	No fixed budget
	National Operative Programme on Culture and Development (PON)	D	Mibact	protection, promotion, development of Cultural Heritage	ЈЫСН	2014-2023	70/yearon average	12
	National Operative Programme on Research and Innovation	D	MIUR	technologies for Cultural Heritage	H2020 Nationalp rogrames	2014-2023	51/year on average	No fixed budget
	Regional Operative Programme (POR) EMILIA-ROMAGNA	D	Emilia- Romagna Region	cohesion policy, economic growth and territory	Regional program mes	2014-2023	69/yearon average	No fixed budget
	POR MARCHE	D	Marche Region	attractiveness		2014-2023	48/yearon average	No fixed budget
	POR CAMPANIA	D	Campagnia Region			2014-2023	588/year on average	No fixed budget
	POR LAZIO	D	Lazio Region]		2014-2023	130/year on average	No fixed budget
	POR CALABRIA	D	Calabria Region			2014-2023	340/year on average	No fixed budget
Lithuania	Programme for Lithuanian Studies and Dissemination	Ρ	RC of Lithuania	provide a scientific basisfor Lith.civil and cultural self- awareness and the Lith.heritage preservation	National program mes	2016-2024	1,9/year on average	-
Norway	Environmental Research for a Green Transition	Ρ	RC Norwa y	generate knowledge enabling decisions	ЈЫСН	-	9,5	0,9

				to promote a green transition				
	Cultural conditions underlying social change	Ρ	RC Norway	generate knowledge a bout the cultural dimension of challenges facing society today	JPI Urban Eur	2011-2020	4,4	-
	Independent projects	D	RC Norway	an open, national competitive a rena that covers a ll fields of research	H2020	-	210	1,8
	Large-scale Programme on Climate Research	D	RC Norway	promote the acquisition and use of knowledge related to climate change		-	16	0,25
Poland	National Programme for the Development of Humanities	D	Ministry of Science and Higher Education	Support for 'humanities infrastructure'	No	-	20	10
Portugal	R&D Projects	Р	FCT	cutting-edge research projects	H2020	variable	Variable	-
Romania	Frontier and basic research	Ρ	National Authorityfor Scientific Researchand Innovation	Fundamental Research	H2020	2016-2020	40	-
Slovakia	Slovak Research and Development Agency	Ρ	The Ministry of Education, Science, Research and Sport	research and development		2016-2020	25	0,5
Spain	Proyectos I+D. Subprograma Estatal de Generación de Conocimiento	Ρ	MINECO	No prior the matic prioritization	H2020	2013-2016	125 (2016)	-
	Proyectos I+D+i 'Retos Colaboración'	Ρ	MINECO	to foster de development of new technologies, the industrial application of knowledge and new ideas and techniques	H2020	2013-2016	586 (2016)	-
	Proyectos de I+D. 'Retos Investigación'	Р	MINECO	solutions for societal challenges	H2020	2013-2016	244 (2016)	-
	Acciones de Programacion Conjunta Internacional	Ρ	MINECO	Funding of Spanish groups participating in projects positively evaluated in trans national calls (JPI, ERA-NET, JTI, etc.)	H2020 JPICH	2013-2016	15 (2016)	0,3
Sweden	Swedish National Heritage Board	D	Swedish National Heritage Board	To support the implementation of the Government goals for cultural policy and the historic Environment	H2020 JPICH	2017-2021	1,6	1,6
	Research Project	D	Swedish RC	Blue skies research		2016	1,6	1,6

	Grant – Culture and Cultural Heritage Research			on culture and cultural research				
	National Programme for Ecclesiastical Heritage	D	The Church of Sweden	Research and development to secure ecclesiastical heritage values		-	1,6	1,6
	Research at Central Museums	D	Swedish Arts Council	Research at Swedish National Museums		2016	0,4	0,4
The Netherlands	NICAS	D	NWO, RCE, Rijksmuseum, University Amsterdam, University Delft	interdisciplinary researchuniting arthistory, conservationand science	JPICH	2015-2019	1,5	1,5
	MuseumGrants	D	NWO	facilitating talent development and scientific research in the museum sector	National program mes	2015-2020	0,4	0,4
	Smart Culture - Arts and Culture	D	NWO	research into the arts, culture, heritage and media in relation to the creative industry.	National program mes	2016-2020	0,6/year on average	0,6/year on average
	Vision on Heritage and Spatial Planning	D	Ministry of Education, Culture and Science	development- oriented and area- based heritage management	Н2020 ЈРІСН	2012-2019	6	-
	Oogst voor Malta (Valetta Harvest)	Ρ	Ministry of Education, Culture and Science	harvesting new knowledge a bout the past by synthesizing the information from reports of archaeological excavations	National program mes	2012-2017	0,25	0,25
	Monuments and Research	D	TNO -TU Delft - RCE	Research on and documentation of na tural stone, structural damage and modern building materials	JPICH	2015-2018	0,2	0,2
	Culture Statistics	Ρ	Statistics Netherlands	Statistics of the performance of museums	Eur Group on Mus statistics Eurostat	Yearly	0,28	0,09
	population research on participation in culture and sport	Р	Institute of Social Research	-	-	Each 2 year	0,35	-
	Tribunalen als Digitale Onderzoeksfaciliteit	D	NOW, Huygens ING, NA	interdisciplinairy researchuniting archivesand science	ЈРІСН	2017-2019	0,125/year on average	-
United Kingdom	AHRC Research Grants	D	AHRC	arts and humanities	SRA of JPICH	Open/rolli ng	30,8	-
	AHRC Leadership Fellowships	D	AHRC	support for high quality, world leading research	SRA of JPICH	Open/rolli ng	9,48	-

				and associated outputs				
	AHRC Research Networking	D	AHRC	to support forums for the discussion and exchange of ideason a specified thematic area, issue or problem	SRA of JPICH	Open/rolli ng	1,42	-
	AHRC Follow-on Funding for Impact and Engagement	D	AHRC	To encourage and facilitate a range of interactions and creative engagements between arts and humanities research and a variety of user communities	SRA of JPICH	Open/rolli ng	1,78	-
	BA/Leverhulme Small Research Grants	D	British Academy	Humanities or Social Sciences		-	3,2	-
	HERITAGE PROTECTION COMMISSIONS	D	Historic England	The Historic Environment in England and issues affecting its preservation and management	A wider strategic context	Ongoing	5,34	4,15
	Archaeology Programme (HES Grants scheme)	D	Historic Environment Scotland	Archaeological researchand intervention	-	Ongoing	1,66	1,2

RC: Research Council

untry	Programme name	Eligible institutions*	Funded research category **	Internationa I cooperation (requested/r equired/no)	Funding of int. partners	Project duration (month)	Budget/pr oject (kEuros)
prus	Excellence Hubs	RI, UN, SME	FS, AS, IS	No	yes	36	150
	European Initiatives - National Development	(all)	FS, AS, IS	No	no	36	175
ech public	NAKI II	RI, UN, other RO	MainlyAS	Required	yes	54	170
	Czech Grant Agency - fundamental research	RI, UN	FS	Requested	yes	-	-
ance	Generic call	RI, UN, SME, NGO	FS, AS, IS	No	Yes	36	180-400
ly	Research Projects of National Interest (PRIN)	UN, Public RB,	FS	No	No	36	1.000
	National Operative Programme on Culture and Development (PON)	RI, UN, SME, PB	-	requested	No	36	-
	National Operative Programme on Research and Innovation	RI, UN, SME	FS, AS, IS	requested	No	36	-
	Regional Operative Programme (POR) EMILIA-ROMAGNA	RI, UN, SME	FS, AS, IS	requested	no	24	-
	POR MARCHE	RI, UN, SME		Requested	No	24	-
	POR CAMPANIA	RI, UN, SME		Requested	No	24	-
	POR LAZIO	RI, UN, SME		No	No	24	-
	POR CALABRIA	RI, UN, SME		no	No	24	-
huania	Programme for Lithuanian Studies and Dissemination	RI, UN, Public RB	FS	No	No	Ma x 36	84
orway	Environmental Research for a Green Transition	RI, UN	MainlyAS	requested	Yes	36-48	500-1.000
	Cultural conditions underlying social change	RI, UN, NGO	FS	requested	Yes	36-48	1.000
	Independent projects	RI, UN	FS	required	Yes	48	1.000
	Large-scale Programme on Climate Research	RI, UN, SME, stakeholders, NGO	FS, AS	required	Yes	36-48	1.200
land	National Programme for the Development of Humanities	RI, UN, SME	FS, AS IS	No	Yes	36-60	Min 120
rtugal	R&D Projects	RI, UN, SME	FS, AS	No	No	36	variable
mania	Frontier and basic research	RI, UN, SME	-	No	No	24	210
o va kia	Slovak Research and Development Agency	RI, UN	AS	required	No	36	80
ain	Proyectos I+D. Subprograma Estatal de Generación de Conocimiento	RI, UN	FS, AS	no	No	36	57
F	Proyectos I+D+i 'Retos Colaboración'	RI, UN, SME	IS	no	No	36	171
	Development Agency Proyectos I+D. Subprograma Estatal de Generación de Conocimiento Proyectos I+D+i 'Retos	RI, UN	FS, AS	no	No	36	

FS, AS

no

No

36

Table 3: commissioning of projects

Proyectos de I+D. 'Retos RI, UN

56

	Investigación'						
-	Acciones de Programacion Conjunta Internacional	RI, UN	FS, AS, IS	required	No	36	58
Sweden	Swedish National Heritage Board	RI, UN, PB	AS	no	No	24	68
	Research Project Grant – Culture and Cultural Heritage Research	RI, UN, authorities	FS	required	Yes	36	-
-	National Programme for Ecclesiastical Heritage	RI, UN, CH managers	AS	no	No	18	-
-	Research at Central Museums	State Museums	AS	no	No	24	70
The	NICAS	RI, UN, PB	FS, AS IS	no	No	48	300
Netherlands	MuseumGrants	Museums	FS, AS	no	No	12-48	50
-	Smart Culture - Arts and Culture	RI, UN (applied science)	FS, AS, IS	no	No	24-60	75-372
	Vision on Heritage and Spatial Planning	RI, UN, SME, heritage institutes	AS , IS	no	Yes	24	50
-	Oogst voor Malta (Valetta Harvest)	RI, UN, commercial RO (SME)	AS	no	Yes	24	125
	Monuments and Research	RI, UN	FS, AS	no	No	12	-
	Culture Statistics	-	statistics	requested	no		-
	population research on participation in culture and sport	-	AS	no	no	12	-
	Tri bunalen als Digitale Onde rzoeksfaciliteit	RI, Archives	FS, AS, IS	no	No	30	500
United Kingdom	AHRC Research Grants	UN, Independent RO	FS, AS, IS	No	Yes	36	587
	AHRC Lea dership Fellowships	UN, Independent RO	FS, AS, IS	No	No	24	200
	AHRCResearch Networking	UN, Independent RO	FS, AS	No	Yes	Ma x 24	35-53
	AHRC Follow-on Funding for Impact and Engagement	UN <i>,</i> (independent) RO	FS, AS, IS	No	Yes	9	69
	BA/Leverhulme Small Research Grants	RI, UN, PB, scholars	FS, AS, IS	no	Yes	12-24	9,5
	HERITAGE PROTECTION COMMISSIONS	RI, UN, SME, PB	AS	no	Yes	12-36	53
	Archaeology Programme (HES Grants scheme)	RI, UN, SME, PB	AS, IS		Yes	>60	Max 120

*: RI=Research Institutes; RO= Research Organisations; PB (Public (research) bodies (museums, archives, libraries); UN=universities

**: FS= Fundamental Science; AS=Applied Science; IS= Innovative Science

Table 4: evaluation of projects (evaluation criteria: see table 5). Cells highlighting alignment are marked in grey.

Country	Programme name		ante	During their course			
		Who is evaluating applications*	Where are evaluators from?**	Requirement for a progress report?	Progress report evaluators (Internal or External)?		
Cyprus	Excellence Hubs European Initiatives - National Development	Int. ev. According to JPI/eranet/Art 185	UN, RI, Gov., NGO, SME and other relevant organisations	Yes, mid-termand final	E		
Czech Republic	ΝΑΚΙ ΙΙ	Panel mix. of I. and Ext. nat. and int. ev.	UN, RI, Gov., NGO, SME	Yes, annual and final	E		
	Czech Grant Agency - fundamental research	mix. of Ext. nat. and int. ev. and panel	UN, RI, Gov., NGO, individual researchers	Yes, annual, mid-term and final			
France	Generic call	Mix. of nat. and int. ev. and int. panel	UN, RI	Yes, mid-termand final	Ι		
Italy	Research Projects of National Interest (PRIN)	mix. of Ext. nat. and int. ev. and panel	UN, RI, Gov.	Yes, final	Ι		
	National Operative Programme on Culture and Development (PON)	Mixture of Ext. Gov. panel		Yes, a 6M report	E		
	National Operative Programme on Research and Innovation	Ext. nat. ev. and panel		Yes, a 6M report	I		
	Regional Operative Programme (POR) EMILIA-ROMAGNA	Ext. nat. ev. and panel	Regional agencies	Yes, final	I		
	POR MARCHE				Ι		
	POR CAMPANIA				I		
	POR LAZIO				1		
	POR CALABRIA				1		
Lithuania	Programme for Lithuanian Studies and Dissemination	Ext. nat. panel	Un., RI	Yes, mid-term	I		
Norway	Environmental Research for a Green Transition	Ext. nat. and int. ev. and panel	Un., RI, Gov., NGO, SME	Yes, annual and final	1		
	Cultural conditions underlying social change	Int. panel	Un., RI		Ι		
	Independent projects	Int. panel					
	Large-scale Programme on Climate Research	Int. ev. and panel			Ι		
Poland	National Programme for the Development of Humanities	Panel of I. and Ext. nat. ev.	Un., RI	Yes, ann ual	Ι		
Portugal	R&D Projects	Int. panel	Un., RI	Yes, annual	l		
Romania	Frontier and basic research	Panel of nat. and int.ev.	Un., RI, NGO, SME	Yes, mid-term and final	I		
Slovakia	Slovak Research and Development Agency	mix. of I. ev. and Ext. nat. ev.	Un., RI	Yes, annual	Ι		
Spain	Proyectos I+D. Subprograma Estatal de Generación de Conocimiento	Ext. nat. ev. and panel	Un., RI	Yes, mid-term and final	I		
	Proyectos I+D+i 'Retos Colaboración'	Ext. nat. ev. and panel	Un., RI,	Yes, annual and final	Ι		
	Proyectos de I+D. 'Retos Investigación'	Panel of Ext. nat. ev.	Un., RI	Yes, mid-term and final	I		

	Acciones de Progra ma cion Conjunta Internacional	Ext. nat. and int. ev. and panel	Un., RI	Yes, mid-termand final	I
Sweden	Swedish National Heritage Board	mix. of I. and Ext. nat. ev.	Un, RI, Nat. Heritage Board, museums, authorities	Yes, ann ual and final	I
	Research Project Grant – Culture and Cultural Heritage Research	Panel of Ext. nat. and int. ev.	Un. RI	Yes, final	I
	National Programme for Ecclesiastical Heritage	Under development	Un., RI, a uthorities	Yes, mid-termand final	I
	Research at Central Museums			Yes, annual and final	1
The	NICAS	Int. ev. and panel	Un., RI, museums	Yes, mid-term	1
Netherlands	Museum Grants	Nat. panel	Un., RI	Yes, mid-term	1
-	Smart Culture - Arts and Culture	Nat. paneland int. ev.	Un., RI	Yes, mid-term	I
-	Vision on Heritage and Spatial Planning	Mix of Ext. nat. and int. ev. and panel	Gov.	Yes, generally mid- term and final	I
-	Oogst voor Malta (Valetta Harvest)	Ext. panel	Gov.	Yes, 4 times during project	I
-	Monuments and Research			Yes, annual	I
	Culture Statistics	-	-	Yes, annual	E
	population research on participation in culture and sport	Ext. ev. and panel	-	Yes, annual publication	E
	Tribunalen als Digitale Onderzoeksfaciliteit	Ext. nat. ev.	RI, Archives	Yes, mid-term	I
United Kingdom	AHRC Research Grants	mix. of I. and Ext. nat. and int. ev. and panel	Un., research organisations	Yes, final	I
	AHRC Leadership Fellowships	idem		Yes, final	I
	AHRC Research Networking	idem		Yes, final	I
	AHRC Follow-on Funding for Impact and Engagement	idem		Yes, final	I
	BA/Leverhulme Small Research Grants	Int. ev.	Fellows of British Academy	Yes, final	I
	HERITAGE PROTECTION COMMISSIONS	Int. and Ext. ev. and panel	Mainly Un.	Highlight reports in a dvance of each payment	I
	Archaeology Programme (HES Grants scheme)	-	-	Yes, mid-term	I

*: I.= internal, within the responsible institution; Ext.= external (outside the responsible institution); mix.= mixture; ev.= evaluators; nat.= national; int.= international

**: Un.= universities; RI=research institutions; GoV.=government

Country	Weight of the evaluation criteria (%)									Total (%)	
	Scientific excellence	Scientific expertise research group	Complement arity research group	Multidisciplin ary approach project	Project management	Resource management	Societal value/expect ed impact	Int Cooperation	Dissemminati on & comm plan	Relevance to the call	
Cyprus	50					80	20				100
Czech Republic	13	11	11	11	11	11	8	3	11	13	100
France	45	5			5		14	9		23	100
Italy	29	4		10	3		38	7		9	100
Lithuania	12	12	12	9	9	9	14	4	9	9	100
Norway	17	11	8	7	10	8	9	9	8	12	100
Poland	19	19			8	8			8	38	100
Portugal	53	47									100
Romania	16	16	7	11	11	5	7	4	5	16	100
Slovakia	17	15	13	2	9	7	4	11	7	15	100
Spain	45	25				2	22	5			100
Sweden	20	19	4	5	9	4	10	0	14	15	100
The Netherlands	22	7	7	10	13	7	9		8	17	100
United Kingdom	12	9	8	6	12	12	11	5	10	14	100

Table 5: comparison of the evaluation criteria (average per country, expressed in weight %)